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Jacksonville Republican | October 1867

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OCTOBER

Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 31.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. OCT. 5, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1592.

Jacksonville Republican.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

The Democratic Party

The Democratic party, has been the great predominating party, which has been the United States, during the greater part of its existence. It is the party of restriction—the party of the constitution. The constitution is nothing but a series of restrictions or limitations on power. If it had been designed to be a grant of "all power" by the people of the States, to a central government, a single sentence would have been sufficient to accomplish this object. It would have ordained that "all power belonging to the States is hereby vested in the Government." "constitution" instead of such a grant of all power, there is a careful enumeration of every power granted. The Democratic party, respected this enumeration. The Federal Consolidation party disregarded it. This party virtually widened out limitations in the constitution, by affirming that the preamble to the constitution was "to promote the general welfare"—was in fact a grant of all power to accomplish this object. The profligacy of this construction, showed simply the utter recklessness and faithlessness, with which this party was governed. It was the enemy of the constitution; and from the foundation of the Government of the United States, every dissatisfaction and contest which has arisen in its internal operations, has been occasioned by the usurpation and exercise of doubtful powers under the constitution. These usurpations, after being battled with and overthrown on the Alien and Sedition laws,—and banks of the United States—and prohibitory tariffs,—at length reached the institution of slavery in the Southern States. With this lever for agitation and usurpation, after some twenty-five years of conflict, it drove the Southern States into secession. It ensued, and afforded the opportunity, promptly seized upon, to build up the central despotism, which was its enemy from the foundation of the government. It has now ten States under military rule; and aims to use them, to reduce all the States of the United States, to a despotism at Washington more odious than that of Turkey or Russia.

The Democratic party, is rising again out of the ruins of the constitution, the Democrats are once more striving to gather together its broken fragments, and rebuild the grand liberties it establishes. They must be aware, that the success of their old enemies—the enemies of the constitution—is largely attributable to their faithlessness also. If they had never abandoned their principles, they could never have been overthrown; and the conflicts, which ensued, would never have occurred. Had they only been true to the constitution, as expounded by the Supreme Court of the United States, and declared in their repeated annunciation of principles, there never would have been either secession or war; and the Government of the United States, would this day have been in their hands. Never in the history of parties in free governments, has there been, a more signal chastisement for political delinquency, than this party has encountered. Democrats cannot now fail to see their errors—errors not of choice, we believe, but of expediences, covering before the unscrupulous and furious sectionalism of their adversaries. But now, the terrible consequences which have ensued, we trust, have proved the value of the great principles of their party, and the natural excess and ruin which must follow their abandonment, in the Government of the United States. It is no longer a matter of speculation, but it is an experienced fact, that the centralizing policy of the consolidationists, is perpetual contest, war and blood.

The only hope for liberty or peace, is in the great principles of the Democratic party, leaving all local or sectional interests under the exclusive government of the States, and exercising only general powers, for the promotion of the general interests of the United States. This is the great lesson of the late war. If disregarded, the fate of the people of the United States is already accomplished by the ascendancy of the despotism at Washington. The Government of the United States is a settled despotism; and the people of the United States, its political slaves; and, inasmuch as men acting in numbers, are always most unscrupulous, because most irresponsible, the forms of free government in the United States, will only render the Government of the United States, all more detestable and oppressive of all despotisms.—*Charleston Mercury*.

Pope.—Pope is doing all sorts of things in his dominions—few, that are sensible, and those only by mistake: the

most of them being as senseless as his silly military campaigns. How such a man ever got into the army—how and why, he is kept in—are puzzles unaccountable on any reasonable hypothesis. Sheridan and Sickles have brains; Pope is Pope.—[N. Y. Express]

A Happy Family.—The New York Herald draws the following picture of the present domestic relations of that happy family, the Republican party: The Republican politicians have disgusted the people by their degrading squabbles and quarrels, which threaten to involve the country in all manner of difficulties; and the recent elections are only the forerunners of a reaction against the leaders of the dominant party which will spread through nearly every State in the Union. The whole turmoil and confusion under which we are suffering come from the Republican politicians.—The Republican Congress is fighting the Republican President; the Republican Republican Wilson; the Republican Butler assails the Republican Old Bair; the Republican Wendell Phillips attacks the Republican Fessenden; the Republican General Sheridan as soon as he can do so with safety; the Republican Hannibal Hamlin the Republican Botts in Virginia. In our own State the Republican Weed is in perpetual hot water with the Republican Morgan. One set of Republican revenue officers denounces another set of Republican revenue officers as thieves, and vice versa. The Republican Old Thad Stevens denounces Republican Senators and Representatives generally, and the whole army of Republican Ben Wade from getting into the Presidential chair.

The editor of the Pensacola Observer is now travelling in Ohio and writes as follows:

What I could tell you about negro suffrage, would appear marvellous. It will be defeated in this State at the coming election beyond all question, and by those whom you would least expect—the abolitionists themselves.—These are the men whom I denominated *negro haters*. They will nearly to a man vote against negro suffrage. The Germans, without whom the party would be a mere cipher, vote in a body against it; the Native Americans of '63, who in Republican ranks were the rank and file abolitionists, vote against; and I may safely say that if all men in the North who are opposed to the measure would vote against it, it would receive but about one-eighth of the vote in its favor. If the negroes of the South could but understand the motives of the men who so violently advocate what is termed their rights, they would hesitate long before they went blindly into any party or measure. Although the Democratic party is not in favor of suffrage, I find many men in it who desire to see the colored man's condition bettered by judicious legislation and the elevation of the race by education; but they are spoken of by the Radicals as a balance of power which will keep them in office. I do not find that either party here understand the true condition of the South, regarding either white or black, and I think it safe to say that neither party care what becomes of us so that they can get into power, and our best policy seems to be to keep clear of both and when the time arrives organize a National party of our own which will hold the balance of power between these two.

Pay Up!

Yes, the time has arrived. Wheat is ready for market, and you can get a fair price. I expect punctuality, for "Old things are done away." So call in at once and pay.
E. L. WOODWARD.
July 20th. 1867.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY, ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.

Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal, Rev. E. J. C. HAY, Assistant. The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 29th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose.

Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require. The plan of instruction is thorough and practical. The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community. The expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for good board in private families. Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session. All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support. For further particulars address the principal, or Secretary Board of Trustees, Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

"WOOD'S" PRIZE MOWERS AND REAPERS!

Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the First Premium, GRAND GOLD MEDAL.

THE PRIZE MOWER,

While it retains all the advantages which have made it so universal a favorite, is greatly improved by the addition of

Steel Lined Guards,

New Pitman Connections,

Stronger Knives,

Spring Seat,

Adjustable Fending Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

THE SELF-RAKE REAPER!

Is justly called, the "Victor of every contest" and is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Mowing Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Rake Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

THE HAND RAKE REAPER,

Is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered.

It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which it is managed, and in changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the

WALTER A. WOOD

Mowing & Reaping Machine Co

Hosack Falls, N. Y.

GENERAL SALESROOMS,

40 Courtlandt Street, N. Y.

206 Lake Street, Chicago.

FOREIGN OFFICE,

77 Upper Thames Street, London.

Descriptive Catalogues sent on application.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

ALABAMA STREET,

Atlanta Georgia.

WHITE and WHITLOCK, Proprietors.

BRYSON and WILEY, Clerks.

WILLIAM J. SHARP'S

Improved Billiard Tables,

With his PATENT CUSHIONS,

Well known to be superior to any now in use.

Manufactured by

W. J. SHARP having had practical experience of nearly twenty years, in the manufacture of Billiard Tables, and having made a number of valuable improvements, he guarantees a Table, which for elasticity of touch, mechanical elegance of appearance, will challenge competition.

His newly invented patent Cushions having been pronounced by the most competent judges to be superior to any now in use, he is enabled to furnish the best Billiard Table manufactured in the United States, and sustain the name which Sharp's Tables so justly have acquired.

Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to. Send for descriptive circular and price list.

W. J. SHARP,

43 Mercer Street, New York.

JOHN FORSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

Will practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.

Dec. 23rd. 1865.

WANTED, AGENTS.—\$250 per month

THE YEAR ROUND, or 200 PER CENT PROFIT on Commission. We guarantee the above salary or commission to active, industrious agents at their own homes, to introduce an article of indispensable utility in every household. For full particulars call on, or address

G. W. JACKSON & CO.,

11 South Street, Baltimore, Md.

Stonewall! Stonewall!!

THE undersigned are authorized agents to receive subscriptions in Calhoun county Ala., for "The Life and Campaigns of General (Stonewall) Jackson," by (Prof. R. L. Dabney, of Virginia).

The Standard Biography of the Immortal Hero. The only edition authorized by the widow. The author, a personal friend and Chief of Staff of the Christian Soldier.

Sold only by subscription.—Apply at once.

D. F. SMITH,

J. B. MCDAIN.

Feb 16.

DURYEY'S VIOLINE,

[TRADE MARK.]

A New Writing Fluid.

Of a Beautiful Violet Color,

ALSO

VIOLINE COPYING FLUID,

To Copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Manhattan Ink and Color Co.

49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO

THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL,

90 Cents Per Gallon.

Invented by G. DURYEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that alumen gives to oil its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of alumen with any other oil would make it equally valuable.

Knowing the prejudice against a new oil, especially after the ordinary failures, we have awaited severe tests before entering the arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil with those who use it. We dare say this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours!

With zinc it gives the lustre of Damar varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of copal varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to

The Mosely Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York.

G. Whitlock, Brook- F. Long, New York.

lyn Navy Yard, Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific S. S. Co., N. Y.

J. C. Follows, N. Y.

New York, Nov. 16, 1867.

To MANHATTAN PAINT OIL CO.

I take pleasure in stating that I have used your Paint Oil on wood and iron, with different kinds of paint, and have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it makes a better coating than linseed, and that, for all purposes where exposed to weather, is much preferable.

Yours, J. T. WILBURN.

Brown Metallic Paint, 3¢ cents per lb.

Varnish for Housework, and First Coats Furniture, \$2 per gallon.

SOLD BY DEALERS IN PAINT OIL, &c.

MANUFACTURED BY

The Manhattan Paint Oil Co.,

49 Liberty St., New York.

G. C. ELLIS.

J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in criminal cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.

Jan. 6. 1866.

A. D. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr.

J. H. COOPER, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—6m.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!

LIGHT FOR THE MILLION!

A VALUABLE DISCOVERY!

The Eureka Illuminating Oil

Costs only One Cent for three hour. Cheap, Clean and Neat. No Smoke. No Offensive Smell. No Grease. No Chimney. Not Explosive. Costs only

25 Cts. Per Gallon.

No Family should be without it.

Samples for testing will be sent prepaid, on receipt of 50 cents. County and State Rights for sale on liberal terms, either for Cash, Real Estate or Personal Property. Address, Eureka Oil Manufacturing Co., 37 Park Row, New York.

Cheap but Valuable Land

480 ACRES of Land, lying on Little Waneey Creek, 12 miles west of Jacksonville, and one half mile from the Jacksonville and Gadsden Railroad, is now offered for sale by the owners, who wish to remove to Louisiana, at a little more than government price. The land lies well, is well timbered, has on it fine springs, a large portion good soil, and 40 acres believed to contain a very valuable slate quarry. It will be sold all together, or in subdivision of 40 or 20 acres. For further particulars, enquire at this office. May 18, 1867.

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 23...tf

Something New, Useful and Saleable!

Hawthurst's Soluble Blue and Bleaching Powder.

"TABLE MANNA," for Family Use, "NATIONAL WASHING FLUID," "STARCH POLISH," "MAGIC SOLDERING FLUID," "INDIAN PAIN ANTIALLATOR," "Good Samaritan's Liniment," "Silver Solution," &c. &c.

FAMILY RIGHTS FOR SALE

1000 Agents Wanted. Male and Female.

A good reliable agent wanted in every town to take entire control, for his neighborhood, of several of the best, most saleable and profitable articles of every day life ever presented to the public. Profits large—satisfaction guaranteed. The right man or woman can make from \$10 to \$20 a week easily. Enclose stamps for full description and illustrated catalogue. Samples sent free. Exclusive control of territory given. Address,

New York Manufacturing,

37 Park Row, New York.

ROME

STEAM ENGINE

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

ROME, Ga.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power

Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,

Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks,

BLAST PIPES,

COTTON PRESSES,

SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR

Rolling Mills,

Blast Furnaces,

Railroads,

Saw & Grist-mills, &c

CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.

Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery

For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;

All kinds of Machinery and BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, and MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.

JAS. NOBLES, SR., THOS. P. MITCHELL, Cash.

JOHN W. NOBLES, Master Mechanist & Draughtman

WM. NOBLE, GEORGE NOBLE,

SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.

July 21, 1866.

ATTENTION:

Notice to Debtors.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Stevenson & Pison, either by note or account, are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and make payment.

We sold you Goods at cash prices on short time, and our business impeded by your long neglect and delay. We need money and must have it; and know of no other or better way to obtain it, than from those who owe us.

STEVENSON & PINSON.

Jacksonville, July 6, 1867.

Blacksmithing

THE undersigned, respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to execute Blacksmith work of every description, in the neatest and most durable manner, and at prices as favorable as any other workmen. Their shop is near the Stage Stable, on the west side of Main street, south of the public square. One of us formerly worked with Mr. A. Adams, whom he refers for information relative to his ability to do good and faithful work.

Terms cash, or Produce at market price.

STEPHEN L. MCLEAN,

STEPHEN L. HOKE,

Jacksonville, June 29, 1867.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS returned and re-opened his office at No. 8, Office Row, Jacksonville Ala. He will practice in Calhoun, the adjoining Counties, the District Court of the United States at Huntsville and the Supreme Court of the State at Montgomery.

Any business confided to his care will be promptly and vigilantly attended to.

Feb. 9, 1867.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c. of HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.

By Henry Cleveland,

Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Feb. 16, 1867.

Wheat Wanted.

100 Bushel of Wheat wanted, for which the market price will be given in cash, delivered at Woodward's or Carroll's.

S. D. MCLELEN.

NEW DRUG STORE.

No. 3, Choice House, ROME, Ga.

"Short Profits and Quick Returns."

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For six months, " " 1 75
Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as
three, &c. A liberal discount made on
advertisements continued for three, six,
or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULFENWIDER, with
BUGGS, HOTT & WOODS, of Selma, is
our authorized Agent, to contract, receive
and receipt for subscription and advertising
for the Republican.

**BLANK LAND DEEDS AND
DEEDS OF TRUST**, neatly and cor-
rectly printed, for sale by the quire
or single copy, at this office. Also
every description of Blanks for Jus-
tices of the Peace.

About this time last year, in con-
sequence of the scarcity of money, we
proposed to our patrons that we would
take various articles of produce at the
market price for subscriptions due and
in advance. But it turned out that the
crops failed and produce was about as
scarce as money; consequently we have
not collected during the last year ten
per cent. of the subscription due; but
we have waited patiently until the pres-
ent time. Now we renew the same propo-
sition to take wheat, flour, corn, tallow,
beeswax, &c., and as crops are abun-
dant, we know that those who desire to
pay can pay, and if they do not, we can
come to no other conclusion than that
they never intend to do so; and will be
compelled to discontinue their papers
and collect the amount due the best
way we can. We know this proposition
is not unreasonable, and hope it will not
be unheeded in a single instance, with-
out some satisfactory reason given.

The Election.

The face of the "so-called" election,
according to the Radical programme,
came off at this place on Tuesday, Wed-
nesday and Thursday last, and resulted
as follows:

For a Convention,	651
Against a Convention,	451
Conservative Ticket,	475
Radical Ticket,	627

The election was conducted in all res-
pects in the most quiet and orderly
manner: indeed we have never witness-
ed one more so. Not the slightest dis-
turbance of any sort occurred.

The negroes monopolized the polls
almost exclusively on the first day, and
voted almost unanimously for the Rad-
ical ticket, not more than three or four
against it, out of about 450 or 475.

For the information of those at a dis-
tance, it is proper to state, that this e-
lection is by no means a fair test of the
political complexion of Calhoun county.
There was but little over half the regis-
tered vote, which was 2100, given in,
and of the remaining 1000, it is believ-
ed by the best judges, that not more
than 100 were Radical; so that if all
had voted, the Conservative majority
in this county would have been at least
650. From what we thus far hear from
other counties, the falling off of the reg-
istered vote is greater than in this,
which renders the calling of a Conven-
tion doubtful.

It will be seen by reference to
another column, that **Col. P. Rowan**
is now receiving a large and well
selected stock of Dry Goods, which he
offers to his patrons and the public at
his usual and very reasonable rates.

Teachers Meeting.

We are requested by the Secretary,
to call the attention of Teachers to the
fact, that on Saturday the 12th inst., the
"Teachers Institute" of Calhoun county
meets at Cross Plains. A full atten-
dance is earnestly desired. Teachers
from other Counties, and all persons in-
terested on the subject of Education
are respectfully invited.

E. L. Woodward is now
receiving a large and well selected stock
of Goods, suitable to the market and
the season. This long established and
reliable house needs no commendation
from us. Call soon and get first choice.

Our Circuit Court, which has
been in session near two weeks, is about
drawing to a close. Hon. B. T. Pope
has presided with his usual ability, dig-
nity and impartiality, heretofore refer-
red to in this paper, and which has given
such universal satisfaction wherever
he has presided. John L. McConnell,
Esq., though a new Solicitor, discharged
his duty with marked ability and to
the satisfaction of all concerned.

Our Circuit Clerk, G. B. Douthit,
and Sheriff, S. D. McClellan, have dis-
charged their duties with that prompti-

tude and fidelity which have ever dis-
tinguished them. The people of our
County may well consider themselves
fortunate in having such competent and
faithful officers.

**Life and Campaign of Gen. R. E.
Lee.**—We are requested by Mr. M. T.
Ledbetter, the Agent for the above
named work, to inform subscribers that
he will be ready to commence the deliv-
ery of copies by the 15th Oct and he
expresses the hope that all will be read-
y with the money to pay for them.

See change of place of Land Sale
by James D. Thompson, Admr, from
Jacksonville to Edwardsville, Ala.

LARGE POTATO.—Mr. S. D. Black of
Choccolocco Valley, in this county, de-
posited at our office this week, a yam
potato of this year's growth, measuring
12 inches in length, 1 3/4 in circumfer-
ence, and weighing 4 1/2 pounds.

If any one can beat this we will duly
note the fact.

Mr. Black it seems, is not only a
worthy, energetic and enterprising citi-
zen, but also a successful farmer.

**Messrs. S. & J. T. Mor-
gan**, Grocery and Commission Mer-
chants of Oxford, Ala., give notice in
this paper, that they keep constantly on
hand a fine stock of carefully selected
Groceries: And also, that they are pre-
pared to pay tax on Cotton, and attend
to its shipment to Selma, Mobile or New
Orleans.

We take pleasure in bearing our
humble testimony in favor of this excel-
lent, competent, reliable, energetic and
justly popular firm, and commending
them to the confidence and patronage
of the public, with the assurance that
all who entrust business to their care,
may rely upon its being transacted with
the utmost promptitude and fidelity.

Capt. ALFRED HEDBERG, 15th
U. S. Inf'y, arrived at this place, a
few days before the election, and re-
mained until its close. By his uniform
gentlemanly bearing, and confining him-
self strictly to the impartial discharge
of his duties, he won the respect and
esteem of many of our citizens. No
doubt he left our Town with impres-
sions more favorable than those calculat-
ed to be made by the many false and
slandrous tales of which we have been
made the victims. His men also con-
ducted themselves in a manner creditable
to them and their commander.

REMEDIES FOR FARMERS.—All heads of fam-
ilies should bear in mind the great importance
of selecting genuine remedies for the use of
their families. Buy with reason, judgement &
discretion. Buy those which are prepared by
physicians who are experienced in Southern
treatment. Buy those which you think are
best. The "Great Southern Preparations" are
a class of family medicines prepared specially
for the Southern people by Southern physi-
cians. See advertisement.

Longstreet Academy.

Mr. Editor:
The cause of education de-
serves a place of first importance in our
minds at this time, for it is only through
the medium of intellectual cultivation
and superior intelligence that our people
can expect to avert the impending evils
that so seriously threaten to forever de-
stroy our peace and happiness.

We are glad to see the people gen-
erally giving unusual attention to the in-
struction of the youth of the country.

Last week I visited the school of
Prof. Ragan, to witness the examination
exercises, which were conducted during
the 25th & 26th ult., attended by a
large throng of interested spectators.

Of Mr. Ragan's abilities and uniform
success as an instructor it is unnecessary
to speak; his reputation is too well
established to need any commendation
in this. And we were exceedingly
gratified to see that in the course of a
most rigid examination, not at all con-
fined to text books, our highest expecta-
tions were fully realized.

The instruction imparted at this
school seems to have been of the most
solid and useful kind. We were sur-
prised and rejoiced to see in both young
ladies and gentlemen such evidences of
thoroughness and proficiency in every
branch of study, especially the classics
and higher branches of Mathematics.
There was throughout the examination,
on the part of the students an outspok-
en manliness of expression, denoting
great freedom of thought, showing that
the students at Longstreet Academy
had been taught to reason for themselves
and not to rest entirely upon a teacher's
explanations or remain satisfied with re-
peating, parrot-like, the printed text.

The compositions and speeches evinced
taste, discernment, and style of
thought beyond what we could have ex-
pected, and we have no doubt that the
parents of all left perfectly satisfied
that the utmost pains had been taken

with their children, and a large reward
—while the streaming eyes and heart-
felt sighs of many of the scholars told
how tender were the ties that bound the
loved preceptor to his charge.

May every success attend the devo-
ted teacher wherever his lot may be cast.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.

To his Honor Judge Pope:

The Grand Jury of Calhoun
County, empanelled for the Fall Term
of the Circuit Court now in session—
feeling that they have discharged the
duties incumbent upon them—beg leave
to present the following brief summary
in general report:

We have made personal inspection of
the condition of the County Jail, in re-
gard to its sufficiency for the safe keep-
ing of prisoners, their accommodation,
health, &c.—and find every thing con-
nected therewith in good order and per-
fect condition, so far as we are capable
of judging. A like inspection has been
made of the Offices of Judge of Probate,
County Treasurer, Clerk & Sher-
iff's Offices—embracing all the books,
bonds and records of the various coun-
ty officers; and the Grand Jury take
great pleasure in saying that every thing
connected with these Officers in their
Official capacity, have been executed
and kept in a neat and business-like
manner.

With trifling exceptions, the Appor-
tioners report the roads throughout the
entire county as being well worked,
and the majority of them posted with
finger boards placed at the proper places.
The Greensport road is reported to
be in good condition, except a portion
near the river, where a ledge of solid
rock crosses the bed of the road, render-
ing the same almost impassable. The
Overseer says the obstruction cannot be
removed and rendered passable, except
by blasting.

The Road leading from Jacksonville
to Rabbit Town, embracing that por-
tion lying between the Town and the
top of the mountain east, is reported to
have no Overseer, or as having had no
work done upon it within the last two
years.

It is encouraging to see the citizens of
all classes taking a deep interest in the
subject of education as well as the moral
of the country, and although reports
are in circulation, that the civil
law can not and will not be sustained—
we are gratified to know, that a respect-
able majority are prepared to yield a
ready and willing obedience to the same.
We cannot close this report without
giving an expression of thanks to his
Hon. Judge Pope, for the clear and in-
candent exposition of the criminal law, given
in charge to the Grand Jury.

Our worthy and accomplished Soli-
citor, John L. McConnell, merits and
well deserves like commendation at our
hands, for the prompt and ready dis-
charge of all his duties connected with
the Grand Jury.

Our thanks are hereby tendered to
Court, Bar, and all the Officers con-
nected with the same, for the courtesy
and consideration extended to us, while
in the discharge of our various duties.

LUCIUS C MITCHELL,
Sep. 28, '67. Foreman Grand Jury.

"Seymour," the New York cor-
respondent of the Mobile Advertiser,
speaks in the following confident terms
of the prospects of Democratic victories
in the approaching elections in New
York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey:

Society does not care for politics, but
politics will, nevertheless, engross more
attention than any other matter till the
November election are over. New
York will soon be in the heat of a great
campaign, from which her Democratic
sons are confident of coming forth as
victors. This confidence grows stronger
every day. That the Radical army will
be routed, horse, foot and artillery, is
firmly believed by the longest Demo-
cratic heads in the State. The glad
tidings from Maine, following so close
on the heels of the glorious triumph in
California, have given fresh hope and
courage to the Conservatives of New
York, and inspired them with a resolve
to make the second Tuesday in Novem-
ber a Waterloo to Radicalism in the
Empire State. If the Democracy emerge
from the struggle with less than ten
thousand majority, their leaders will be
disappointed.

New Jersey, some of her sons say
will also fight about face and march
back to the Democratic line. The De-
mocracy of the State are fully aroused
and will go into the canvass with a vim
that is sure to carry them through to
victory. Unless all the calculators are
at sea in their estimates, the small Rad-
ical majority of last year will be utterly
wiped out and the State placed firmly
on the platform of Conservatism. New
Jersey is not a large State but she has
been a gallant one, and will prove next
November that the old blood still runs
in her veins.

Pennsylvania is believed to be all
right. The apathy which Thad Stev-
ens says prevails in the Radical camp
is even greater than he has represented
it. Letters to prominent Radicals here
from leaders of the party there present
a most lugubrious view of the prospect
in the Keystone State. They declare
that the voters have no heart in the can-
vass; that unless they are stirred up
before election day, the State will slip
from the Radical party. The Demo-
crats, on the contrary, are eager for
the fray, resolved to win the victory,
and confident of doing so. Such, at
least, is the tenor of advice from lead-
ing Democrats in Philadelphia, Harris-
burg and Pittsburgh.

LATEST NEWS.

General Pope, by his order No.
his order No. 49, punishes Southern
papers, by taking away their business,
for being true to their duties to their
people and to the Constitution of the
United States. Will the people allow
their champions of the Press to be starv-
ed out by General Pope?—*Mobile Adv.*

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 28.—The Sul-
tan refuses the Czar's Cretan demands.
The Czar declines meeting the Sultan
personally, having nothing agreeable to
say. A large party in Greece is for the
King's deposal and the proclama-
tion of a republic under the protectorate
of or annexation to the United States.

FLORENCE, Sept. 28.—Garribaldi's
partisans are tumultuous in various
parts of Italy.

It is reported the King is about pro-
claiming an extraordinary session of
Parliament.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The report
of the Commissioner of Agriculture for
August and September represents the
wheat crop to be not as large as antici-
pated in July. Corn promises a fair
crop if frosts do not injure it. The ar-
my worm made its appearance in the
potato fields about the 1st inst. and
caused considerable apprehension in
some sections for the safety of the crop.
Potatoes are rotting badly in many large
potato growing States, and the yield will
be less than last year. Owing to the
severe weather last winter the wool clip
this year is from five to ten per cent.
less than last year.

Jas. M. Murphy, a Nashville negro,
has been appointed by the Sergeant-at-
Arms of the United States Senate a
member of the Capitol police force.

RICHMOND, Sept. 30.—The split in
the Republican party here is becoming
marked. Ward meetings called to-
night are repudiated by Mr. Hunnicut,
the acknowledged leader of the blacks,
who in a speech this evening warned
the negroes to beware of the Northern
dough-faces who are settled among
them and pretend to be Republicans.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 30.—One Bradley,
a Boston mulatto who has been several
times arrested by the civil and military
authorities for swindling negroes and
exciting disturbances, had gathered here
some thousand negroes to-day,
mostly from the country. He harangued
the negroes against white men, and
favored a distribution of the lands.
A conservative negro interrupted him
when a melee occurred. A large force
of the police charged through the crowd,
when the military came to their aid,
and both together cleared the square.—
Muskets were brought in by a large
band of country negroes, and taken by
the police and turned over to the mili-
tary. A large proportion of the colored
population disapproved of Bradley and
threatened to assassinate him.

The entente cordiale between the
city government and military affords
great satisfaction to all classes, except
the narrow-minded adherents of Brad-
ley.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 30.—Interments
from fever for twenty four hours, 6 o'-
clock Sunday morning 61. From that
time to this morning 67.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The Secretary
of the Treasury, in considering the
act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, has
issued the following to-day:

Notice is hereby given that the As-
sistant Treasurer, at New York, is pre-
pared and has instructions to issue three
per cent. certificates in denominations of
five and ten thousand each in redemp-
tion of compound interest notes, maturing
in October and November next.—
The accrued interest on all notes pre-
sented for such redemption will be paid
in currency.

St Louis, Oct. 1.—The funeral of
Gen. Sheridan yesterday was one of
the largest ever seen here. The cere-
monies took place in the First Church,
Dr. Boyle officiating.

The remains lay in state all morning,
and were visited by a very large num-
ber of citizens.

NEWARK, Oct. 1.—A boiler explo-
ded, killing two men.

Boston, Oct. 1.—A linseed oil fac-
tory and a quantity of oil were burned
to-day. Loss \$30,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Gen. Mower
telegraphs to Gen. Grant that the evo-
lution passed of quietly throughout Louis-
iana.

The Treasury clerks now work from
nine to four o'clock.

Revenue receipts to-day \$1,761,000.

The Crow Indians refuse to meet the
commissioners at Laraine in November.

A thousand pounds of bullion, recent-
ly shipped from Gold Hill Nevada,
while in the Merchants' Union Express
safe at Brownsville, Nebraska, was
plundered of \$15,000.

The Massachusetts Democrats nomi-
nated John Quincy Adams for Gov-
ernor, and Geo. M. Stearns for Lieu-
tenant Governor.

Two hundred and nineteen towns are
represented by 963 delegates. Unusual
enthusiasm prevails.

the blacks, and would be kept out till
they did.
Johnson, if guilty, would be impeach-
ed, and even with the aid of the Mary-
land rebel militia, which was arming he
would be powerless to do anything.—
The men of the North are ready at the
tap of the drum to quell him and his
militia.

The Yellow Fever in Texas.—A let-
ter dated Galveston, 6th instant, refer-
ring to the ravages of the yellow fever,
says:

The type of disease is very malig-
nant. Several of our best physicians,
among them Drs. Rowe, Taylor, &c.,
of the United States Army; Drs. Hanna
and Gantt, of the Galveston Medical
College Faculty, fell victims, and are in
their graves. Others of the profession
are down with it. The streets are nearly
deserted; business is at a stand; the
city wears the aspect of a continuous
Sabbath; gloom has settled upon the
countenances of many you meet; the
churches are deserted; the firing of the
United States army and navy signal
guns, the ringing of all bells and other
noises have been stopped authoritatively
during the epidemic, not to disturb
the feverish, whom we count by thou-
sands and in every house. Nurses and
physicians are worn out, and scarce.—
The suffering is very great, and much
of it remains untold—only known to
him who scourges us in his wrath.

THE OUTRAGE AT CAMDEN, ARK.—
The Monroe (La) Telegraph says:

"We learn from a reliable source that
the commanding officer at Camden has
proposed to compromise with the pro-
prietor of the Eagle by refitting their
office and paying all damages, the pro-
ceeding to stop there. Referees have
the matter in charge."

The Vicksburg Times of the 15th,
has the following on the same subject:
"We have had the pleasure of meet-
ing in our city Dr. Hobson, the Editor
of the Constitutional Eagle, the paper
which Major Pierce robbed & destroyed
at Camden, Arkansas. We are in pos-
session of some further information in
relation to the Camden outrage, which
indicates that the whole thing was done
under the auspices, advice and orders
of Colonel Gilbert, commandant of the
post."

The steamers Dean Richmond and
Commodore Vanderbilt collided near
Rondout, on the Hudson river, on
Thursday. The loss of life by her sink-
ing is considerable; at least twenty
persons are known to have been drown-
ed. The catastrophe has cast quite a
gloom over New York.

Hemlock Leather & Kerosene Oil.

Any person wish-
ing to purchase a good article of Hem-
lock Leather and Kerosene Oil, can do
so by applying to J. M. Carroll, west
side of the public square.

Several varieties of Dromgoole &
Co's. valuable Medicines can now be
obtained at the Jacksonville Drug
Store.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will
send (free of charge) to all who desire it,
prescription with the directions for making
and using the simple remedy by which he
was cured of a lung affection and that dread
disease Consumption. His only object is to
benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer
will try this prescription, as it will cost them
nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please
address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburg, New York.

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxu-
riant growth of hair upon a bald head or
beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the
skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beauti-
ful, can be obtained without charge by ad-
dressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
823 Broadway,
New York.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,

GROCERY

AND

Commission Merchants,

OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assort-
ment of choice Groceries, for sale on the
most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the
Tax on Cotton and attend to its ship-
ment to the best houses in Selma, Mo-
bile or New Orleans.

Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of
C. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Mor-
gan, are earnestly requested to come forward
and make payment.

P. ROWAN

Is now receiving the largest stock of

GOODS

Ever brought to this market since the com-
mencement of the war. All are invited to
call and examine his stock, with the assurance
that they cannot fail, out of the great variety,
to be suited both in quality and price.
Jacksonville, Oct. 5, 1867.

\$2 TO \$5 FOR EVERY HOUR'S SER-
vice without rent; desirable for all in-
terests, mechanics, soldiers, every body.
Please call on, or address,
C. W. JACKSON & CO.,
58 Beaver Street,
New York.

By the Governor of Ala.

A PROCLAMATION

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF ALABAMA
Whereas, information has been
received, that an atrocious
murder was committed in Cleburne
county, upon the body of Michael Pessakli;
and whereas, it is formally charged,
that said murder was perpetrated by
MARKS; and it appearing that said
marks has fled from justice, and is at
large:

Now, therefore, with a view of vindic-
ating the outraged law, and having the
murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R.
M. Patton, Governor of the State of Alabama,
do issue this my proclamation, and
a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars

to any person who may arrest the said
Michael Marks, and deliver him into the
hands of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and
the Great Seal of the State,
at the City of Montgomery, this
day of June, A. D. 1867,
of the Independence of the
United States of America
ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON

By the Governor,
MICHAEL TAYLOR,
Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout
heavy built, weighs about one hundred
seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty
years of age; he has blue eyes, light
complexion, which was quite long when he fled;
his hair is fair. He is slow spoken. He
conceded on the left foot has been cut, it
is hanging down. The first and third toe
of the same foot, incline towards each other,
nearly if not quite touch.

REDUCED RATES.

THE

MONTGOMERY MAIL

ISSUED

Daily and Weekly.

AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.

By J. CARR GIBSON & Co.

Proprietors.

JOSEPH HODGSON, Editor.

J. F. WHITFIELD, Editor.

The proprietors of the MAIL take pleasure
in announcing that they have materially re-
duced the Rates of Advertising and Subscrip-
tion, to wit:

On and after the first day of June, 1867,
rates of Subscription and Advertising will be
as follows:

TERMS OF THE DAILY MAIL.

Twelve months	\$10 00
Six months	5 00
Three months	2 50
One month	1 00
Two weeks	50
One week	25
Single copies	10

Newsboys and Dealers will be furnished at
the rate of



POETRY.

A Commentary on the Popular Songs of the Day.

We publish the following, not so much for its real worth, as for the high regard we entertain for the ambitious young gentleman who is the author.

Montgomery Advertiser.

"I've wandered thro' the village Tom,"
Along with "Annie Lee,"
To "listen to the mocking-bird,"
"In the cottage by the sea."
Reid's bay mare can't be beat
While "coming through the rye":
"Let me kiss him for his mother,"
"Says the spider to the fly."

"The colored girl" and "Poor-Old Ned"
"Now swell our native song"
"I'd offer thee this band of mine"—
But "take yer time Miss Long."
"I'm lonely since my mother died"—
"Susanna, don't you cry."
"We're all a nodding through the world,"
Then root hog or die."

"Hark! I hear an angel sing"
Ah! "daddy, he's struck ile"—
"We're coming, Father Abraham,"
Along with "Annie Lyle,"
"The song my mother used to sing,"
"The 'Wearing of the Green'"—
"The girl I left behind me,"
To day is "sweet sixteen."

"The nice young man" and "Fairy Belle"
"Are swinging in the lane"—
"The Captain with his whiskers"
"Has marrying on the brain."
"We will rally 'round the flag, boys,"
For "Johnny stole the ham"—
"Yankee Doodle," "Hail Columbia,"
And—"I don't care a damn."

If You Want a Kiss, Take It.

There's a jolly Saxon proverb
That is pretty much like this,
That a man is half in heaven
When he has a woman's kiss;
But there's danger in delaying—
And the sweetness may forsake it;
So I tell you bashful lover,
If you want a kiss, why take it.

Never let another fellow
Steal a march on you like this:
Never let a laughing maiden
See you spitting for a kiss;
There's a royal way of kissing,
And jolly ones who make it
Have a motto that is winning—
If you want a kiss, why take it.

Any fool may face a cannon,
Anybody wear a crown,
But a man must win a woman,
If he'd have her for his own.
Would you have the golden apple?
You must find the tree and shake it
If the thing is worth the having,
And you want a kiss, why take it.

Walking a Raft.

There was a fellow once stepped out
of the door of a tavern on the Missis-
sippi, meaning to walk a mile up the
shore to another tavern. Just at the
landing there lay a big raft, one of the
regular old fashioned whalers—a raft a
mile long.

Well, the fellow heard the landlord
say the raft was a mile long, and he said
to himself, "I will go forth and see this
great wonder, and let my eyes behold
the timber which the hands of man hath
hewn. So he got on the lower end and
began to amble over the raft in pretty
fair time. But just as he got started
the raft started too, and as he walked
up the river it walked down, both go-
ing at the same rate. When he got to
the end of the sticks he found they
were near the shore and in sight of a
tavern, so he landed and walked straight
to the bar-room he'd come out of.—
The general sameness of things took
him a little aback, but he looked the
landlord steadily in the face and settled
it in his own way:

"Publican," said he, "are you gifted
with a twin brother, who keeps a simi-
lar size tavern, with a duplicate wife,
a comprising wood pile, and a correspond-
ing circus bill, a mile from here?"
The tavern keeper was fond of fun
and accordingly said that it was just so.

"And, Publican have you among
your dry goods for the entertainment of
man and horse any whiskey of the same
size as that of your brother's?"
And the tavern said, that from
the rising of the sun until the going
down of the same he had.

They took the drinks, when the stran-
ger said: "Publican, that twin brother
of yours is a fine young man—a very
fine man, indeed. But do you know,
I'm afraid he suffers a good deal with
the Chicago diptheria?"
"And what's that?" asked the tod-
dy-sticker.

publican, I walked that raft from bill to
tail, from his door to yours. Now I
know my time, and I'm just as good for
myself as for a horse, and better than
any man you ever see. I always walk
a mile in exactly twenty minutes, on a
good road, and I'll be busted with an
overloaded Injun gun if I've been more'n
ten minutes coming here, steppin over
the blamed logs at that."

Rabbi Joshua once met a boy who
carried something in a covered vessel.
"My boy," said the Rabbi, "what have
you in your covered vessel?"
"If it was intended for you to know,"
replied the boy, "it would not be cov-
ered."

Dr. Browne, having long admired a
very beautiful young lady, made a point
of always giving her his toast. Be-
ing once told it was time to change it,
he replied, "I believe it is for though I
have been toasting her for twenty years,
I have not been able to make her brown yet."

A newly married lady who was very
fond of her husband, notwithstanding
his ugliness of person, once said to a wit-
ty friend, "What do you think? My
husband has laid out ten guineas for a
large baboon on purpose to please me."
"The dear little man," cried the other.
"Well, it is just like him."

"I say Sambo, can you answer dis con-
undrum: 'Suppose I gib you a bottle
of whiskey shut up wid a cork, how
would you get de whiskey out widout
pulin' de cork or breakin' de bottle?'"
"I gibes dat up," "Why-push de cork
in."

"Don't y.u know me?" said a
soldier to his former commander. "No
my friend, I don't." "Why, sir, you
once saved my life." "Ah, how is that?"
"Why, my dear sir, I served under you
at the battle of—, and, when you
ran away in the beginning of the fight,
I ran after you—else I might have been
killed. God bless you, my preserver,
my benefactor!"—*Prentice.*

**\$2 TO \$5 FOR EVERY HOUR'S SER-
VICE.** Pleasant and honorable em-
ployment without risk; desirable for all la-
dies; clerical, teachers, students, farmers,
merchants, mechanics, soldiers, every body.
Please call on, or address,
C. W. JACKSON & CO.,
58 Beaver Street,
New York.

ILLINOIS LANDS WANTED.
60,000 acres of good farming lands in Il-
linois wanted. Also, 20,000 acres of good
Towa land. Address, giving numbers of the
lands and lowest cash price.
E. C. DAVIDSON, Real Estate Agt.,
Galesburg, Ill.

BROWN & PERKINS.
Pianos for the People
420 Broome St., N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public
and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos
in the following styles:

STYLE A, 7 octave Front large round
corners, plain case, either octagon or
carved legs, straight bottom, bead mould-
ing on plinth.....\$450

STYLE B, 7 octave, same as style A,
with serpentine moulding on plinth,
carved legs and lyre.....\$500

STYLE C, 7 octave, Front corners large
round, serpentine bottom, mouldings
same as on style D, carved lyre and
desk, fancy carved legs.....\$550

STYLE D, 7 octave, Four large round
corners, finished back, mouldings on
rim and plinth, serpentine bottom, car-
ved lyre and desk, elegant carved feet
legs.....\$600

The above styles are all finished in elegant
Rosewood cases and have the full iron frame,
French action, harp pedal, beveled top, ivory
keys and key fronts, and exceed in overstrung
bass, nearly all the 7 1/2 Octave Pianos now
manufactured. They are made of the best
materials, and for finish, durability, purity
and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed.

The four styles described above embody
all the essential changes in exterior finish of
cases, which are by many manufacturers run
up to 15 and 20 pattern.

We invite the attention of the public, of
dealers and the profession, to a critical exami-
nation of the merits of our Pianos.

By avoiding the great expenses attendant
upon costly factories and expensive ware-
rooms in the city, we are enabled to offer these
Pianos at prices which defy competition, and
invite all to call and examine them before
determining elsewhere.

When references and testimonials are re-
quired by those about to purchase, instead of
presenting a display of professional names,
we refer to the parties to whom we have sold
our Pianos. Their judge ment as to the real
merits of our instruments as to the durability,
touch, sweetness, and power of tone, standing
in time, &c., based on an actual experience,
being of far more value than the mere good
opinion of the Artist, however capable, who
merely tries them in a warehouse, instrument
in perfect tune and order, which have just re-
ceived the workmen's last finishing touches.

Our motto is
"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

Send for a Circular, to
BROWN & PERKINS,
No. 420 Broome Street, N. Y.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties of his
profession in all its branches.
Office, N. W. Corner of Public
Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1865—1f.

Bargains, Bargains.
ALL persons indebted to the undersigned
are earnestly requested to give him a
call, and if you cannot pay, talk about it.
You may forget small matters after awhile.
You have doubtless known it to be the case—
"Come and let us reason together."
D. P. GUNNELS.
Oxford, Ala. August 3, 1867.

Notice.
THOSE owing the firm of J. L. Pinson &
Bro. formerly of Alexandria, Ala. will find
their notes and accounts turned over to
H. L. Stevenson, Esq. for collection. I have
been forced to this arrangement, from the
fact that Mr. J. L. Pinson is a non-resident,
and I am not able to attend to the business.
P. M. PINSON.

GROVESTEN & CO.
Piano Forte Manufacturers,
499, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public and the trade
is invited to our New Scale, Seven
Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes,
which for volume and purity of tone are un-
rivalled by any hitherto offered in this mark-
et. They contain all the modern improve-
ments—French grand action, harp pedal, iron
frame, over-strung bass, etc.—and each in-
strument being made under the personal su-
pervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEN, who has
a practical experience of over thirty years in
their manufacture, is fully warranted in every
particular.

The "Grovesten Piano-Forte"
Received the highest award of merit at the cel-
ebrated World's Fair,

Where were exhibited instruments from the
best makers of London, Paris, Germany,
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York;
and also at the American Institute for five
successive years, the GOLD and SILVER MEDALS
from both of which can be seen at our ware-
rooms.

By the introduction of improvements we
make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by
manufacturing largely with a strict cash sys-
tem, are enabled to offer these instruments at a
price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices are from \$100 to \$200 cheaper
than any other Piano-Forte.
A practice—Net cash in current funds.
Descriptive circulars sent FREE.
Jan. 12, 1867—1y

PHOTOGRAPHIC.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Mate-
rials,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of PHOTO-
GRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the
following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
Of American and Foreign Cities and Land-
scapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.
From negatives made in the various cam-
paigns and forming a complete Photographic
history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the
Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to
any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any
other house, about 20 varieties from 50 cents
to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputa-
tion of being superior in beauty and durability
to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, States-
men, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand
different subjects, including reproductions of
the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings,
Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of
stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods
C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the
amount with the order.

The prices and quality of our goods
cannot fail to satisfy.

Just published—Stereoscopic Views of the
Interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky, taken
by aid of the new Magnesium Light.
August 31, 1867.

**The Jacksonville Fem-ile
ACADEMY.**

The exercises of this In-
stitution will be resumed on
Monday, August 5th, 1867,
under the direction of Rev. D. F.
SMITH, Principal, Miss MARY A. TURN-
LEY, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E.
FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be
employed if needed.

The course of study embraces all
branches of instruction usually taught
in Academies and High Schools.

**Rates of Tuition per Session of
20 weeks.**

First Class,\$15 00
2nd " 20 00
3rd " 25 00
4th " 30 00

Music, Extra, 25 00
French " 12 00
Contingent Fund, 2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent. will be made
in favor of those who will pay in advance or
quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period
than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases
of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured
that the intellectual and moral improvement
of the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different
South Schools and Churches in the Town,
as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportuni-
ties for religious instruction, Jacksonville
presents advantages equal, if not superior to
those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole
school, at least, once every two weeks,
on some practical, moral or religious topic.

Board can be had in good families on re-
asonable terms.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.
J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.

J. C. FRANCIS,
A. ADAMS,
B. C. WYLY,
J. H. PRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS.

July 13, 1867.

Bible Agency.
Rev. E. B. McClellan, has been ap-
pointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society, a
branch of the American Bible Society, Agent
for the sale and distribution of Bibles, and
also for the collection of donations to aid in
that cause. He is commended by the Society
to the confidence, friendship, co-operation
and assistance of members of all religious
denominations, and benevolent friends of mor-
ality and religion generally.

MUSIC LESSONS.
ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.
FRANCIS, commencing with the ses-
sions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.
Pupils can commence at any time dur-
ing the session, and be charged for the time.
Country Produce at the market price taken

NEW WOOL FACTORY,
At McKibben's old stand on
Choccoloco Creek, 1 1/2 miles be-
low Oxford, and 2 1/2 above Mun-
ford. This Splendid Machinery
has been purchased with a view
to suit the wants of the Southern people, be-
ing clothed entirely with a superior quality
of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to
give satisfaction where the wool is properly
prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the
Depot at Munford and returned free of charge.
Our old friends and the public generally
are respectfully invited to call and examine
our machinery.
McKIBBON & BROTHER.
June 22, 1867.—3m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.
THIS popular Summer resort having been
placed in thorough repair, and furnished
with new furniture, will be opened for visit-
ors on the 1st of June under the direction and
control of the undersigned proprietors of the
American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.

Montvale presents the strongest attractions
to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no
less on account of its retirement and the beau-
ty of its surrounding scenery, than of the res-
torative powers of its waters. We have re-
duced the price of board to the lowest figures
consistent with a proper provision for the en-
tertainment of our guests.

Board per day \$3 00, per week \$20 00,
per month \$60 00, with an allowance for
families. Travellers by rail reach the Springs
by special conveyance from Loudon, or by
regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville
Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.
PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist.
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood-
ward's Store.
June 16, 1866

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.
A house containing four large rooms
and two entries, suitable for a boarding
house, with kitchen, smokehouse, and a
good garden, with choice fruit trees, and
well watered, will be rented on good
terms. For particulars enquire at this
office.
April 20, 1868.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!
The Home Comfort!
H. G. NOBLE,
DEALER IN
Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the
public that the above named COOK-
ING STOVES, which is rapidly
coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen
at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin
streets. Having the advantage of twenty-
five years' experience in the business, he can
safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as
being superior to any other ever offered in this
market. It is more convenient, durable and
economical, and therefore the most desirable.
Call and see for yourself.
H. G. NOBLE.

NEW WOOL FACTORY,
At McKibben's old stand on
Choccoloco Creek, 1 1/2 miles be-
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has been purchased with a view
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being superior to any other ever offered in this
market. It is more convenient, durable and
economical, and therefore the most desirable.
Call and see for yourself.
H. G. NOBLE.

SPUN COTTON;
FOR SALE;
At Wholesale and Retail;
BY
E. L. WOODWARD.

Sewing Machine for Sale.
A First-class Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing
Machine, but little worn and in good
order, for sale, very low.
Enquire at this Office.
Feb. 16 1f

Notice.
I AM preparing to go North for a Fall stock,
and shall need every dollar that has been
promised me at this time. I hope therefore
that none will fail to meet their engagements
promptly.

If you want cheap goods keep me in funds
and I will furnish them.
P. ROWAN.

Boarding.
FIVE or six young men, who may wish
to go to college or study a profession, can
be accommodated in a private family in this
place, with boarding, lodging, room, fire-
wood and lights, at \$15 per month, one half
or more taken in produce at the market price.
For further information, enquire at this Office.
Jacksonville, August 10, 1867.

"WANTED to make an arrangement"
with a live man in every county,
who wishes to make money, and can give
good references. No capital required. Will
sell a business now paying \$1,500 per month,
and rely on the profits for my pay. Address
J. C. TILTON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY,
M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne,
Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb,
in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U.
S. District Court, Northern and Middle Divi-
sion of Alabama.

**LIVERY AND SALE
STABLE.**

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
public, that they have procured the large
and commodious Livery stable recently kept
by Mr. J. H. Sargeant, and will be prepared to
accommodate all persons who may wish to
hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle Horses. They
will also feed transient horses and mules, and
be prepared to work Gardens and Patches,
and have Horses and Mules for sale upon ad-
vantageous terms to purchasers.

They will endeavor to be at all times pre-
pared to accommodate promptly those who
may desire their assistance, and therefore so-
licit a liberal patronage.
R. E. WYNN & CO.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1867.

**THE GREAT CAUSE
OF
HUMAN MISERY.**

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price
six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature,
Treatment, and Radical Cure of
Seminal weakness, or Spermatorr-
hea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary E-
missions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and
impediments to Marriage generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Ph-
ysical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CUL-
VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admi-
rable Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical op-
erations, poisoning out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a Boon to
thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,588.

NEW GOODS.
CALICOES,
DOMESTICS &c.

Just Received and For Sale by
WOODWARD
June 8, 1867.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.,

All the Cooking for a
Family may be done with
Kerosene Oil, or Gas, and
with less trouble, and at
less expense, than by any
other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is
guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it

Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
H. P. 206 PEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.,
Principal Office, 616 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Ma-
chine. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion
Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noise-
less in action. Its motion being all positive,
it is not liable to get out of order. It is the
best Family Machine! Notice is called to our
new and improved Manufacturing Machine,
or Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters.
Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will
be given. No consignments made.
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.
To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, Esq., PRESIDENT
OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 10,

Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 31.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. OCT. 12, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1593.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

The Idea of Resistance.

At a Republican meeting in Cincinnati on Saturday, after speeches by Senators Sherman and Wade, of Ohio, Senator Thayer of Nebraska, said:

"I have recently been in Maryland and in the District of Columbia, having left Washington only night before last. While there I took special pains to inform myself in regard to the present purposes of Mr. Johnson, and obtained what I am about to state from reliable authority. I declare on my responsibility as a Senator of the United States that to-day Andrew Johnson meditates and designs forcible resistance to the authority of Congress. I make this statement deliberately having received it from unquestioned and unquestionable authority. I cannot point out the occasion on which he may attempt to use military force. It may be to prevent the assembling of Congress, or when assembled, if the House of Representatives passes articles of impeachment, or it may be for the purpose of forcing the Southern Senators and Representatives to seats in Congress. The question may be asked, 'How can he do such a thing?' You recollect that six months ago Gov. Swann, of Maryland was elected a United States Senator, and that a few weeks afterward he declined, giving grave reasons of State as the cause. It was that Lieutenant-Governor Cox, of that State, could not be trusted for Johnson's purpose. There is to-day a standing army in Maryland, an organized militia force, such as no other State in the Union has offered mainly by returned rebels. When the time comes which he looks for, under some pretense Johnson may declare Maryland and the District of Columbia under martial law, and call upon Gov. Swann to bring forth his militia. There is nothing that will deter Johnson from his purpose, except when the issue comes that courage may fail. I make this statement that the American people may know the danger that threatens their peace and safety. If Pennsylvania and New York give Democratic majorities in the coming election it will embolden him to carry out this purpose; and I hope that you, the people of Ohio will take warning in time, and so cast your votes as to rebuke and prevent the mad designs of this bad man who is now acting President of the United States. But, gentlemen, let me say to you that whenever soldiers he may have under his command to resist the authority of Congress, his doom is sealed. The fate from which he has preserved the traitor, Jefferson Davis, will then be meted out to him; aye, when that comes 500,000 men from Pennsylvania, New York and Ohio will fly to arms and tramp the soil of Maryland to reach the beleaguered capital and rescue it from the hands of rebels and traitors. In conclusion, let me say to you, who have borne the flag before the enemy, do your duty in the coming elections, vote for those men who by their record, have shown themselves to be your friends, and the friends of the Government. Rally as one man to the standard of justice and liberty, and that will yet float over a united and happy land."

On the above the Tribune says:

Senator Thayer of Nebraska has made a rather sensational speech at Cincinnati about Andrew Johnson and his purpose and declares in the most solemn manner that he has positive knowledge of the President's intention to forcibly resist the authority of Congress. We have no fears. Blind as Mr. Johnson is, he can hardly be ignorant that in such a conflict he would have to stand up not against Congress, nor against even the army, but against the whole loyal country. The people would rise as one man and hurl him to destruction. If he is prepared to withstand the entire North with the aid of the Maryland militia, he is more of a fool even than a knave.

If the Tribune thinks that the Maryland militia is all that Mr. Johnson would have to back him in a contest for the constitution it is "more of a fool" than we have thought it to be. There are about half a million available men at the South who have sworn to support the constitution, and if they be put to the test it will be found they intend to keep their oath.—*Semin Times*.

To the Conductors of the Southern Press.

Gentlemen: I have labored all my life for the promotion of the agricultural interest of the South without pay. The result of the war has swept away every thing—land, laborers, &c.; and at the urgent solicitation of friends, I have commenced the publication in the city of Memphis of "The Southern Farmer," at \$2 per year a beautiful illustrated monthly of 16 pages devoted to

the interests of the farmer, the stock raiser, the mechanic, the inventor, and the manufacturer. At the same time, every housekeeper will find it an invaluable companion.

I have engaged the ablest writers in the South to aid me, and am determined to make the Farmer a paper that shall prove a blessing to my native land in this hour of distress and need, and I hope it will be good to other portions of the United States.

I appeal to you, brethren of the press to assist me, by publishing this notice, once or more, and if you can consistently, give a notice editorially, as I have no other way of reaching the ears of the tens of thousands of Southern farmers who know me and who, I must believe, will patronize my enterprise, were they acquainted with the fact.

Anything I can do to repay your kindness, please to command, and believe me truly yours.

M. M. PHILLIPS.

Do-Nothing Young Ladies.

At a recent social gathering a young lady informed me that she had never sewed! What do you suppose was the nature of my reflections on hearing the declaration? I said to myself, oh, that girl speaks falsely or else she is lazy.

Never sews! Who, then, I queried makes your dresses and cloaks, skirts, &c.? Who repairs the rips in your little gaiters, and darns your stockings? Is it your mother, or your more instructive sister? Or do you hire all your sewing done? Should his ever marry! And the chances are you never will. Not one young man in a hundred can afford to marry a girl who habitually neglects her household duties.

Young man, if it should ever be your fortune to hear a lady declare that she never sews, beware! Show her as you would the chills and fever. Make such a one your wife, and before the honeymoon is over the horrors of buttoned shirts and headless shoes will be upon you; your fair lady's sewing would be done by others while she mopes in idleness or riots in fashionable dissipation. Then farewell to your dreams of domestic felicity; they would fade as summer flowers at the touch of autumn frost.

How Much we are Paying to Keep the Radicals in Power.

The people of the United States (so called) paid into the Federal Treasury during the year 1866, \$22,577,890. The expense of the last year of President Buchanan's administration (1859) denominated for its extravagance and corruption, amounted to \$58,848,472. The former amount is almost ten times that of the latter.

To keep up the Freedmen's Bureau, a mere electioneering and money making machine for the Radicals, we pay \$30,000,000 annually, a sum Democrats used to talk about paying for the island of Cuba, but thought it too extravagant. Although we have peace, and not a hand is raised against the laws or constitution, except by "loyal" men, we paid out last year over \$200,000,000 for the army and military—nearly four times what Buchanan's administration paid for military and all other purposes. To pay these sums our taxes are higher than those of any despotic country of Europe. These sums are paid by us out of our incomes, on all we eat, drink, wear or use, in the shape of tariffs and revenue taxes, to support the radical party while they make voters out of the negroes to keep them in power against the wishes of a majority of the white people.

How long shall we endure such things. Besides this, we are deprived of the Union and its blessings, of free government and its blessings, of the \$200,000,000 of southern exports, which a restoration of the Union, the quiet and industry and confidence of the south, would give us. The Republic is being converted into a despotism, where ten millions of people are ruled with a law, and where all will be, if our masters so will it.

The Epidemic in New Orleans.—A letter to the New York Journal of Commerce, dated New Orleans, September 23, says:

The fever is rapidly on the increase. The city is a vast hospital. It is believed that there are 10,000 cases now under treatment. You hear of it everywhere and in almost every house. It is in all of our crowded orphan asylums. The good sisters are stricken down. Committees are going through the streets begging for them. Language fails to depict the misery and distress existing here. We are truly an afflicted people. We shall require all the aid we can obtain from our Northern friends. Business, of course, seriously affected by the state of things—non-intercourse with the country, no collections, cotton coming in very slow.

"WOOD'S" PRIZE MOWERS AND REAPERS!

Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Exhibition, London, England, July, 1863, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the first Premium, Grand Gold Medal.

The PRIZE MOWER,

While it retains all the advantages which have made it so universal a favorite, is greatly improved by the addition of Steel Lined Guards, New Pitman Connections, Stronger Knives, Stronger Seat, Adjustable Folding Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

The SELF-TAKE REAPER!

Justly called the "Victor of every contest" and is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Mowing Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Take Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

The HAND RAKE REAPER,

Is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered. It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which it is managed, and its changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the

WALTER A. WOOD

Mowing & Reaping Machine Co.

Hosick Falls, N. Y.

GENERAL SALESROOMS,

40 Courtlandt Street, N. Y.

206 Lake Street, Chicago.

FOREIGN OFFICE,

77 Upper Thames Street London.

Descriptive Catalogues sent on application.

April 13, '67.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

ALABAMA STREET,

Atlanta Georgia.

WHITE and WHITE, Proprietors.

EPYSON and WILEY, Clerks.

WILLIAM J. SHARP'S

Improved Billiard Tables,

With his PATENT CUSHIONS,

all known to be superior to any now in use.

Manufactured by SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES

THE great popularity of SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES has rendered it necessary to make arrangements, in order to supply the increasing demand, and he is now prepared to fill any order which his patrons, or the public generally may favor him.

W. J. Sharp having had practical experience for nearly twenty years, in the manufacture of Billiard Tables, and having made a number of valuable improvements, he guarantees a Table, which for elasticity of touch, mechanical elegance of appearance, will challenge competition.

His newly invented patent Cushions having been pronounced by the most competent judges to be superior to any now in use, he is enabled to furnish the best Billiard Table manufactured in the United States, and sustain the name which Sharp's Tables so justly have acquired.

Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to. Send for descriptive circular and price list.

W. J. SHARP,

43 Mercer Street, New York.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY,

ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.

Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal,

Rev. R. J. C. HAY, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 25th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose.

Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical. The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community. The expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for good board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session.

All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support. For further particulars address the principal, or

G. B. DOUTHITT,

Secretary Board of Trustees.

Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

DURYEE'S VIOLINE,

[TRADE MARK.]

A New Writing Fluid.

Of a Beautiful Violet Color,

ALSO,

VIOLINE COPYING FLUID,

To copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Manhattan Ink and Color Co.

49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers.

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO

TRE MANTAN PAINT OIL,

50 Cents Per Gallon.

Invented by G. DURYEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that alumina gives to oil from linseed its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of alumina with any other oil would make it equally valuable.

Knowing the prejudice against a new oil, especially after the oil of many famous varnishes have been shown to be false, we have made a severe test before entering the arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil with those who use it. We dare say this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours!

With zinc it gives the tone of Damir varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of copal varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to:

The Mosely Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York.

G. Whitlock, Brookline, F. Long, New York.

Ign Navy Yard, Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific

J. C. Follows, N. Y. S. S. Co., N. Y.

New York, Nov. 16, 1867.

To MANHATTAN PAINT OIL CO.

I take pleasure in stating that I have used your Paint Oil on wood and iron, with different kinds of paint, and have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it makes a better coating than linseed, and that, for all purposes where exposed to weather, is much preferable. Yours, J. T. WILBUR.

Brown Metallic Paint, 31 cents per lb. Varnish for Housework, and First Coats for furniture, \$2 per gallon.

SOLD BY DEALERS IN PAINT OIL, &c

MANUFACTURED BY

The Manhattan Paint Oil Co.,

49 Liberty St., New York

D. C. ELLIS, J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in cases, in the county of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.

Jan. 6, 1868

A. B. PITNEY, S. P. SMITH, J. B. COOPER

PITNEY, SMITH & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Pitney & Co. Cor. Brod & St. Rome, Ga

Wholesale and Retail

Produce for the Planters, Mr.

J. H. COOPER who has had long experience in the Cotton trade will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga. Sept. 28, 1866—6m.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!

LIGHT FOR THE MILLION!

A VALUABLE DISCOVERY!

The Eureka Illuminating Oil!

Costs only One Cent for three hours. Cheap, Clean and Neat. No Smoke. No Offensive Smell. No Grease. No Chimney. Not Explosive. Cuts only

25 Cts. Per Gallon.

No Family should be without it.

Samples for testing will be sent prepaid, on receipt of 50 cents. County and State Rights for sale on liberal terms either for Cash, Real Estate or Personal Property. A. F. ROSS.

Eureka Oil Manufacturing Co.,

37 Park Row, New York.

Cheap but Valuable Land

480 ACRES of Land, lying on Little

Waney Creek, 12 miles west of Jacksonville, and one half mile from the Jacksonville and Gadsden Railroad, is now offered for sale by the owners, who wish to remove to Louisiana, at a little more than government price. The land lies well, is well timbered, has on it fine springs, a large portion good soil, and 40 acres believed to contain a very valuable slate quarry. It will be sold all together, or in subdivision of 40 or 20 acres. For further particulars, enquire at this office.

May 18, 1867.

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25, 1867

Something New, Useful and Saleable!

Hawthorn's Soluble Blue and Bleaching Powder.

"TABLE MANNA" for Family Use, "NATIONAL WASHING FLUID" "STARCH POLISH" "MAGIC SOLDERING FLUID" IN "A FAIN ANNIHILATOR" Good Samaritan's Liniment, Silver Solution, &c. &c.

FAMILY RIGHTS FOR SALE

1000 Agents Wanted. Male and Female.

A good reliable agent wanted in every town to take entire control, for his neighborhood, of several of the best, most saleable and profitable articles of every day life ever presented to the public. Profits large—satisfaction guaranteed the right man or woman can make from \$10 to \$20 a week easily. Enclose stamps for full description and list of advantages. Samples sent free. Exclusive control of territory given. Address:

New York Manufacturing Co.,

37 Park Row, New York.

ROME

STEAM ENGINE

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

ROME, Ga.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power

Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,

Gasmeters, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks,

BLAST PIPES,

COTTON PRESSES,

SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR

Rolling Mills,

Blair Furnaces,

Railroads,

Saw & Grist-mills, &c

CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.

Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery

For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;

All kinds of Machinery and BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL OUR WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.

Jas. Nobles, Jr. Thos. P. Mitchell, Cash.

JOHN W. NORTON, Master Mechanic & Draughtsman

WM. NORTON, GEORGE NOBLE,

SAMUEL NORTON, Superintendent.

July 21, 1867

ATTENTION:

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Stevens & Pison, either by note or account are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and make payment.

We sold your Goods at cash prices on short time for your accommodation, and you ought to see to it that we are not disappointed, and our business impeded by your long neglect and delay. We need money and must have it, and know of no other or better way to obtain it, than from those who owe us.

STEVENSON & PISON.

Jacksonville July 6, 1867

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned, respectfully

inform the public that they are

prepared to execute Blacksmith

work of every description, in the neatest and most durable manner, and at prices as favorable as any other we know. Their shop is near the State Stable on the west side of Main street, south of the public square.

One of us, to whom he refers for information relative to his ability to do good and faithful work.

Terms cash, or Produce at market price.

STEPHEN L. McLEAN,

STEPHEN L. HOKE,

Jacksonville, June 25, 1867.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS returned and re-opened his office at No. 8, Office Row, Jacksonville Ala. He will practice in Calhoun, the adjoining County, the District Court of the United States at Huntsville and the Supreme Court of the State at Montgomery.

Any business confided to his care will be promptly and vigorously attended to.

Feb. 9, 1867.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c. of HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.

By Henry Cleveland,

Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Feb. 16, 1867.

Wheat Wanted

100 Baskets of Wheat wanted for

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA
SATURDAY, OCT. 12, 1867.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as
three, &c. A liberal discount made on
advertisements continued for three, six,
or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

DR. M. FOLESWIDER, with
BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS, of Selma, is
our authorized Agent, to contract, receive
and receipt for subscription and advertising
for the Republican.

**BLANK LAND DEEDS and
DEEDS OF TRUST**, neatly and cor-
rectly printed, for sale by the quire
or single copy, at this office. Also
every description of Blanks for Jus-
tices of the Peace.

NEWSPAPER CHANGE.—Messrs. Grace,
Phillips & Co., former proprietors of the
Selma Messenger, have sold that estab-
lishment to Messrs. M. J. Williams &
Robert McKee. The new proprietors
have had long experience in the busi-
ness, are Editors and writers of marked
ability, and say in their first number,
that neither labor nor expense shall be
spared to make the Messenger in all its
departments the equal of the best paper
in the South. The first number vindic-
ates that it will be soundly Conserva-
tive in principle uncompromisingly
opposed to Radical disunion despotism,
and an able advocate of Constitutional
government and civil liberty.

WE again call attention to the
fact, that **E. L. Woodward**, is
now receiving a large and well selected
stock of Fall and Winter Goods. His
friends and the public generally may
rest assured that they can find in his
stock every style and variety to suit their
fancy, and purchase upon terms as fa-
vorable as they could reasonably desire.

Mrs. M. E. Rowland
gives notice in this paper, that she will
open her new stock of Millinery on the
14th inst. Our lady friends can now
be accommodated, on fair prices, with
every style and variety they may desire,
and could not bestow their patronage on
one more worthy and deserving.

**The attention of all persons in-
terested in the Notice to debtors to the
Estate of Sims Kelly, dec'd., by S. C. Kelly, Exr**
We assure them that Mr. K. is in thorough earnest,
and they may save cost and trouble by
prompt payment.

To Administrators and Executors.
Administrators and Executors who
desire to publish notices of Grant of Let-
ters, and Sales of Land and other prop-
erty, in the *Republican*, can do so as
heretofore. Such publications are re-
quired to be made, signed, and paid for
by themselves, and not by the Judge of
Probate—consequently they are not "of-
ficial patronage," and not affected by
Gen. Pope's order 49.

We have not time or room this
week to comment on the cheering and
glorious news from Pennsylvania and
Ohio, which was received just before
our paper went to press. We will at-
tend to it next week when the returns
are complete.

An Earnest Appeal.

Gen. Pope's Order 49, taking from
our paper and all others of like political
character, all the official patronage of
civil officers, has thrown us entirely up-
on our resources from indebtedness for
former work, to sustain our paper until
"these calamities be overpast."

We are suffering from this vital stab
at the liberty of the press, and unpar-
alleled proscription for political opin-
ion's sake, because we have advocated
the cause of Constitutional liberty, and
the rights of the people against military
despotism. Will they suffer our paper
to be crushed by withholding what is
already due? We confidently hope and
believe they will not. If but a large
proportion of those indebted to us for
subscription, will come forward within
the next month and settle up, which
would be but a small matter to them
individually, it would in the aggregate
afford us ample relief. Could not, also,
many of our present patrons, by a little
effort, get at least one other good paying
subscriber. Friends, we think we have
a right to ask this at your hands; and
we shall see whether there be none left
to aid those who are made to suffer loss
for their adherence to principle.

It is our purpose, commencing with
this number to increase the amount of
reading matter, and leave no effort un-
used to make our paper still more inter-
esting and valuable to its patrons.

WE take pleasure in calling at-
tention to the advertisement of P. L.
Turnley, Druggist, Rome, Ga., suc-
cessor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.
We can say from personal experience,
that we have never dealt with any man
in any branch of business, with whom
we were better pleased; and can there-
fore most cheerfully and heartily recom-
mend him to others. Our friends who
visit Rome, and need Drugs and medi-
cines, will find it to their interest to
call upon him. They will find every
variety of the most pure and genuine
articles, and the proprietor a most cor-
rect, accommodating and gentlemanly
man, altogether worthy of their confi-
dence and patronage.

The City Council of Atlanta has
by a vote of 6 to 4 appropriated ten
acres, within the corporate limits as a
spot for the erection of a monument to
Abraham Lincoln.

The City Council would have done
better to have appropriated the proceeds
of the sale of these ten acres to feed
their starving poor, made so by the war.
If they will but leave one of hundreds
of burnt and blackened ruins, left after
the destruction of the city in Sherman's
devastating march, it will be a more ap-
propriate monument to Abraham Lin-
coln, than any they can possibly erect.

REMEDIES FOR FARMERS.—All heads of fam-
ilies should bear in mind the great importance
of selecting genuine remedies for the use of
their families. Buy with reason, judgment &
discretion. Buy those which are prepared by
physicians who are experienced in Southern
treatment. Buy those which you think are
best. The "Great Southern Preparations" are
a class of family medicines prepared specially
for the Southern people by Southern physi-
cians. See advertisement.

MEDICAL AUTHORITIES have announced that
not less than ONE-FIFTH of the entire popu-
lation of the United States are afflicted with
Neuralgia in some form. Surely the man who
can safely remove such a vast aggregate of
pain is a great public benefactor. Such is
Doctor Turner, of Boston, in Massachusetts.
His "UNIVERSAL NEURALGIA PILLS" is promou-
ed on all hands, to be an entirely harmless
and perfectly certain remedy for this most
torturing of all known diseases.
See Advertisement in another column.

It May be a Blessing.

Perhaps the failure of cotton, says
the Albany (Ga.) News, over which
there is so much murmuring at present,
may be a blessing in the end. If we
had been successful in our cotton, there
would have been an increased crop next
year, much to the damage of the planter.
Last year and the year before whatever
money was gathered from cotton went
to the great West for corn and bacon.
This year Providence has given us a
grain crop and we will make our bread.
Therefore, with a moderate grain crop,
we will have more money for actual
comforts than before, with cotton at the
present price; we shall have an increase
in our wheat, corn, oats and hay crop
next year. This will greatly enhance
our prosperity; we can eat bread not
borrowed or bought on a credit but
raised by ourselves. Let cotton much
or little be made, we will be able to live,
and notwithstanding decrees of Govern-
ment officials, our prosperity will in-
crease, and whether freedom will work
or not, of our bread we shall be sure—
Let us take courage and go to work, and
much that now seems lost may be found.

A Photograph of Congress.

The following is the best photograph
of the disunion Congress we have seen.
The Boston Post is responsible for it:

The present Congress is a political
manicure, where all sorts of animals—
clean and unclean, mostly one can—
are gathered to snarl and growl at each other,
and prey upon the nation. Monkeys
that prey upon Nabby's nuts, climb
to an indecent height, while the hyenas
employ their flanks in seeking the
graves of the dead before decay has
commenced its work. Our noble dele-
gates in Washington accuse each other
of falsehood, treason, murder, bribery,
and, in many cases, prove the truth of
their allegations. Ignorance, and the
small creatures who have been raised
by faction and sycophancy, imagine
themselves the political Brobdignags of
creation, destined to sway the actions of
the world, and get re-elected to a salary
of five thousand dollars. Wade—who
doesn't know enough to preside intelli-
gently over the deliberations of the Sen-
ate—is coarse, vulgar, vindictive, and
has but one redeeming quality; that is
paternal love, exhibited in repeating
"Mother Goose's Melodies."

Schenck expressed a desire for the
President's scalp; Logan wants him
hung, while Ashley finds a congenial
associate in the person of Mr. Con-
over. Logan, who was prepared to lose
his arm before he would raise it
against the South, when the rebellion
commenced—is for trampling the Con-
stitution, laws, usages, rights and all
other marks of independence under foot,
if party interest or prejudice suggest
such outrage and oppression. And so
we go on. Congress usurps all power—
assumes the part of Supreme Dicta-
tor; the people are made to crawl be-
tween its legs and offer thanksgiving
that they were not crushed entirely by
the giant's feet. How long is this to
be endured? Is the unjust claim of
"loyalty" to cover such iniquity?
Is the stolen garment of patri tism to hide
such treason forever? Or will the peo-
ple strip hypocacy of its disguise and
expose to the whole country its hideous
features, defying its machinations.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM LONDON.

London, Oct. 3.—The midnight Ital-
ian reports yesterday are starting. A
Florence dispatch says the Viterbo out-
break is unquelled.

Orvieto has been captured by the in-
surgents who are holding all the roads
leading to it.

The papal commander demanded as-
sistance from the Italian Government
which was refused. The revolt is un-
doubtedly serious, causing alarming ap-
prehensions of an interruption of the
friendly relations between France and
Italy.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct. 4.—Official ad-
vices received here state that 800 head
of cattle, stolen by the Indians from
Texas, are held at Fort Ba-comb, sub-
ject to the order of the owners on proof
of property.

The following preliminary proceed-
ings occurred at Albany:

Resolved, That the organization
known as the Tammany Hall organiza-
tion, is the regular organization of the
Democratic party of New York.

Resolved, That the delegates to this
Convention, recognize the delegation
from the county of New York, repre-
senting the section of the Democratic
party known as the Mozart Hall, as
sound democrats of unexceptional fideli-
ty to the principles and nomination of
the democratic party of the State, we
tender them honorary seats in the Con-
vention.

On motion the German delegation
was included.

New York, Oct. 5.—Garibaldi has
issued an address, urging his friends on
to Rome.

A Garibaldi meeting has been held at
Tara.

It is reported that the Papal troops
have been beaten at Vagnara.

New Orleans, Oct. 5.—The inter-
ments from fever up to six o'clock this
morning 59.

Richmond, Oct. 6.—Mr. Davis trial
will certainly take place in November.
The council on both sides are ready.
He is expected to arrive here about the
25th of October.

Savannah, Oct. 6.—The weather is
cool and it has been raining in torrents
all day.

Reports from Florida and south-
west Georgia are very gloomy, heavy
rains being reported.

Wilmington, Oct. 6.—Weather warm
with continued rains.

The whites here take but little inter-
est in local politics, but are anxiously a-
waiting news from the Northern elec-
tion.

Mobile, Oct. 6.—There were three
interments from yellow fever for 24
hours ending at six o'clock this even-
ing.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Col. Parker,
of Grant's staff, has been sent to Raleigh
and Charleston to look after certain
treasury interests involving, it is said,
over a million dollars. Particulars have
not transpired. Parker was detailed at
the request of Secretary McCullch. It
is suggested from the character of the
detail being purely military, that there
is some trouble with the freedman's bu-
reau or the district commander.

Mobile, Oct. 7.—Deaths from yellow
fever since Sunday up to 4 o'clock this
evening 4, caused by the sudden change
in the temperature.

New Orleans, Oct. 7.—The evening
papers have accounts of a town ulcers
gale at Galeson on Thursday, 34 in-
cidents involving the damage to wharves,
vessels, goods and buildings at a million
do lares. It is the highest overflow since
October, 1857.

New York, Oct. 3.—Flour dull and
irregular, and favors buyers.
Gold 45.

Havana, via Key West, Oct. 7.—
Intelligence is received per French
steamer Louisiana, just arrived from
St. Thomas, to the effect that a furious
engagement took place Fort Beasson on
the borders of St. Domingo, but on Hay-
tien soil. The Haytian revolutionists,
specially opposed to President Solvave,
were possession of the fort, and hoisted
a white flag; but while Solvave's troops
proceeded to take possession they were
fired on and cut to pieces by the rev-
olutionists. Some members of the first
families of Port-au Prince are among the
fallen.

Richmond, Oct. 8.—In view of the
trial of Mr. Davis double the usual
number of petit jurors have been order-
ed to be summoned for the fall term of
the court.

Hon. James Lyons was to-day furn-
ished with a copy of the indictment
against the accused.

General Wells, of Alexandria, it is
understood, is engaged on the side of
the prosecution.

The prosecuting attorney, Chandler,
leaves to night for New York to consult
with Mr. Evitts, who assists him.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The Cincin-
nati Gazette and the Commercial tele-
graph here that negro suffrage is defeat-
ed in Ohio by 50,000 majority. The
Legislature is Democratic but they claim
Hayes' election by 3,500.

Private dispatches make Thurman's
election highly probable.

No figures from Iowa yet.

Cary's majority 904. Republican
loss 2,800. The amendment is defeated
by 5,000 in Hamilton county.

"Another and yet Another Straw."

The New York Times plays a new
trick—a good one this time—it says of
the bithy of the Southern people:

There seems to be far more dread in
the North of "negro supremacy" in the
Southern States than there is among the
whites of the South itself. The South-
ern people, in fact, appear resigned to
whatever may be their fortunes in a way
that is truly marvelous. Their submis-
sion to the power of the North and the
legislation of Congress is absolute, and
no developments whatever have any in-
fluence in arousing them to anything
like active political opposition. Ten-
nessee is the only one of the rebel
States where we observe signs of politi-
cal feeling, and there it is very bitter;
but Tennessee is not on the same footing
as the States that lie south of it. It is
by no means desirable, in a republican
government like ours that this lethargic
condition of so large a proportion of
the population should become perma-
nent.

Another Conservative Victory.

The late election in Maryland result-
ed in another complete and glorious
triumph. The Radicals were beaten to
the tune of twenty thousand. The ad-
option of the new Constitution assures
to the people of that State a Republican
form of Government, and does away
with the infamous innovations of the
small clique of corrupt political despera-
does who obtained control of the govern-
ment by force of bayonets during the
war. Maryland is now free in name
and fact. The glorious tide of victory
sweeps on unchecked, and everywhere a
people warried with abuse and outrage
are asserting their rights.

Savannah News

A CASE OF YELLOW FEVER IN BAR-
LOW COUNTY.—The *Catersville Express*,
of yesterday, contains the following:

"There was a case of yellow fever in
this county last week. The gentleman,
whose name we did not learn, was a
brother-in-law of Col J. L. Rowland,
of this county, and had stopped with
Col R. as he was passing through the
country from the West, where he had
contracted the disease. He died on
last Saturday at Col R's residence, and
his remains were sent back to Texas,
his home, for interment."

Obituary.

Died of Peritonitis, at her residence
in Calhoun County, Ala., on the 23rd
ult., ARABELLA HOLCOMBE, wife of L.
B. Holcombe, after a brief illness of 44
hours.

She attached herself to the Methodist
Episcopal Church at an early age, and
was a lively member of the same until
her death. She was loved by all who
knew her. She leaves behind a sorrow-
ing husband, an affectionate son, and an
infant daughter 15 months of age.
Deceased was at the time of her death
in her 38th year.

Mr. Editor:

Allow me through your
columns to pay a last sad tribute of
friendship to the memory of one departed.

Died at his father's residence, WIL-
LIAM M. FINLEY, on the night of the
3rd inst., after a long and painful ill-
ness from bronchitis and typhoid fever
—aged thirty-two years. Thus has
passed away in the early years of man-
hood, one of our noblest and best young
men. At home, in the quiet pursuits
of civil life, and on the tented field,
the humble writer of this notice knew the
deceased intimately. For a number of
years he had belonged to the Pres-
byterian Church. The opening bloss-
oms of his christian faith never droop-
ed or faded, but continued to unfold
the growing petals until fully expanded
in Heaven. With a disposition kind &
amiable, he exhibited a character noble,
high-toned and patriotic. In his con-
duct through life he combined the ele-
ments and practice, both of natural and
revealed religion: generous and forgiv-
ing to his enemies, faithful to and tena-
cious of his friends, affectionate to his
family, charitable and liberal in all
his relations, he was a light in the
church, an example in society, and an
honor to his family. In the capacity of
a soldier he nobly served his country
with honor to himself and credit to the
cause he espoused—ever exemplifying
the true soldier exempt from the petty
passions and prejudices that generate
discord and debase the nobler nature of
man. With christian rectitude he pass-
ed through the dissipation and vices
incident to camp, to which many of our
Southern youths have yielded a willing
servitude. But alas! when all danger
seemed to have passed, and the how of
promise was rising again upon his sky,
disease came to crush his hopes and dis-
appoint the fondest expectations of those
he loved. After three long months of
suffering, conscious of his immediate
dissolution, he turned to the dear ones
who had mournfully watched his suffer-
ing, and in expiring breath asked them
to meet him in heaven. Parents, fam-
ily, friends, suffer no more under the
stern control of sorrow. Let the dying
words of the dear departed be a balm of
sure relief to your stricken hearts. He
sings the song of peace "around the
throne of God in Heaven" Bright,
pure and blessed world! There alone
is life without death—beauty without
blemish—bloom without decay.

E. L. WOODWARD, Is Receiving his Stock of Fall and Winter GOODS,

Which he offers as cheap as can be
afforded.

His Assortment is General.

If you consider him worthy of patron-
age, he will be pleased to receive it,
and duly appreciate any favors received.
—Terms, Cash. Oct. 12, 1867.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND,
WILL open on Monday the 14th Oct'r,
Her Stock of

Millinery;

At first door East of Copeland's Store.
Comprising almost every useful article indis-
pensable for Ladies use.

She has secured the services of MISS
McKENZIE, a superior Dress Maker and Mil-
liner. Dresses, Cloaks, Saques, Paltots, cut
and fit, at very reasonable prices. HATS &
BOXXES altered and Trimmed.
I will keep constantly supplied with latest
patterns, and good assortment of Trimmings
for Dresses and Cloaks.
Hope to receive the encouragement of my
friends. Oct. 12, 1867.

Notice.

THOSE indebted to the estate of Sims
Kelly, dec'd will save cost by calling on
me at Jacksonville and settling. I have wait-
ed long, and have been hard pressed to get
money enough to pay the taxes. Securities
may save money by urging the principals to
pay up. S. C. KELLY, Ex'r.
Oct. 12, 1867.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

P. L. TURNLEY,
(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

Announces to the public that
he has and is receiving a very
superior stock of Drugs, medi-
cines, chemicals, Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes,
Oils, Lamps, etc. etc. and
Groceries of all kinds and feels
confident that he can please all
of his Alabama Customers and
Friends that will call on him or
send their orders. Recollect he
may be found at his old commodious stand
No. 3, under the CHOICE HOTEL, Rome, Ga.



**A SAFE
CERTAIN,
AND
Speedy Cure
FOR
NEURALGIA,
AND ALL
NERVOUS
DISEASES.**

Its Effects are
Magical.

It is an EXHAUSTIVE REMEDY in all cases of
Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect
cure in less than twenty-four hours, from
the use of no more than two or three PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Dis-
ease has failed to yield to this wonderful
REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neu-
ralgia and general nervous derangements,
—of many years standing,—affecting the entire
system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks
at the utmost, always the most astonishing
relief, and very rarely fails to produce a com-
plete and permanent cure.
It contains no drugs or other materials in
the slightest degree injurious, even to the
most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used
with PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many
of our MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS, who give it
their unanimous and unqualified approval.
Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.

One package, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents.
Six packages, 5.00, " 27 "
Twelve packages, 9.00, " 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers
in drugs and medicines throughout the United
States, and by

TURNER & CO. Sole Proprietors,
120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
Oct. 12, 1867.

By the Governor of Alabama,

A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
STATE OF ALABAMA.
WHEREAS, information has reached this
Department, that an atrocious murder
was recently committed in Cleburne county
upon the body of Michael Pressall; and
Whereas, it is formally charged, that the
said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH
MARKS; and it appearing that the said
Marks has fled from justice, and is still
running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating
the outraged law, and having the murder-
er brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Pat-
ton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by
virtue of the power and authority in me re-
posed, do issue this my proclamation, offering
a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars

to any person who may arrest the said Jo-
seph Marks, and deliver him into the custo-
dy of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand, and the
city of Montgomery, this 5th
day of June, A. D. 1867, and
of the Independence of the United
States of America the
ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.
BY THE GOVERNOR,
MICHAEL TAYL,
Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and
heavy built, weighs about one hundred and
seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five
years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair,
which was quite long when he fled; his com-
plexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The second
toe on the left foot has been cut, so that
it hangs down. The first and third toes on
the same foot, incline towards each other, and
nearly if not quite touch.

Pay Up!

Yes, the time has arrived. Wheat
is ready for market, and, you can get a
fair price. I expect punctuality, for
"Old things are done away."
So call in at once and pay
E. L. WOODWARD.
July 20th, 1867.

S. & T. J. MORGAN, GROCERY

AND
Commission Merchants,
OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assort-
ment of choice Groceries, for sale on the
most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the
Tax on Cotton and attend to its ship-
ment to the best houses in Selma; Mo-
bile or New Orleans.

Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of
O. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Mor-
gan, are respectfully requested to come forward
and make payment.

P. ROWAN Is now receiving the largest stock of GOODS

Ever brought to this market since the com-
mencement of the war. All are invited to
call and examine his stock, with the assurance
that they cannot fail, out of the great variety,
to be suited both in quality and price.
Jacksonville, Oct. 5, 1867.

JUST PUBLISHED. NEW WORK ON SINGING. BASSINIS

Twenty Melodic Exercises,

IN FORM OF

SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR

MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,

INTENDED AS

Studies to acquire the Art of Sing-
ing.

"These exercises were composed to be used
simultaneously with his system, 'THE ART
OF SINGING,' or with any other method for
the cultivation of the voice, and will take the
place of CONCONE'S SOLFEGGIOS; being
more melodious and better adapted for
teaching."

"Some of these exercises are specially beau-
tiful as well as useful, a mingling of the *duce*
et cetera, which seems to the interest as well
as the improvement of the student. The va-
rious styles developed in these exercises ren-
der them invaluable in an educational point
of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelli-
gence of the pupil. They must be studied
carefully with reference to the innumerable
marks of expression and forms of ornamenta-
tion. Upon the minute accuracy with which
these are accomplished depends the actual ster-
ling advancement of the pupil; any evasion or
slurring in these respects is time and effort
utterly wasted, while, on the other hand a
close and patient investigation, and minutely
directed execution of them, will give unex-
pected power and facility, and open to the stu-
dent the means and resources by which great
artists produce their most brilliant and pro-
found respect.—Watson's Art Journal.

In Two Volumes,

Price, each, in Boards, Retail,.....\$2.00

do. do. in Cloth, Retail,.....2.50

A Sample Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on
receipt of Wholesale Price, \$1.50.

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No. 543 Broadway, N. Y.

Publishers and Dealers in Music, and Manu-
facturers of FLUTES, FIFES, FLAGEOLETS,
&c., &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.

BROWN & PERKINS.

Pianos for the People

420 Broome St., N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public
and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos
in the following styles:

STYLE A, 7 octave Front large round

GLORIOUS NEWS!



OHIO REDEEMED!

THE DEMOCRATS SWEEP THE STATE!

Thurman Elected Governor!

Legislature Certainly Democratic!!

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The Democratic gain near 1,000 votes in Lancaster, Penn., Stevens' own county. A special dispatch from Columbus, O. still shows Thurman's election.

S. S. Cox telegraphs the World that the democrats have swept the whole State completely.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, Oct. 10.—Gen Schofield left to-day for Washington, where he and other district commanders, it is stated, have been called by the President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10.—The Ledger's table includes 59 counties, showing 2,379 majority. Seven counties still to hear from, which gave last year a republican majority of 548.

FROM CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 10.—The Commercial of this morning says that over fifty counties having been heard from, giving Thurman 6,000 majority. The remaining twenty-five or thirty counties, embracing several in the reserve, will certainly reduce these figures, but whether sufficiently to elect Hayes can only be determined by the official count.

The Legislature is hopelessly gone. The Enquirer gives Thurman's majority at 2,169.

In the House the radicals stand 50 to 56 democrats. In the Senate 17 radicals to 19 democrats.

NEW CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND.—The Philadelphia Age makes the following intelligent summary of the advantages that will accrue to Maryland by the adoption of the new Constitution.

The new constitution makes practical the following reforms: First, the abolition of the present school system. Second, the conferring of the veto power on the government. Third, the creation of new checks upon the State and city expenditure. Fourth the denial of the power of the city of Baltimore to send of the legislature and approval of the people. Fifth, the abolition of the test oaths. By the adoption of this constitution the people of Maryland have organized the State upon the broad principles of the legally expressed will of the majority. The convention which framed it was chosen by the people and now their work has been indorsed at the polls. This sets the seal of public approbation upon the instrument and launches the State upon a career of progress and advancement. None of the rights of the minority have been trampled upon. No man has been refused access to the ballot-box on account of his political principle. Maryland has emerged from the cloud suspended over her by a radical tyranny and injustice, adopted a "republican form of government," and now stands the peer of the proudest State in the Union. To the patriotic citizens of the commonwealth of Calvert, who, through years of misrule and oppression, preserved the sacred fire of liberty burning fresh and bright, the result of yesterday is a proud triumph. They have redeemed the State, and thus added a fresh impetus to that reactionary stream, whose current, starting from the bleak hills of Maine, has mingled with golden-hued rills of the queen State of the Pacific. The Democracy of Pennsylvania greet the defenders of the Constitution and the Union in "Maryland, my Maryland!"

A RAILWAY TRAIN TURNED INTO A MAN TRAP.—A branch railway in the Madras Presidency runs through a wild region, the inhabitants of which are unsophisticated savages addicted to thieving. The first day that the line was opened a number of these Arcadians conspired to intercept the train and have a glorious "loot." To accomplish their object they placed some trunks of trees across the rails; but the engine-driver, keeping a very sharp look-out, as it happened to be his first trip on the line in question, descried the trunks while yet they were at a considerable distance from him. The breaks were then put on, and when the locomotive had approached within a couple of feet of the trunks it was brought to a standstill. Then, instantaneously, like Rhoderic Dhu's clansmen starting from their heather—natives, previously invisible, swarmed up on all sides, and, crowding into the carriages, began to plunder everything that they could lay their hands upon. While they were thus agreeably engaged, the guard gave the

signal to the driver, who once reversed his engine and put it to the top of its speed. The regular way judge of the consternation of the robbers when they found themselves whirled backwards at a pace that rendered escape from the carriages impossible. The few who at tempted it were killed on the spot. Thus were our Arcadians nicely caught, and as they were transferred from this novel man trap to jail they no doubt convinced that the "fire brandy" can move progressively and retrogressively with equal facility.

Central Indiana Times

LET THE NEGRO BEWARE.—The New York Citizen, of the 24th, edited by (Miles O'Reilly) Gen Halpin, who served with distinction in the United States army during the war, thus speaks:

The daily papers are making a great muddle over the opinions of the prominent generals and the people at large on the question of recon struction. They tell us that Grant approves of the course of the President, that Thomas agrees with Sheridan, and that Sherman favors the plan of Congress, or vice versa, according to their political bias. We can tell them all that if the Congressional system is to put the South in possession of the negroes, it does meet the views of the people, the soldiers in our fleets, the soldiers in our armies, the merchants at their desks, the farmers at their plows, or any other large body of our citizens. St. Domingo is not what we fought for; we do not want it, and will not have it; and that the negroes, whether white or black, may understand as well first as last. Nations are cruel when driven to despair, and rather than surrender our white nationality, we will massacre and enslave every colored man in the States. This may be bold language and unconventional, but we ask our readers whether it does not meet the configuration of their hearts? We have sacrificed too many whites for a principle to stop at taking the lives of a few worthless blacks.

The Charleston Courier mentions the receipt of new rice in that city in three installments.

The same paper says: The little town of Waldo, Alachua county, Florida, has produced a tomato which has covered a bed eight feet square, almost entirely. This was brought about by the plant's becoming too heavy, and bending to the ground again taking root, and, like the famous banyan tree, went on until it covered the space mentioned. In the latter part of May, the plant commenced bearing and has been known to have near a bushel of fruit on it at one time. By the last part of August it had produced about six bushels of tomatoes, and was still giving a very good supply. The family who owned it used no other and gave away a good quantity.

POLITICAL CHANGES.—The Albany Argus, of Monday, speculating upon the recent political changes in Maine and California, says:

Three weeks from to-morrow elections will be held in the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Iowa. Two of these States, Pennsylvania and Indiana, have been quite closely contested. Last year the Republican majority in Pennsylvania was 17, 178. Should the Democrats gain, proportionately in that State as they have just gained in Maine, the majority against the radicals would be 50,000. In Ohio, at the last election, the Republican majority was 49, 686, and a gain equal to that of Maine would give the Democrats about 12, 000 majority. In Indiana, the Republican majority was last year 14,202, and the Democrats there can have about 35,000 majority next month, by doing as well as their brethren in Maine. Applying the same rule to New York State, and the result would be astounding. Fenton's majority last year was 13,780, and at that rate of gain in Maine, the Democrats would have a majority of about a round 100,000!

DECIDED TONE OF PRESIDENTIAL ORATIONS.—A Washington dispatch of the 26th, to the radical St. Louis Democrat says:

The spirit of the President's paper here is unusually warlike to-day. The Intelligencer after charging that the Constitution is habitually violated, no by mere oversight, but by deliberate combination, to which Congress has introduced all forms of law, concludes as follows: We have carefully examined the great act of union, and we find it prescribe in the oath to the President that he will preserve, protect, and defend it; this is a high path, and involves high obligations to preserve, protect, menace, danger and assault. It does not name the sources of such menace, danger or assault, but leaves it to the President to determine any such public exigency and may demand his intervention, and the shield and force of executive power.

The Evening Union, commenting on the views lately expressed by Senator Howard, and many other Senators who have expressed opinions concerning impeachment, says: "Do these men suppose that the people will permit them to act in a real trial of impeachment? Do they suppose that the revolutionary programme of suspending the President from the exercise of the functions of his office during trial, his sure sentence by such a court as the present senate constitutes, and foisting Wade upon the country as president by such means, is to be quietly proceeded with? If they do they are in a hopeless condition of insanity in the belief that virtue and patriotism is as dead in the hearts of true Americans as is in their own. There is no more sanctity in a re-

bellious, revolutionary and corrupt Congress than in any other body of wicked conspirators, and when such a Congress not only aims a blow at the destruction of our constitutional form of government, but seeks the creation of a complete anarchy and despotism, its power becomes inimical to the rights and liberties of the people and the people will find some means for its destruction. Should the contest of arms come, Congress and its friends would perish like dew upon the lion's mane."

How Executives are Fleeced by the Radical Organs.

Gen. Pope has made a good thing for his Radical organs in compelling public officers to advertise in them, and prescribing no limitation as to price. They have taken advantage of this omission, and piled on from 50 to 62 1/2 per cent. on the customary rates of the country. An Ordinary writes us that "for citations dismissory he is charged \$10, while he has been accustomed to pay heretofore only \$5. We suppose there is no remedy for this imposition. It is necessary in order to support Radical newspapers in the South and the public interest is not to be considered." *Macon Telegraph.*

Gen'l Sherman gives his opinion of negro suffrage, as follows:

I want those who have been in the South to bear testimony to the condition of these freed negroes. My own opinion is that they are not fitted for the exercise of the franchise. (Loud applause.) I want them to get a fair price for their labor but I do not think they are fitted to take part in the legislation of the country. (Renewed cheering.)

[From the New York Herald, 21st ult.]
The Political Reaction at the North—The Causes which Produced it and its Probable Result.

The Radical press, though evidently much alarmed, attempts to explain away the true cause of the Republican losses in Maine and California; but that is a hopeless task. Every one knows the cause is general; that local issues have had little to do with it, and that it lies in the dissatisfaction of people generally with the negro supremacy policy of the Radicals. It is found, in fact, in the common sense and patriotism of the masses of the people revolting against the faithlessness and destructive measures of Congress. But our correspondence shows beyond doubt that an extraordinary reaction is going on in all the great Central States and in the West—general issues as regards negro suffrage and negro supremacy is the same everywhere—the same in Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio and the other States, and the same as entered into the elections in California and Maine. In these latter States, however, the contest was tame compared with what it will be, from a appearances, in the elections to come of during the next two months. There is another important question looming up prominently in the canvass, particularly in Ohio and other parts of the West, and that is the financial question. This threatens to prove as disastrous to the Radicals as their nigger worshiping policy. The Chase Radical policy for perpetrating a moneyed oligarchy and despotism is viewed with as much disfavour in the West, among all parties, as negro supremacy. The mass of the Republicans, as well as the Democrats, are bitterly opposed to the National Bank monopoly, to contraction of the currency, to the both sides being exempt from taxation, and to all the other measures of Chase, Jay Cooke, McCulloch and their friends in favor of a moneyed oligarchy. The industrial classes—the farmers, laborers, mechanics and tradesmen—see ruin starting them in the face if this wretched financial system be perpetuated. They see that an enormous debt will be fastened upon them, their labor taxed beyond forbearance, their means of paying their taxes and debts greatly reduced, and the prospects of universal bankruptcy; and all to favor the National bank monopoly, the bondholders and capitalists. Looking at the rapid growth of public opinion in opposition to the Radical financial policy, there is reason to believe the party will be defeated in the West on this issue alone. The whole tenor of our correspondence indicates such a result.

But the main question occupying the public mind at present is that of negro suffrage and a negro balance of power in the republic. The prospect of the whole South being governed by the ignorant and uncivilized negroes, of those benighted blacks holding the balance of political power in the republic, of taking their seats in Congress, and of dominating over the people of our own superior race, with the degradation and ruin that must follow—these are the thoughts so repulsive to the mass of the Northern people. It is this fearful prospect, brought before us by Radical rule, that has created a revulsion in the public mind, and that will surely overthrow the party that has brought the country to such a deplorable condition. The great reactionary movement of the day is no one in favor of the Democratic party, and least of all in favor of the copperhead faction. The questions at issue are new; old dogmas and platforms have become obsolete. The masses of the people which have voted on both sides are now coming together as a great constitutional party. They are disgusted with the disorganizing and revolutionary conduct of the Radicals, and with the infamous attempt to Africanize the Republic by creating a negro balance of power. That is the real state of things; and if we mistake not the signs of the times the radicals will

be defeated in the great Central States, as well as in the West, at the coming elections. The moderate and conservative Republicans should throw off their destructive leaders, and with others to form the great constitutional party of the future.

Hemlock Leather & Kerosene Oil.—Any person wishing to purchase a good article of Hemlock Leather and Kerosene Oil, can do so by applying to J. M. Carroll, west side of the public square.

Several varieties of Druggists' & Co's. valuable Medicines can now be obtained at the Jacksonville Drug Store.

New Sewing Machine.—We examined the other day a new Sewing Machine, manufactured by Bliss & McCallahan, of Louisville, Ky. This is called the "Common Sense Family Sewing Machine," & comes nearer being what the name indicates, than any of the machines we have ever examined, by its simplicity of construction, its durability, and freedom from complication and liability to get out of order, and if it should, can easily be put in order by any lady using it. It works smoothly, neatly and rapidly, and is warranted by the manufacturers to perform good work for three years. It is cheap and we have little doubt but it will be found more useful and valuable than many descriptions of machines which cost more than three times its price.

Mr J. M. Forbes, of Oxford, is agent for the sale of these machines in this State, and will take the names of persons who may desire them, and deliver the machines at any specified time. Mr. F. will pass through the country; and exhibit a model machine, and in his absence, a note addressed to him at Oxford will be attended to.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a long affliction and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburg, New York.

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, having the same clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway,
New York.

THE MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

A New Feature.

Having determined, in addition to the usual political, miscellaneous and local matter, to devote a column daily and a page weekly to the promotion of the Agricultural, Stock Raising, Domestic and Sporting interests of Alabama, we respectfully solicit contributions or correspondence on these topics. There being no other paper in the State giving special attention to this department, we trust the Advertiser will receive the co-operation and support of those interested.

The politics of the Advertiser are thoroughly independent and conservative, dealing justly and fairly with all men, and holding itself above all factions and all parties, for the good of the State and country.

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REID & SCREWS,
Editors and Proprietors.

**Just Received,
Domestics,
Calicoes, &c.**

By **E. L. WOODWARD.**

M. P. STOVALL, D. E. BUTLER,
Of Augusta, Ga. Of Madison, Morgan co. Ga.

**STOVALL & BUTLER,
COTTON WAREHOUSE,**

AND
**GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AUGUSTA, GA.**

HAVE FORMED A PARTNERSHIP for the purpose of conducting the above business. They will devote their best energies to advance the interests of their customers in the STORAGE AND SALE OF COTTON AND OTHER PRODUCE.

M. P. Stovall is well known as having been successfully engaged for many years in the business.

D. E. Butler is also favorably known as long connected with the Planting interest and public enterprises of the State.

Office and Sales Room, corner of Jackson and Reynolds streets, now occupied by M. P. Stovall. Sep. 28, '67.

Wheat Wanted.

100 Bushel of Wheat wanted, for cash, delivered at Woodward's or Carroll's.

S. D. McCLAREN.

SELMA Advertisements.

**Woolsey, Walker, & Co.
COTTON FACTORS**

AND
**Commission Merchants,
SELMA and MOBILE.**

ARE prepared to advance Bagging, Rope, Ties, Supplies, &c. Money to their friends, and to sell at the highest market price all Cotton and Produce consigned to them at either SELMA or MOBILE. Sept. 7, 1867.—24.

HOGS, MEAT & WOODS.
GROCERS
AND
**Commission Merchants,
SELMA, Ala.**
Central Block, Water Street.

Will keep on hand a complete assortment of Groceries, such as Flour, Corn, Meal, &c. &c. Will also receive and consign for sale Cotton and other produce with freedom of sale.

J. A. Curry, J. H. Aunsbaugh.

J. A. CURRY & CO.

COTTON FACTORS

AND
Commission Merchants,

Water Street, SELMA, Ala.

We will make advances on Cotton and furnish Bagging and Rope to all who favor us with their patronage.

We have good Brick Warehouses constantly under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

Aug. 24, 1867.—6m.

**BOWEN & HOOPER,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS,**

AND DEALERS IN

Western Produce.

Corner Water and Washington Streets, directly opposite the "Tramp House."

Are now opening a full and complete assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, which they offer in packages or at retail at the lowest market rates.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, respectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly attended to.

Thankful for former favors, they will be happy to again meet their old friends, and ask a fair share of patronage from the public generally.

BOWEN & HOOPER.

August 24, 1867.—1y.

**ARNER WILLIAMS,
COTTON FACTOR**

AND
Commission Merchant.

Selma, Ala.

THANKFUL for the patronage again heretofore extended him, he again tenders his services to the public in the sale of Cotton Flour, &c. Will advance Bagging, & Rope to his patrons. A liberal share of patronage respectfully solicited.

Aug 5th, 1867.

WM WHITE, A. J. PHARES.

WHITE & PHARES,

Commission Merchants,

SELMA, ALA.

Sole consignments of
**COTTON, WHEAT,
FLOUR, & other Pro-**

duce.

Liberal cash advances made on shipments. Respectfully refer to the following Merchants:

Messrs. S. & T. J. Morgan, Oxford.

E. Woodward, Jacksonville.

J. D. Hoke, "

P. Rowan, "

July 13, 1867.—6m.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,

(Successor to N. D. Johnson & Co.)

RECEIVING

AND
Forwarding Merchant,

Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at the terminus of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description Consigned to this House will be forwarding promptly and as low as through any house in Selma.

Feb. 16, 1867.—1f.

G. McCONNICO, Selma.

J. A. JONES, Bibb Co.

R. H. CROWELL, Selma.

CENTRAL WAREHOUSE CO.,

RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,

SELMA, ALA.

SPECIAL attention given to the sale and purchase of merchandise and supplies of every description.

We respectfully solicit consignments, on which liberal cash advances will be made, and close storage given in a fire-proof warehouse.

All Goods consigned to Central Ware House will be received directly from Steamboats on a first class Wharf Boat, and not exposed to the weather. No charges for drayage to Railroad depot. March 2, 1867.

Notice.

Those owing the firm of J. L. Pinson & Bro. formerly of Alexandria, Ala. will find their notes and accounts turned over to H. L. Stevenson, Esq. for collection. I have been forced to this arrangement, from the fact that Mr. J. L. Pinson is a non-resident, and I am not able to attend to the business.

F. M. PINSON.

August 10, 1867.

J. G. BELL & BRO., COTTON FACTORS

AND
Commission Merchants,

**WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.**

Special attention given to the Sale & Ship-

ment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited. Sept. 8, 1867.

CHILLS AND FEVER.

Can the Chills be cured in every instance without affecting the head? Is there no medicine that will satisfy our people, that will permanently eradicate all forms of Chills and Fever? Yes, it can be done. What is its name and where can it be had?

BROMGOOLE & CO'S

KING OF CHILLS

Is to-day, the most worthy and substantial Chills medicine now before the Southern people. It never fails to give the most perfect satisfaction in every respect. Every planter should buy one dozen bottles at a time.

BILLIOUS FEVER.

Which is so common on all our rivers, lakes, bayous, swamps, etc. can be easily cured by using our "King of Chills" which immediately attacks the Liver, cleanses the stomach, opens the bowels, and never fails to cure the worst forms of Chills and Fever. Chills are so easily cured by its use, that it is folly to suffer any longer.

FARMERS & PLANTERS

Everywhere could save much time and money among their hands by keeping a constant supply of King of Chills on hand, as it makes quick and permanent cures without affecting the head, and is a powerful tonic to prevent a return.

We appeal to all who suffer with chills.

BROMGOOLE & CO'S

English Female Bitters,

A beautiful medicinal compound, prepared by a class of regular and experienced physicians who have been practicing medicine in the South for twenty years.

This Female Regulator is a powerful Uterine Tonic, arousing the womb to a healthy action, thereby curing painful, suppressed or irregular menstruation, fainting of the Womb, Leucorrhoea or Whites, Uterine and Irritability of the Womb, Swelling, and Glands of the Neck, Prolapsus of the Uterus, Melancholy, Sick Headache, Gravid Disease, Derangement of the Kidneys and Bladder, and all those peculiar complaints affecting

WIFE, MOTHER and SISTER.

Read a few extracts from letters, "English Female Bitters cured me of falling of the Womb." "My wife carried six bottles to Pine Bluff, two bottles cured her of Leucorrhoea and she sold the remainder." "Send one bottle English Female Bitters for Prolapsus and Sick Headache." "Three bottles of English Female Bitters cured my wife of Prolapsus Menstruation." "O, I feel so much better after using English Female Bitters, it strengthens me." "Four bottles of English Female Bitters cured my wife of Falling of the Womb."

BLOOD and BONES

Are composed of certain materials which become greatly changed from the effects of many constitutional diseases, such as Skin Diseases, Eruption on the Face, broken down Constitutions, Shattered Nerves, Effects of Mercury, Scrophula, Glandular Tumors and swellings, and Ulcers, and Sores of long standing and all that class of diseases—here the blood has become impure, and this condition of your blood must be changed. Altered, before you can expect to get well, and for this purpose nothing is better than

BROMGOOLE & CO'S

CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH

Which immediately purifies the blood and restores health.

This Blood Purifier is composed of Sulfuric Acid, Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Burdock and Iodine Potash, and all persons know them to be good, all physicians say so, as well as those who speak from experience.

KIDNEY and BLADDER

Affections which are so common among all classes in the Southern climate, are immediately cured by the use of Bromgoole & Co's Fluid Extract.

Bearberry, Cubebis and Buchu

It will cure Retention or Non Retention of Urine, Gravel, Thick or Milky Urine, Difficulty of Urinating, Pain in the Back, bloody Urine, Melancholy and Evil Fancies, extreme Nervousness, Effects of Habits of Dissipation or Early Abuses, Loss of Power and Memory, affecting old or young, male or female.

Use Great Southern Preparations.

Use Great Southern Preparations.

Use Great Southern Preparations.

Use Great Southern Preparations.

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THE ARTIST' PET.

Two little feet, all brown and bare,
Within my chamber crept—
Two merry, grayish eyes peeped in
To see if still I slept.

A bunch of cherries, rich and ripe,
Upon my easel thrown—
Two little hands, all berry-stained,
Lay captured in my own.

An artist I, and from the North,
And she a southern child;
A little girl of ten or so,
With tender ways, and wild.

A father's house, a farmer's plain,
But kind, was then my home,
And often with the father's child
The woodland I would roam.

She was my guide to many a spot,
Where summer's green-leaved book,
Lay open on the lap of June,
By meadow, field, and brook.

And oft we climbed the fence gray,
To seek our favored seat—
A mossy bank, where flowers drew,
Bright pictures at our feet.

And she would hold my pencil then,
And while my picture grew,
Her large grey eyes would larger grow
With pleasure, and I knew.

That in me little Nettie's heart,
Sweet songs unworried lay—
Sweetest songs whose tender notes & high
Would thrill my soul some day.

I sketched for her the old farm house
The willow leaved high,
As if to weep its slow decay—
The cherry growing by.

And pictures of the hill-side spring
I drew for her, and made
In one a fairy naiad queen—
"This I 'tis I" she said.

And laughed, & threw her arms around
My neck in childish glee,
And kissed the picture o'er and o'er,
Then gave her lips to me.

We parted—and I see her yet
Out by the willow tree,
With grey eyes looking down the road,
All tearful after me.

Ten years passed by, my work was done
My name with high in art,
And then I sought to write it deep
On Nettie's poet heart!

Within the same old chamber now,
Two feet pause at the door,
Then shyly drop their easy steps
Like down across the floor.

A blush, a smile, a tender sigh—
The child to woman grown—
A bunch of blue forget me-nots
Across my easel thrown.

Two greyish eyes, more dreamy now
And darker than of old,
Look up to mine; two wee white hands
Most wilfully I hold.

Two dewy lips, whose rosy light
With kisses oft I hide;
A pure heart throbbing near my own,
For Nettie is my bride!

Habolochitta, Hancock Co., Miss.
Why is a conceited fool like a rifle?
Because he has a vacant space under
the cap.

Why is a fascinating woman like a
successful gambler? Because she has
such winning ways.

An Irishman who had blistered his
fingers by endeavoring to draw on a pair
of boots, exclaimed: "I shall never get
them on at all, until I wear them a day
or two."

"Miss Brown," said a young fellow to
a brisk bunnette, "I have learned to tell
fortunes. Just let me have your hand,
if you please." "La, Mr. White, how
sudden you are! Well, go and ask pa."

A farmer who had employed a green
Emerald, ordered him to give the
mule some corn in the ear. On his
coming in the farmer asked:
"Well, Pat, did you give the mule
the corn?"
"To be sure I did."
"How did you give it?"
"And shure, as you told me, 'in the
ear.'"
"But how much did you give?"
"Well, ye see, the cratcher wouldn't
hold still, and kept switching his ears
about so, I couldn't get but about a fist
ful in both ears!"

Singular Phenomenon.
Eds. Macon Telegraph.—I witnessed
Thursday night one of the strangest and
most impressive phenomena that ever
occurred in the heavens. Between 11
and 12 o'clock, the moon, planets, and
stars shining as clear and brilliant as
any one ever saw them, and not a vapor
anywhere to be seen, a black and ominous
looking cloud, with the suddenness
of thought, leaped into the eastern horizon.
It ascended to the zenith immediately
over the city with the rapidity
of a flying cannon ball, being then at an

altitude of one and a half miles, two
miles, long from north to south and one
mile wide from east to west, the edges
around it beautifully illuminated with
the light of the moon. It was accompanied
by a roaring sound like that of a distant
cannon; but on the earth there was only
the faintest rustle in the foliage.
For a moment the atmosphere was chill-
ingly cold. From the time it first ap-
peared on the eastern horizon was not
exceeding three minutes.

The centre was very dense and black,
and the whole cloud rolling and boiling
like the waters of the sea when lashed
by a furious storm. I presume that this
may be called, for the want of a better
name, a tornado in the heavens.

As an Englishman and Irishman
were passing by a gallows, the former
asked: "Pat, if that gallows had its due,
pray where would you be?" "Och! faith
and I'd be riding to town all alone, was
the quick reply.

An Irishman, writing from Phila-
delphia the other day to his friend in
the old country, concludes a letter thus:
"If ever it's me fortune to live till I
dy—and God now whether it is so—I'll
visit old Ireland afore I lave Philadel-
delly."

A good story is told of camp
meeting John Allen: At a social ga-
thering of ministers of different denomi-
nations, a Baptist brother made a dis-
play of objections to the Methodist policy,
because, as he said, "there was too
much machinery to it." "Yes, responded
brother Allen, 'there is a deal of
machinery, but it don't take so much
water to run it as the Baptist does."

The tin discoveries in Missouri
have created considerable of a panic among
the English tin interests. They say
if half the accounts be true, there
must be an end to tin mining in Eng-
land, where the ore is raised from a
depth of two to three thousand feet.

Gen. Beauregard says that unless
the conservative element of the nation
soon awakens to the dangers which
threaten the liberties of the country, he
confidently believes that its form of gov-
ernment will, ere long, be changed to a
military despotism, after a period of an-
archy more or less prolonged.

Gerrit Smith says, in reference to
the North and South: "The shame of
defeat is nothing when compared with
the shame of abusing the power of suc-
cess."

The President stated to a friend re-
cently that he would resist any effort
of Congress to remove him during his trial
on articles of impeachment.

A Presentiment.
On Saturday, a young man named
James Noble, visited this city to meet
some friends whom he had not seen for
many years. On Monday night he awoke
from a frightful dream, in which his fa-
ther was killed by an assassin. So vivid
was the dream that it was some time be-
fore he could compose himself to sleep
again. He did so, however, and told the
family next morning with whom he was
stopping of his dream. Of course they
said it was very queer, but nothing fur-
ther was thought about the matter. On
the 24th, however, a gentleman brought
the intelligence that the father of young
Noble had, in reality, been robbed and
murdered on last Monday night.

**Mainly Position of the New York
Democrats.**
WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The follow-
ing are among the Albany resolutions:
Resolved, That regarding the national
debt as a sacred obligation, we demand
economy of the administration, honesty
in the collection and application of
revenues, simplification and equality
in taxation and currency for the benefit
of the people, instead of corporations, to
the end that the public faith may be
preserved and the burdens of taxation
lessened.

Resolved, That we denounce the effort
of the Radical party to retain the power
it has usurped by establishing negro su-
premacy in the South by military
force, coupled with the disfranchisement
of the mass of the white population, as
an attempt to undermine and destroy
the Republic; and we stigmatize the re-
fusal of that party in this State to sub-
mit the question of negro suffrage to the
people as a cowardly evasion of a para-
mount issue in the pending struggle.

**The Revival Meeting at the Meth-
odist Church is not yet closed.** About
a hundred have professed conversion
since the meeting commenced—over
five weeks ago—and seventy-one or sev-
enty-two have joined that Church. May
the good work still progress until all
shall feel its saving influence.

Registration in Arkansas.—The
registration of voters in Arkansas has
been completed and the report forward-
ed to Gen. Ord. It is stated that the
registry shows this result: White, 45-
678; negroes, 22,112, total, 67,790.—
White majority, 23,566.

**JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville, Alabama.**

Will practice in the Counties of Calhoun,
Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Chero-
kee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the
State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price
six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature
Treatment, and Radical Cure of
Seminal weakness, or Spermatocor-
rhoea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Emis-
sions, impotency, Nervous Debility, and
Impediments to Marriage generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Phys-
ical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CLIF-
FERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admi-
rable Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical op-
erations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cor-
dials, pointing out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a Boon to
thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Clifferwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers.

CHAS. J. G. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

NEW GOODS. CALICOES, DOMESTICS & WOODWARD

Just Received and For Sale by
June 8, 1867.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.,

All the Cooking for a Family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, with 1 ss trouble, and at less expense, than by any other fuel.

Each article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.
KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
206 PEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.

Principal Office 616 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Ma-
chines. Empire Shuttle, Chain Motion
Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noise-
less in action. Its motion being all positive,
it is not liable to get out of order. It is the
best Family Machine! Notice is called to our
new and improved Manufacturing Machine,
or Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. At-
tention is called to whom a liberal discount will
be given. No consignments made.

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.
CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.
LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, ESQ., PRESIDENT
OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 19, 1867.
J. S. THRASHER, Esq.:
Dear Sir—It affords me much pleasure to
communicate to you the following resolution of
the Southern Press Association:

Resolved, "That as a testimonial of our ap-
preciation for the zealous, faithful and effec-
tive service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as
Superintendent of this Association in years
past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this
Association and confer upon him the com-
plimentary position of Agent of the Southern
Press Association in the City of New York."

The terms of commendation employed in
the above resolution do no more than justice
to your important services during your su-
perintendency—services which none can more
highly appreciate than myself. Should occa-
sion require, I shall be glad to avail myself
of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.
I would respectfully request every daily,
tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and monthly
journal, south of the Potomac and Ohio
rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of lati-
tude West of the Mississippi, to publish this
advertisement twice a week, and send to me at New
York, each time, a copy of the paper contain-
ing it, post paid, with bill for the same.

It is desirable in my combination to se-
cure cheap printing paper for our Southern
journals, that I shall have the fullest particu-
lars regarding the sizes of paper used by
the several publications, and I can procure it
in no other way than by requesting particu-
lar attention to the need of sending copy of
the publication with the bill.

I desire it sent twice to provide against mail
failure, and that they be post paid to secure
prompt delivery.

J. S. THRASHER,
Box 5039 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 say ad
24 Hours to Chattanooga and \$18.00 say ad.

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866,
Trains on this road will run as follows:
Through Passenger & Freight Trains.
Passenger trains will leave Selma
daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M.
will arrive at Blue Mountain at
(except Sunday) at 12 night
will leave Blue Mountain at
(except Sundays) at 4 A. M.
will arrive at Selma (ex-
cept Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains, until further Notice.
Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays
and Fridays at 5:15 A. M.
and arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 P. M.
Will leave Blue Mountain Tues-
days, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.
Arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.
Passenger trains connect at Selma with
boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with
the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vir-
burg, New Orleans and the West. At Blue
Mountain they connect with Taylor, Gilmer
& Co's splendid line of Coaches from thence
to Rome, Ga., and thence by rail to Atlanta,
Savannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all
points North and East.
Through fare from Selma to Kingston on
Western and Atlantic Railroad only \$12.00
E. G. BARNEY,
June 9, 1866. Sup't & Agent for Lessee.

GROVESTEN & CO. Piano Forte Manufacturers,

499, Broadway, New York.

The attention of the public and the trade
is invited to our New Scale, Seven
Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes,
which for volume and purity of tone are un-
rivalled by any hitherto offered in this mark-
et. They contain all the modern improve-
ments—French grand action, harp pedal, iron
frame, over-strung bass, etc.—and each in-
strument being made under the personal su-
pervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEN, who has
a practical experience of over thirty years in
their manufacture, is fully warranted in every
particular.

The "Grovesten Piano-Forte"
Received the highest award of merit at the cel-
ebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the
best makers of London, Paris, Germany,
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York;
and also at the American Institute for five
successive years, the GOLD and SILVER MEDALS
from both of which can be seen at our ware-
rooms.

By the introduction of improvements we
make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by
manufacturing largely, with a strict cash sys-
tem, are enabled to sell these instruments at a
price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices are from \$100 to \$200 cheaper
than any other first-class Piano-Forte.
Terms—No cash in current funds.
Descriptive circulars sent free.
Jan. 12 1867—1y

PHOTOGRAPHIC. E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Mate-
rials,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of photo-
graphic materials we are headquarters for the
following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
Of American and Foreign Cities and Land-
scapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR,
From negatives made in the various cam-
paigns and forming a complete Photographic
history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS,
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the
Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to
any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any
other house, about 300 varieties from 50 cents
to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputa-
tion of being superior in beauty and durability
to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, States-
men, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand
different subjects, including reproductions of
the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings,
Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of
stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods
C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the
amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods
cannot fail to satisfy.

Just published—Stereoscopic Views of
the Interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky, taken
by aid of the new Magnesium Light.
August 31, 1867.

The Jacksonville Female ACADEMY.

The exercises of this In-
stitution will be resumed on
Monday, August 5th, 1867,
under the direction of REV. D. F.
SMITH, Principal, Miss MARY A. TUR-
NLEY, Assistant, and Miss MARTHA E.
FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be
employed if needed.

The course of study embraces all
branches of instruction usually taught in
Academies and High Schools.

**Rates of Tuition per Session of
20 weeks.**

First Class,	\$15 00
2nd "	20 00
3rd "	25 00
4th "	30 00
Music, Extra,	25 00
French "	12 00
Contingent Fund,	2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent. will be made in
favor of those who will pay in advance or
quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period
than four months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases
of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured
that the intellectual and moral improvement
of the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different
Sabbath Schools and Churches in the Town,
as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportuni-
ties for religious instruction, Jacksonville
presents advantages equal, if not superior to
those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole
school, at least once every two weeks,
on some practical, moral or religious topic.
Board can be had in good families on rea-
sonable terms.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.
J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.
A. FRANCIS,
A. ADAMS,
B. C. WYLY,
J. H. PRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS.

July 13, 1867.

Bible Agency.
Rev. E. B. McClellan, has been ap-
pointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society, a
branch of the American Bible Society, Agent
for the sale and distribution of Bibles, and
also for the collection of donations to aid in
that cause. He is commended by the Society
to the confidence, friendship, co-operation
and assistance of members of all religious
denominations, and benevolent friends of mor-
ality and religion generally.

MUSIC LESSONS.
OBERLIN, given by Mrs. M. E.
Francis, commencing with the ses-
sion of the Jacksonville Female Academy.
Pupils can commence at any time dur-
ing the session, and be charged for the time.
Country Produce at the market price taken
in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '66

NEW WOOL FACTORY.

At McKibben's old stand on
Choccolocco Creek, 2 1/2 miles
low Oxford and 2 1/2 above Mun-
ford. This Splendid Machinery
has been purchased with a view
to suit the wants of the Southern people, be-
ing clothed in timely with a superior quality
of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to
give satisfaction where the wool is properly
prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the
Depot at Munford and returned free of charge.

Our old friends and the public generally
are respectfully invited to call and examine
our machinery.
McKIBBON & BROTHER.
June 22, 1867.—3m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.

THIS popular Summer resort having been
placed in thorough repair, and furnished
with new furniture, will be opened for visit-
ors on the 1st of June under the direction and
control of the undersigned proprietors of the
American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.

Montvale presents the strongest attractions
to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no
less on account of its retirement and beauty
of its surrounding scenery, than of the ther-
apeutic powers of its waters. We have re-
duced the price of board to the lowest figures
consistent with a proper provision for the en-
tertainment of our guests.

Board per day \$3 00, per week \$20 00,
per month \$60 00, with an allowance for
families. Travelers by rail reach the Springs
by special conveyance from London, or by
regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville
Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.
**PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.**
E. COOKE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood-
ward's Store.
June 16, 1866

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.

A house containing four large rooms
and two entries, suitable for a boarding
house, with kitchen, smoke-house, and a
good garden, with choice fruit trees, and
well watered, will be rented on good
terms. For particulars enquire at this
office.
April 20, 1868.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE! The Home Comfort!

H. G. NOBLE,
DEALER IN
Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the
public that the above named COOK-
ING STOVES, which is rapidly
coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen
at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin
streets. Having the advantage of twenty-
five years' experience in the business, he can
safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as
being superior to any other ever offered in this
market. It is more convenient, durable and
economical, and therefore the most desirable.
Call and see for yourself.

H. G. NOBLE.

SPUN COTTON; FOR SALE; At Wholesale and Retail; BY E. L. WOODWARD.

Sewing Machine for Sale.
A First-class Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing
Machine, but little worn and in good
order, for sale very low.
Enquire at this Office.
Feb. 16 67

Notice.

I AM preparing to go North for a Fall stock,
and shall need every dollar that has been
promised me at this time. I hope therefore
that none will fail to meet their engagements
promptly.

If you want cheap goods keep me in funds
and I will furnish them.
P. ROWAN.

Boarding.

FIVE or six young men, who may wish
to go to school or study a profession, can
be accommodated in a private family in this
place, with boarding, lodging, room, fire-
wood and lights, at \$15 per month, one half
or more taken in produce at the market price.
For further information, enquire at this Office.
Jacksonville, August 10, 1867.

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law

AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice Law in the counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne,
Cherokee, Burke, St. Clair and L. Kall; in
the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U.
S. District Court, No. 10th and Middle Divi-
sion of Alabama.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
public, that they have procured the large
and commodious Livery stable recently kept
by Mr. J. H. Sargent, and will be prepared to
accommodate all persons who may wish to
hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle Horses. They
will also feed transient horses and mules, and
be prepared to work Gardens and Patches,
and have Horses and Mules for sale upon ad-
vantageous terms to purchasers.

They will endeavor to be at all times pre-
pared to accommodate promptly those who
may desire their assistance, and therefore so-
licit a liberal patronage.

R. H. WYNNE & CO.
Jacksonville, Feb. 2, 1867.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties of his
profession in all its branches.
Office N. W. Corner of Public
Square,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1866—4f

DR. C. C. PORTER, Surgeon Dent

Jacksonville Republican.

VOL. 31.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. OCT. 19, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1594.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. E. GRANT.

What the whole Northern Press says of the Elections.

The World's special says:

The friends of the Administration are confident of important changes in the Cabinet; to be followed by a wholesale decapitation of under officials. The President will take a stand which will astonish the country. Thomas Ewing and E. Corning are mentioned for Secretary of the Treasury. Secretary Seward will probably send his resignation from Auburn, and Hon. Reverdy Johnson is spoken of as his successor.

The same paper editorially says:

The elections are an indignity and unanimous veto upon the policy of the party in power.

The Herald's special says:

There are all manner of rumors regarding Cabinet changes. It is probable that some changes will be made before the session of Congress, but none have yet been determined upon.

The same paper editorially says:

The recent elections do not denote democratic victories, but that the republican element of the country has stopped aside to rebuke its leaders.

The N. Y. Times' special has good authority for the statement that the President has announced that, in view of the recent elections, he would make some changes in the Cabinet.

The same paper editorially says:

The elections indicate no increased confidence in the democratic party, but simply a reaction against the extreme acts and measures of the republican party, and convey admonition which ought to be salutary to the leaders.

The Tribune's special says:

The President will be serenaded Thursday night, when he will define his future policy. It is generally believed changes will be made in the Cabinet. It is stated that ex-Governor Seymour will succeed Seward; F. P. Blair, McClelland and Ewing are named for the war office. Gen. Howard is to be sent to the plains and Judge Holt got rid of.

The proposed serenade was peremptorily forbidden by the President.

Editorially, the same paper says:

The vital principles of genuine democracy will march on through seeming defeats to inevitable and conclusive triumph, through whatever trials of inconsistency, the great party will move right on to arduous but inevitable achievement of equal rights for all.

The Journal of Commerce, editorially says:

The republican leaders vainly thought they could lead the whole nation to the consummation of the wildest and most unconstitutional projects, but the more thoughtful of the mass refused to follow. If the elections do nothing more than check party arrogance, the effort will not have been lost.

The Sun says:

The masses of the Northern people desire a reconstruction policy giving security against further rebellion, and are opposed to the spiteful schemes of the republican extremists. Through the elections they have spoken, and if the republican party would save itself further reverse it must cast overboard the vagaries of certain leaders.

The Danville (Ky.) Advocate says: Owing to the continued dry weather, our farmers in this section of the State have not been able to prepare their ground for sowing wheat etc., and it is now getting too late to commence, even if we should have a change in the weather. But few bogs will be fattened for the market here, compared with last year. There is a marked decline in beef cattle, and a very general disposition on the part of holders to get rid of the stock now on hand.

The Great Drought.

The Sandusky Register has the following in regard to the great drought that is desolating Northern Ohio:

Never, in the memory of the living, has Northern Ohio suffered such a drought as is now prevailing. For nearly three months hardly anything to be called a shower has fallen in this part of the Reserve. Everything in the way of foliage is parched, blackened, and covered with dust. Cisterns long since went dry, and now nine-tenths of the wells are nearly exhausted. In some cases the wells are driven six miles to water, and in some miles back from the shore people depend upon the lake for water. Last week water was hauled from the lake at Sandusky to Bellevue—twenty miles by

railroad, inland. In some localities water hauled a great distance is sold by the pailful, for cooking and washing purposes. The dust fills the air and creeps everywhere. It steals through the window blinds, and sifts through the roofs, covering furniture with a coating of grit, and worrying the life out of housekeepers, who stand, dusting brush in hand, looking in despair on the strangling flood of dust. The lake alone seems to be unaffected by the prolonged dryness; but if rain be much longer delayed we shall expect to hear of vessels aground in the midst of Lake Erie, and yawl boats stranded in the mud in our deepest harbors! The great drought reaches from Rochester, N. Y.—in a belt of about two hundred miles in width.

The way the Whites and Blacks were Swindled.

Barbour County.—A great many negroes had the idea that unless they went to Clayton and voted they would be fined fifty dollars and otherwise punished, and we heard of one instance of a negro man getting up out of a sick bed and starting for Clayton, although entirely unable to travel, saying to those who remonstrated with him that he had better do that than be fined fifty dollars and otherwise punished. So fully impressed were they with this idea that no amount of assurance from their white employees could convince them of the contrary. Many of them went to the polls armed, and a four mule wagon loaded with muskets was carried to the public square at Clayton, we suppose for the benefit of those who did not have arms in case of an emergency.

Enfada News.

Lee County.—It was curious, and to the philosophic mind none less instructive to observe the League subs. how faithfully they performed their parts in drilling and martialing this wretched mass. The column pressed up and closely guarded; there was agents whose business it was to go up and down the line to see if the negroes all had Radical tickets. Some tickets that negroes had in hand were taken away and others placed in them. Men were heard to tell the negroes not to open nor allow others to open the tickets given them, but to vote it just so. Others were heard to use threats to the negroes of what would be done with them if they did not vote as they were instructed. Instances are known of negroes voting twice, once for themselves and once for Jim, who could not come. Many of the creatures went from the poll declaring that they did not know how they voted, nor who they voted for. Once in the "bull pen" their agency and responsibility passed into other hands.—Opelika Recorder.

Russell County.—Our report on yesterday of the votes given in was essentially correct. The total number polled was 1806, only 2 of which were given by whites. The number registered in the county, before the registers made their late revision, was 3,482. We do not know how this number was affected by the revision.

All the ballots, it is said, were closely scrutinized by white Radicals, and in many instances the tickets which the freedmen were carrying to the ballot box were taken from them and others substituted. The complete control of most of the negroes by a few Radicals who took them in charge was thoroughly disgusting. They never were so entirely subject to the will and control of their old masters.—Col. Sun.

GOOD BYE RADICALISM!

The Mail's dispatches, received late last night, announce the gratifying intelligence that the Democrats have achieved a glorious victory in Ohio and Pennsylvania. This news sounds the death knell of Radicalism and the Congressional usurpation policy.

Radical papers of Cincinnati admit that negro suffrage has been defeated in Ohio by 50,000 majority, and concede that the Democrats have carried the Legislature as well as elected their Governor. Colonel Swayne should immediately return to Ohio and reconstruct his native State!

The Democrats have also carried Pennsylvania by 9,000 majority. The republican majority in this State last year was 17,000. This is a glorious victory for the Democrats; and the Conservatives of the South can truly send greetings to their friends in the North and West.—Montgomery Mail.

The Atlanta Intelligencer, of yesterday, referring to Mrs. Lincoln's despicable condition, suggests as very appropriate a donation of "ten more acres of land" by the dirt eating majority of the City Council of that city.

The New York Herald says that "there is not a single great soldier of the country, there never was a corps commander in the Army of the Potomac who was not a Democrat before the war."

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25...11

Something New, Useful and Saleable!

Hawhurst's Soluble Blue and Bleaching Powder.

"TABLE MANN" for Family Use, "NATIONAL WASHING FLUID" "STARCH POLISH" "MAGIC SOLDERING FLUID" "INDIAN PAIN EXPELLER" "Good Samaritan's Liniment" Silver Solution, &c. &c.

FAMILY RIGHTS FOR SALE

1000 Agents Wanted. Male and Female.

A good reliable agent wanted in every town to take entire control, for his neighborhood, of several of the best, most saleable and profitable articles of every day life ever presented to the public. Profits large—satisfaction guaranteed. The right man or woman can make from \$10 to \$20 a week easily. Exclusive stamps for full description and illustrated catalogue. Samples sent free. Exclusive control of territory given. Address, New York Manufacturing Co., 27 Park Row, New York.

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STEAM ENGINE

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

ROME, GA.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power

Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,

Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks,

BLAST PIPES,

COTTON PRESSES,

SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR

Rolling Mills,

Blast Furnaces,

Railroads,

Saw & Grist-mills, &c

CASTINGS.

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.

Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery

For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;

All kinds of Machinery and

BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.

Jas. Nobles, Jr., Thos. P. Mitchell, Cash.

JOHN W. NOBLE, Master Mechanist & Draughtsman

WM. NOBLE, GEORGE NOBLE,

SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.

July 21, 1866

ATTENTION:

Notice to Debtors.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Stevenson & Pinson, either by note or account, are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and make payment.

We sold our Goods at cash prices on short time, for your accommodation, and you ought to see to it, that we are not disappointed, and our business impeded by your long neglect and delay. We need money and must have it, and know of no other or better way to obtain it, than from those who owe us.

STEVENSON & PINSON.

Jacksonville, July 6, 1867.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned, respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to execute Blacksmith work of every description, in the neatest and most durable manner, and at prices as favorable as any other workmen. Their shop is near the Stage Stable, on the west side of Main street, south of the public square. One of us formerly worked with Mr. A. Adams, to whom he refers for information relative to his ability to do good and faithful work.

Terms cash, or Produce at market price.

STEPHEN L. McLEAN,

STEPHEN L. HOKE.

Jacksonville, June 29, 1867.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

"WOOD'S" PRIZE

MOWERS AND REAPERS!

Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the First Premium, GRAND GOLD MEDAL.

The PRIZE MOWER,

While it retains all the advantages which have made it so universal a favorite, is greatly improved by the addition of

Steel Lined Guards,

New Pitman Connections,

Stronger Knives,

Spring Seat,

Adjustable Folding Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

The SELF-RAKE REAPER!

Justly called the "Victor of every contest" is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Mowing Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Rake Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

The HAND RAKE REAPER,

Is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered.

It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which it is managed, and its changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the

WALTER A. WOOD

Mowing & Reaping Machine Co

Ironsick Falls, N. Y.

GENERAL SALESROOMS,

40 Courtlandt Street, N. Y.

206 Lake Street, Chicago.

FOREIGN OFFICE,

77 Upper Thames Street, London.

Descriptive Catalogues sent on application. April 13, '67.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

ALABAMA STREET,

Atlanta Georgia.

WHITE and WHITE, Proprietors.

BRYSON and WILEY, Clerks.

WILLIAM J. SHARP'S

Improved Billiard Tables,

With his PATENT CUSHIONS,

Well known to be superior to any now in use.

Manufactured by the

W. J. SHARP

Manufactory, 43 Mercer St., N. Y.

THE great popularity of SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES has rendered it necessary to make arrangements, in order to supply the increasing demand, and he is now prepared to fill any order with which his patron, or the public generally may favor him.

W. J. Sharp having had practical experience for nearly twenty years, in the manufacture of Billiard Tables, and having made a number of valuable improvements, he guarantees a Table, which for elasticity of touch, mechanical elegance of appearance, will challenge competition.

His newly invented patent Cushions having been pronounced by the most competent judges to be superior to any now in use, he is enabled to furnish the best Billiard Table manufactured in the United States, and sustain the name which Sharp's Tables so justly have acquired.

Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to. Send for descriptive circular and price list.

W. J. SHARP.

43 Mercer Street, New York.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY,

ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.

Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal,

Rev. R. J. C. HART, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 29th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose.

Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical.

The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community.

The Expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$20 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for good board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session.

All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support.

For further particulars address the principal, or

G. B. DOWD,

Secretary Board of Trustees.

Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

DURYEE'S VIOLINE,

[TRADE MARK.]

A New Writing Fluid.

Of a Beautiful Violet Color,

ALSO

VIOLINE COPYING FLUID,

To Copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Manhattan Ink and Color Co.

49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers.

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO

THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL,

90 Cents Per Gallon.

Invented by G. DURYEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that alumen gives to oil from linseed all its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of alumen with any other oil would make it equally valuable.

Knowing the prejudice against a new oil, especially after the odium of many failures, we have awaited severe tests before entering the arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil with those who use it. We dare say this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours!

With zinc it gives the lustre of Damar varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of coped varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to

The Mosely Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York.

G. Whitlock, Brook- F. Long, New York.

Ign. Nary Vard, Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific

J. C. Follows, N. Y. S. S. Co., N. Y.

New York, Nov. 16, 1867.

To MANHATTAN PAINT OIL CO.

I take pleasure in stating that I have used your Paint Oil on wood and iron, with different kinds of paint, and have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it makes a better coating than linseed, and that, for all purposes where exposed to weather, is much preferable.

Yours, J. T. WILBURN.

Brown Metallic Paint, 34 cents per lb.

Varnish for Housework, and First Coats Furniture, \$2 per gallon.

SOLD BY DEALERS IN PAINT OIL, &c

MANUFACTURED BY

The Manhattan Paint Oil Co.,

49 Liberty St., New York.

G. C. ELLIS, J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.

Jan. 6, 1866.

A. A. FITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER, JR.

FITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Fitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr.

J. H. COOPER, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—Gm.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!

LIGHT FOR THE MILLION!

A VALUABLE DISCOVERY!

The Eureka Illuminating Oil

Costs only One Cent for three hour. Cheap,

Clean and Neat. No Smoke. No Offens-

ive Smell. No Grouse. No Chim-

ney. Not Explosive. Costs only

25 Cts. Per Gallon.

No Family should be

without it.

Samples for testing will be sent prepaid, on receipt of 50 cents. County and State Rights for sale on liberal terms, either for Cash, Real Estate or Personal Property. Address,

Eureka Oil Manufacturing Co.,

37 Park Row, New York.



POETRY.

From the New Orleans Sunday Times.
THE ARTIST'S PET.

Two little feet, all brown and bare,
Within my chamber crept—
Two merry, grayish eyes peeped in
To see if still I slept.

A bunch of cherries, rich and ripe,
Upon my easel thrown—
Two little hands, all berry-stained,
Lay captured in my own.

An artist I, and from the North,
And she a southern child;
A little girl of ten or so,
With tender ways, and wild.

A father's house, a farmer's plain,
But kind, was then my home,
And often with the father's child
The woodland I would roam.

She was my guide to many a spot,
Where summer's green-leaved book,
Lay open on the lap of June,
By meadow, field, and brook.

And oft we climbed the fence gray,
To seek our favored seat—
A mossy bunk, where flowers drew,
Bright pictures at our feet.

And she would hold my pencil then,
And while my picture grew,
Her large grey eyes would larger grow
With pleasure, and I knew.

That in me little Nettie's heart,
Sweet songs unworded lay—
Sweet words whose tender notes & high
Would thrill my soul some day.

I sketched for her the old farm house
The willow leaning night,
As if to weep its slow decay—
The cherry growing by.

And pictures of the hill-side spring
I drew for her, and made
In one a fairy land queen—
"Tis I 'tis I!" she said.

And laughed, & threw her arms around
My neck in childish glee,
And kissed the picture o'er and o'er,
Then gave her lips to me.

We parted—and I see her yet
Out by the willow tree,
With grey eyes looking down the road,
All tearful after me.

Ten years passed by, my work was done
My name writ high in art,
And then I sought to write it deep
On Nettie's poet heart!

Within the same old chamber now,
Two feet pause at the door,
Then shyly drop their easy steps
Like down across the floor.

A blush, a smile, a tender sigh—
The child to woman grown—
A bunch of blue forget me-nots
Across my easel thrown.

Two greyish eyes, more dreamy now
And darker than of old,
Look up to mine; two wee white hands
Most willingly I hold.

Two dewy lips, whose rosy light
With kisses oft I hide;
A pure heart throbbing near my own,
For Nettie is my bride!

Habolochitta, Hancock Co., Miss.

Why is a conceited fool like a rifle?
Because he has a vacant space under
the cap.

Why is a fascinating woman like a
successful gambler? Because she has
such winning ways.

An Irishman who had blistered his
fingers by endeavoring to draw on a pair
of boots, exclaimed, "I shall never get
them on at all, until I wear them a day
or two."

"Miss Brown," said a young fellow to
a brisk brunette, "I have learned to tell
fortunes. Just let me have your hand,
if you please." "La, Mr. White, how
sudden you are! Well, go and ask pa."

A farmer who had employed a green
Emerald, ordered him to give the
mule some corn in the ear. On his
coming in the farmer asked:
"Well, Pat, did you give the mule
the corn?"
"To be sure I did."
"How did you give it?"
"And shure, as you told me, 'in the
ear.'"
"But how much did you give?"
"Well, ye see, the cratur wouldn't
hold still, and kept switching his ears
about so, I couldn't git but about a fist
ful in both ears!"

Singular Phenomenon.
Eds. Mucron Telegraph.—I witnessed
Thursday night one of the strangest and
most impressive phenomena that ever
occurred in the heavens. Between 11
and 12 o'clock, the moon, planets, and
stars shining as clear and brilliant as
any one ever saw them, and not a vapor
anywhere to be seen, a black and ominous
looking cloud, with the suddenness
of thought, leaped into the eastern
horizon. It ascended to the zenith im-
mediately over the city with the rapidity
of a flying cannon ball, being then at an

altitude of one and a half miles, two
miles, long from north to south and one
mile wide from east to west, the edges
around it beautifully illuminated with
the light of the moon. It was accompanied
by a roaring sound like that of a distant
cannon; but on the earth there was
only the faintest rustle in the foliage.
For a moment the atmosphere was chill-
ingly cold. From the time it first ap-
peared on the eastern horizon was not
exceeding three minutes.

The centre was very dense and black,
and the whole cloud rolling and boiling
like the waters of the sea when lashed
by a furious storm. I presume that this
may be called, for the want of a better
name, a tornado in the heavens.

As an Englishman and Irishman
were passing by a gallows, the former
asked: "Pat, if that gallows had its due,
pray where would you be?" "Och! faith
and I'd be riding to town all alone, was
the quick reply.

An Irishman, writing from Phila-
delphia the other day to his friend in
the old country, concludes a letter thus:
"If ever it's me fortune to live till I
dy—and God now whether it is so—I'll
visit ood Ireland afore I lave Philadel-
delly."

A good story is told of camp
meeting John Allen: At a social ga-
thering of ministers of different denomi-
nations, a Baptist brother made a dis-
play of objections to the Methodist policy,
because, as he said, "there was too
much machinery to it." "Yes, responded
brother Allen, "there is a deal of
machinery, but it don't take so much
water to run it as the Baptist does."

The tin discoveries in Missouri
have created considerable of a panic a-
mong the English tin interests. They
say if half the accounts be true, there
must be an end to tin mining in En-
gland, where the ore is raised from a
depth of two to three thousand feet.

Gen. Beauregard says that unless
the conservative element of the nation
soon awakens to the dangers which
threaten the liberties of the country, he
confidently believes that its form of gov-
ernment will, ere long, be changed to a
military despotism, after a period of an-
archy more or less prolonged.

Gerrit Smith says, in reference to
the North and South: "The shame of
defeat is nothing when compared with
the shame of abusing the power of suc-
cess."

The President stated to a friend re-
cently that he would resist any effort
of Congress to remove him during his trial
on articles of impeachment.

A Presentiment.

On Saturday, a young man named
James Noble, visited this city to meet
some friends whom he had not seen for
many years. On Monday night he awoke
from a frightful dream, in which his fa-
ther was killed by an assassin. So vivid
was the dream that it was some time be-
fore he could compose himself to sleep
again. He did so, however, and told the
family next morning with whom he was
stopping of his dream. Of course they
said it was very queer, but nothing fur-
ther was thought about the matter. On
the 24th, however, a gentleman brought
the intelligence that the father of young
Noble had, in reality, been robbed and
murdered on last Monday night.

Nashville Press & Times.

Mainly Position of the New York Democrats.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The follow-
ing are among the Albany resolutions:
Resolved, That regarding the national
debt as a sacred obligation, we de-
mand economy of the administration,
honesty in the collection and appli-
cation of revenues, simplification and equality
in taxation and currency for the benefit
of the people, instead of corporations, to
the end that the public faith may be pre-
served and the burdens of taxation
lessened.

Resolved, That we denounce the effort
of the Radical party to retain the power
it has usurped by establishing negro
supremacy in the South by military
force, coupled with the disfranchisement
of the mass of the white population, as
an attempt to undermine and destroy
the Republic; and we stigmatize the re-
fusal of that party in this State to sub-
mit the question of negro suffrage to the
people as a cowardly evasion of a para-
mount issue in the pending struggle.

THE REVIVAL MEETING at the Meth-
odist Church is not yet closed. About
a hundred have professed conversion
since the meeting commenced—over
five weeks ago—and seventy-one or sev-
enty-two have joined that Church. May
the good work still progress until
all shall feel its saving influence.

REGISTRATION IN ARKANSAS.—The
registration of voters in Arkansas has
been completed and the report forward-
ed to Gen. Ord. It is stated that the
registry shows this result: White, 48,-
678; negroes, 22,112; total, 67,790.
White majority, 23,566.

JOHN FORSTER, WM. H. FORNEY,
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun,
Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Chero-
kee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the
State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price
six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature
of Treatment, and Radical Cure of
Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhea,
induced by self abuse; Involuntary Emis-
sions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and
Impediments to Marriage, generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, &c.,
etc.—By ROBERT J. CLIVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admi-
rable Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical op-
erations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cor-
dials, pointing out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a BOON to
thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Cliverwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers.

CHAS. J. G. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

NEW GOODS. CALICOES, DOMESTICS & WOODWARD

Just Received and For Sale by
WOODWARD

June 8, 1867.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.,

All the Cooking for a
Family may be done with
Kerosene Oil, or Gas,
with less trouble, and at
less expense, than by any
other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is
guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.
206 PEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.

Principal Office 616 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Ma-
chines. Empire Sewing Machine Co. makes
Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noise-
less in action. Its motion being all positive,
it is not liable to get out of order. It is the
best Family Machine. Notice is called to our
new and improved Manufacturing Machine,
or Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters, &c.
The goods wanted, to whom a liberal discount will
be given. No consignments made.
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, Esq., President
OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 19, 1867.

J. S. THRASHER Esq.:
Dear Sir—It affords me much pleasure to
communicate to you the following resolution
of the Southern Press Association:

Resolved, "That as a testimonial of our ap-
preciation for the zealous, faithful and effec-
tive service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as
Superintendent of this Association in years
past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this
Association, and confer upon him the com-
plimentary position of Agent of the Southern
Press Association in the City of New York."

The terms of commendation employed in the
above resolution do no more than justice to
your important services during your super-
intendency—services which none can more
highly appreciate than myself. Should oc-
casion require, I shall be glad to avail myself
of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.

I would respectfully request every daily,
tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and monthly
journal South of the Potomac and Ohio
rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of lati-
tude West of the Mississippi, to publish this
advertisement twice, and send to me at New
York, each time, a copy of the paper contain-
ing it, post paid, with bill for the same.
It is desirable in my combinations to se-
cure cheaper printing paper for our Southern
journals, that I shall have the fullest infor-
mation regarding the sizes of paper used by
the several publications, and I can procure it
in no other way than by requesting particu-
lar attention to the need of sending copy of
the publication with the bill.

I desire it at twice to provide against mail
failures, and that they be post-paid to secure
post office delivery.

J. S. THRASHER,
Box 5939 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R.R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 say ad

24 Hours to Chattanooga and \$18.00 say ad

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866,
Trains on this road will run as follows:

Through Passenger & Freight Trains.

Passenger trains will leave Selma daily,
(except Sundays) at 4 P. M.

do arrive at Blue Mountain at 5:50 P. M.

do leave Blue Mountain Tues-
days, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.

do arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.

do leave Selma at 4 A. M.

do arrive at Selma (except Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains, until Further Notice.

Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and
Fridays at 5:15 A. M.

do arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 P. M.

Will leave Blue Mountain Tues-
days, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.

do arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.

Passenger trains connect at Selma with
boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with
the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicks-
burg, New Orleans and the West. At Blue
Mountain they connect with Taylor, Gilmer
& Co's splendid line of Coaches from there to
Rome, Ga., and thence by rail to Atlanta,
Savannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all
points North and East.

Through fare from Selma to Kingston on
Western and Atlantic Railroad only \$12.00
E. G. BARNEY,
June 9, 1866. Sup't & Agent for Lessee.

GROVESTEE & CO. Piano Forte Manufacturers,

499, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public and the trade
is invited to our New Scale, Seven
Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes,
which for volume and purity of tone are un-
rivalled by any hitherto offered in this mar-
ket. They contain all the modern improve-
ments—French grand action, harp pedal, iron
frame, over-strung bass, etc.—and each in-
strument being made under the personal su-
pervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEE, who has
a practical experience of over thirty years in
their manufacture, is fully warranted in every
particular.

The "Grovestee Piano-Forte"

Received the highest award of merit at the cel-
ebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the
best makers of London, Paris, Germany,
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York;
and also at the American Institute for five
successive years, the GOLD and SILVER MEDALS
from both of which can be seen at our ware-
rooms.

By the introduction of improvements we
make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by
manufacturing largely with a strict system,
we are enabled to offer these instruments at a
price which will preclude all competition.
Our prices are from \$100 to \$200 cheaper
than any other first-class Piano-Fortes.

TERMS—No cash in current funds.
Descriptive circulars sent FREE.

P. M. Jun. 12, 1867—1y

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Mate-
rials.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of photo-
graphic materials we are headquarters for the
following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOGRAPHIC VIEWS.

Of American and Foreign Cities and Land-
scapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.

From negatives made in the various cam-
paigns and forming a complete photographic
history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.

Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the
Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to
any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any
other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents
to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputa-
tion of being superior in beauty and durabil-
ity to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, States-
men, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand
different subjects, including reproductions of
the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings,
Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of
stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods
C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the
amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods
cannot fail to satisfy.

Just published—Stereoscopic Views of the
Interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky, taken
by aid of the new Magic-lum Light.

August 31, 1867.

The Jacksonville Female

ACADEMY.

The exercises of this In-
stitution will be resumed on
Monday, August 5th, 1867,

under the direction of Rev. D. F.
SMITH, Principal, Miss MARY A. TUR-
NLEY, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E.
FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be
employed if needed.

The course of study embraces all
branches of instruction usually taught
in Academies and High Schools.

Rates of Tuition per Session of
20 weeks.

First Class, \$15 00

2nd " 20 00

3rd " 25 00

4th " 30 00

Music, Extra, 25 00

French " 12 00

Contingent Fund, 2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent, will be made
in favor of those who will pay in advance or
quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period
than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases
of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured
that the intellectual and moral improvement
of the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different
Sabbath Schools and Churches in the Town,
as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportuni-
ties for religious instruction, Jacksonville
presents advantages equal, if not superior to
those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole
school, at least, once every two weeks,
on some practical, moral or religious topic.

Board can be had in good families on rea-
sonable terms.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.

J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.

J. C. FRANCIS,
A. ADAMS,
B. C. WYLY,
J. H. PRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. GANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS.

July 13, 1867.

Bible Agency.

Rev. E. B. McClellan, has been ap-
pointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society, a
branch of the American Bible Society, Agent
for the sale and distribution of Bibles, and
also for the collection of donations to aid in
that cause. He is commended by the Society
to the confidence, friendship, co-operation
and assistance of members of all religious
denominations, and benevolent friends of
morality and religion generally.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne,
Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and La. Kib., in
the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U.
S. District Court, No. North and Middle Divi-
sion of Alabama.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
public, that they have procured the large
and commodious Livery stable recently kept
by Mr. J. H. Sargeant, and will be prepared to
accommodate all persons who may wish to
hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle horses. They
will also feed transient horses and mules, and
be prepared to work Gardens and Patches,
and have Horses and Mules for sale upon ad-
vantageous terms to purchasers.

They will endeavor to be at all times pre-
pared to accommodate promptly those who
may desire their assistance, and therefore so-
licit a liberal patronage.

H. H. WYNN & CO.

Jacksonville, Feb. 2, 1867.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his
profession in all its branches.

Office, N. W. Corner of Public
Square.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1865—47.

MUSIC LESSONS.

ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.
FRANCIS, commencing with the ses-
sion of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time dur-
ing the session, and be charged for the time.

Country Produce at the market price taken
in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '66

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
public, that they have procured the large
and commodious Livery stable recently kept
by Mr. J. H. Sargeant, and will be prepared to
accommodate all persons who may wish to
hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle horses. They
will also feed transient horses and mules, and
be prepared to work Gardens and Patches,
and have Horses and Mules for sale upon ad-
vantageous terms to purchasers.

They will endeavor to be at all times pre-
pared to accommodate promptly those who
may desire their assistance, and therefore so-
licit a liberal patronage.

H. H. WYNN & CO.

Jacksonville, Feb. 2, 1867.

NEW WOOL FACTORY.

At McKibben's old stand on
Choccoloco Creek, 11 miles be-
tween Oxford and 24 above Mun-
ford. This Splendid Machinery
has been purchased with a view
to suit the wants of the Southern people,
being clothed in fiery with a superior quality
of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to
give satisfaction where the wool is properly
prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the
Depot at Munford and returned free of charge.
Our old friends and the public generally
are respectfully invited to call and examine
our machinery.

McKIBBON & BROTHER.

June 22, 1867—3m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.

THIS popular Summer resort having been
placed in thorough repair, and furnished
with new furniture, will be opened for visit-
ors on the 1st of June under the direction and
control of the undersigned proprietors of the
American Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

Montvale presents the strongest attractions
to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no
less on account of its retirement and the beau-
ty of its surrounding scenery, than of the re-
storative powers of its waters. We have re-
duced the price of board to the lowest figures
consistent with a proper provision for the en-
tertainment of our guests.

Board per day \$3 00, per week \$20 00,
per month \$60 00, with an allowance for
families. Travelers by rail reach the Springs
by special conveyance from London, or by
regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville
T

Jacksonville

Republican

VOL. 31.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. OCT. 19, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1594.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

What the whole Northern Press says of the Elections.

The World's special says:

The friends of the Administration are confident of important changes in the Cabinet, to be followed by a wholesale decapitation of under officials. The President will take a stand which will astonish the country. Thomas Ewing and E. Corning are mentioned for Secretary of the Treasury. Secretary Seward will probably send his resignation from Auburn, and Hon. Reverdy Johnson is spoken of as his successor.

The same paper editorially says:

The elections are an indignation and unanimous veto upon the policy of the party in power.

The Herald's special says:

There are all manner of rumors regarding Cabinet changes. It is probable that some changes will be made before the session of Congress, but none have yet been determined upon.

The same paper editorially says:

The recent elections do not denote democratic victories, but that the republican element of the country has stepped aside to rebuke its leaders.

The N. Y. Times' special has good authority for the statement that the President has announced that, in view of the recent elections, he would make some changes in the Cabinet.

The same paper editorially says:

The elections indicate no increased confidence in the democratic party, but simply a reaction against the extreme acts and measures of the republican party, and convey admonition which ought to be salutary to the leaders.

The Tribune's special says:

The President will be serenaded Thursday night, when he will define his future policy. It is generally believed changes will be made in the Cabinet. It is stated that ex-Governor Seymour will succeed Seward; E. P. Blair, McClelland and Ewing are named for the war office. Gen. Howard is to be sent to the plains and Judge Holt got rid of.

The proposed serenade was peremptorily forbidden by the President.

Editorially, the same paper says:

The vital principles of genuine democracy will march on through seeming defeats to inevitable and conclusive triumph, through whatever trials of inconsistency, the great party will move right on to arduous but inevitable achievement of equal rights for all.

The Journal of Commerce, editorially says:

The republican leaders vainly thought they could lead the whole nation to the consummation of the wildest and most unconstitutional projects, but the more thoughtful of the masses refused to follow. If the elections do nothing more than divide the parties more equally, and thus check party arrogance, the effort will not have been lost.

The Sun says:

The masses of the Northern people desire a reconstruction policy giving security against further rebellion, and are opposed to the spiteful schemes of the republican extremists. Through the elections they have spoken, and if the republican party would save itself further reverses, it must cast overboard the vagaries of certain leaders.

The Danville (Ky.) Advocate says:

Owing to the continued dry weather, our farmers in this section of the State have not been able to prepare their ground for sowing wheat etc., and it is now getting too late to commence, even if we should have a change in the weather. But few hogs will be fattened for the market here, compared with last year. There is a marked decline in beef cattle, and a very general disposition on the part of holders to get rid of the stock now on hand.

The Great Drought.

The Sandusky Register has the following in regard to the great drought that is desolating Northern Ohio:

Never, in the memory of the living, has Northern Ohio suffered such a drought as is now prevailing. For nearly three months hardly anything but a cold shower has fallen in this part of the Reserve. Everything in the way of foliage is parched, blackened, and covered with dust. Cisterns long since went dry, and now nine-tenths of the wells are nearly exhausted. In some cases cattle are driven six miles to water, and for ten miles back from the shore people depend upon the lake for water. Last week water was hauled from the lake at Sandusky to Bellevue—twenty miles by

railroad, inland. In some localities water hauled a great distance is sold by the pailful, for cooking and washing purposes. The dust fills the air and creeps everywhere. It steals through the window blinds, and sifts through the roofs, covering furniture with a coating of grit, and worrying the life out of housekeepers, who stand, during brush in hand, looking in despair on the straggling flood of dust. The lake alone seems to be unaffected by the prolonged dryness; but if rain be much longer delayed we shall expect to hear of vessels aground in the midst of Lake Erie, and yawl boats stranded in the mud in our deepest harbors! The great drought reaches from Rochester, N. Y., in a belt of about two hundred miles in width.

The way the Whites and Blacks were Swindled.

Barbour County.—A great many negroes had the idea that unless they went to Clayton and voted they would be fined fifty dollars and otherwise punished, and we heard of one instance of a negro man getting up out of a sick bed and starting for Clayton, although curiously unable to travel, saying to those who remonstrated with him that he had better do that than be fined fifty dollars and otherwise punished. So fully impressed were they with this idea that no amount of assurance from their white employees could convince them of the contrary. Many of them went to the polls armed, and a four mule wagon loaded with muskets was carried to the public square at Clayton, we suppose for the benefit of those who did not have arms in case of an emergency.

Enquirer News.

Lee County.—It was curious, and to the philosophic mind none less instructive to observe the League subs. how faithfully they performed their parts in drilling and martializing this wretched mass. The column pressed up and closely guarded; there was agents whose business it was to go up and down the line to see if the negroes all had Radical tickets. Some tickets that negroes had in hand were taken away and others placed in them. Men were heard to tell the negroes not to open nor allow others to open the tickets given them, but to vote it just so. Others were heard to use threats to the negroes of what would be done with them if they did not vote as they were instructed.

Instances are known of negroes voting twice, once for themselves and once for Jim, who could not come. Many, many of the creatures went from the poll-declaring that they did not know how they voted, nor who they voted for. Once in the "bull pen" their agency and responsibility passed into other hands.—Opelika Recorder.

Russell County.—Our report on yesterday of the votes given in was essentially correct. The total number polled was 1806, only 2 of which were given by whites. The number registered in the county, before the registers made their late revision, was 3482. We do not know how this number was affected by the revision.

All the ballots, it is said, were closely scrutinized by white Radicals, and in many instances the tickets which the freedmen were carrying to the ballot box were taken from them and others substituted. The complete control of most of the negroes by a few Radicals who took them in charge was thoroughly disgusting. They never were so entirely subject to the will and control of their old masters.—Col. Sun.

GOOD BYE RADICALISM!

The Mail's dispatches, received late last night, announce the gratifying intelligence that the Democrats have achieved a glorious victory in Ohio and Pennsylvania. This news sounds the death knell of Radicalism and the Congressional usurpation policy.

Radical papers of Cincinnati admit that negro suffrage has been defeated in Ohio by 50,000 majority, and concede that the Democrats have carried the Legislature as well as elected their Governor. Colonel Swayne should immediately return to Ohio and reconstruct his native State!

The Democrats have also carried Pennsylvania by 9,000 majority. The republican majority in this State last year was 17,000. This is a glorious victory for the Democrats; and the Conservatives of the South can truly send greetings to their friends in the North and West.—Montgomery Mail.

The Atlanta Intelligencer, of yesterday, referring to Mrs. Lincoln's despicable condition, suggests as very appropriate a donation of "ten more acres of land" by the dirt eating majority of the City Council of that city.

The New York Herald says that "there is not a single great soldier of the country, there never was a corps commander in the Army of the Potomac who was not a Democrat before the war."

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25...17

Something New, Useful and Saleable!

Hawthurst's Soluble Blue and Bleaching Powder.

"TABLE MANNA," for Family Use, "NATIONAL WASHING FLUID," "STARCH POLISH," "MAGIC SOLDERING FLUID," "INDIAN PAIN ANNIHILATOR," "Good Samaritan's Liniment," Silver Solution, &c. &c.

FAMILY RIGHTS FOR SALE 1000 Agents Wanted, Male and Female.

A good reliable agent wanted in every town to take entire control, for his neighborhood, of several of the best, most saleable and profitable articles of every day life ever presented to the public. Profits large—satisfaction guaranteed. The right man or woman can make from \$10 to \$20 a week easily. Exclusive stamps for full description and illustrated catalogue. Samples sent free. Exclusive control of territory given. Address, New York Manufacturing Co., 37 Park Row, New York.

ROME STEAM ENGINE AND MACHINE WORKS, ROME, GA.

NOBLES & MITCHELL, MANUFACTURERS OF Horizontal, Vertical and Portable STEAM ENGINES, From one to Five Hundred Horse Power Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylindrical BOILERS, Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks, BLAST PIPES, COTTON PRESSES, SUGAR MILLS, &c. MACHINERY FOR Rolling Mills, Blast Furnaces, Railroads, Saw & Grist-mills, &c. CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight: Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles; Mining Machinery For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines; Bridge-castings and Bolts; All kinds of Machinery and BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, and MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South. Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers. NOBLES & MITCHELL, JAS. NOBLES, JR., Thos. P. MITCHELL, Cash. JOHN W. NOBLE, Master Mechanic and Draughtsman WM. NOBLE, GEORGE NOBLE, SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent. July 21, 1866

ATTENTION: Notice to Debtors.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Stevenson & Pinson, either by note or account, are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and make payment. We sold your Goods at cash prices on short time, for your accommodation, and you ought to see to it, that we are not disappointed, and our business impeded by your long neglect and delay. We need money and must have it; and know of no other or better way to obtain it, than from those who owe us. STEVENSON & PINSON. Jacksonville, July 6, 1867.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned, respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to execute Blacksmith work of every description, in the neatest and most durable manner, and at prices as favorable as any other workmen. Their shop is near the Stage Stable, on the west side of Main street, south of the public square. One of us formerly worked with Mr. A. Adams, to whom he refers for information relative to his ability to do good and faithful work. Terms cash, or Produce at market price. STEPHEN L. MCLEAN, STEPHEN L. HOKE. Jacksonville, June 29, 1867.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS returned and re-opened his office at No. 8, Office Row, Jacksonville, Ala. He will practice in Calhoun, the adjoining County, the District Court of the United States at Huntsville and the Supreme Court of the State at Montgomery. Any business confided to his care will be promptly and vigilantly attended to. Feb. 3, 1867.

"WOOD'S" PRIZE

MOWERS AND REAPERS! Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth, England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the First Premium, GRAND GOLD MEDAL.

THE PRIZE MOWER,

While it retains all the advantages which have made it so universal a favorite, is greatly improved by the addition of Steel Lined Guards, New Pitman Connections, Stronger Knives, Spring Seat, Adjustable Folding Shoe, Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

THE SELF-RAKE REAPER!

Justly called the "Victor of every contest" and is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Moving Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Rake Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

THE HAND RAKE REAPER,

Is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered. It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which it is managed, and in changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the WALTER A. WOOD Mowing & Reaping Machine Co. Hoosick Falls, N. Y. GENERAL SALESROOMS, 40 Courtlandt Street, N. Y. 206 Lake Street, Chicago. FOREIGN OFFICE, 77 Upper Thames Street, London. Descriptive Catalogues sent on application. April 13, '67.

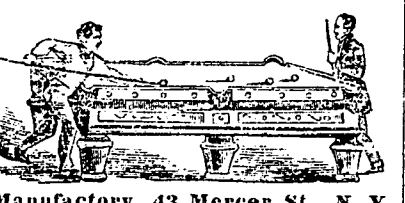
AMERICAN HOTEL,

ALABAMA STREET, Atlanta, Georgia. WHITE and WHITE, Proprietors.

BRYSON and WILEY, Clerks.

WILLIAM J. SHARP'S

Improved Billiard Tables, With his PATENT CUSHIONS, Well known to be superior to any now in use.



Manufactured by 43 Mercer St., N. Y.

THE great popularity of SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES has rendered it necessary to make arrangements, in order to supply the increasing demand, and he is now prepared to fill any order with which his patron, or the public generally may favor him.

W. J. Sharp having had practical experience nearly twenty years in the manufacture of Billiard Tables, and having made a number of valuable improvements, he guarantees a Table, which for elasticity of touch, mechanical elegance of appearance, will challenge competition.

His newly invented patent Cushions having been pronounced by the most competent judges to be superior to any now in use, he is enabled to furnish the best Billiard Table manufactured in the United States, and sustain the name which Sharp's Tables so justly have acquired. Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to. Send for descriptive circular and price list. W. J. SHARP, 43 Mercer Street, New York.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY,

ENGLISH & CLASSICAL. Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal, Rev. R. J. CHAPMAN, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 22nd inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose. Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require. The plan of instruction is thorough and practical.

The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community.

The Expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for good board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session.

All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support. For further particulars address the principal, or G. B. DOUTHITT, Secretary Board of Trustees. Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

DURYEE'S VIOLINE,

[TRADE MARK.]

A New Writing Fluid.

Of a Beautiful Violet Color,

ALSO

VIOLINE COPYING FLUID,

To Copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE Manhattan Ink and Color Co. 49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers.

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL,

90 Cents Per Gallon.

Invented by G. DURYEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that aloumen gives to oil from flaxseed all its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of aloumen with any other oil would make it equally valuable.

Knowing the prejudice against a new oil, especially after the edition of many failures, we have awaited severe tests before entering the arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil with those who use it. We dare say this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours!

With zinc it gives the lustre of Damar varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of copal varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to

The Mossy Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York.

G. Whitlock, Brook- F. Long, New York.

lyn Navy Yard, Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific

J. C. Follows, N. Y. S. S. Co., N. Y.

New York, Nov. 16, 1867.

TO MANHATTAN PAINT OIL CO.

I take pleasure in stating that I have used your Paint Oil on wood and iron, with different kinds of paint, and have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it makes a better coating than linseed, and that, for all purposes where exposed to weather, is much preferable.

Yours, J. T. WILBURN.

Brown Metallic Paint, 34 cents per lb.

Varnish for Housework, and First Coat Fur

niture, 22 cents per gallon.

SOLD BY DEALERS IN PAINT OIL, &c

MANUFACTURED BY

The Manhattan Paint Oil Co.,

49 Liberty St., New York.

O. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the

practice of Law, will practice together,

except in cases where, in the counties

Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph,

Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

A. D. FITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Fitter's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship or Store

COTTON and other Produce for the Planters, Mr.

J. H. COOPER, who has had long experience

in the Cotton trade, will give his special

attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—6m.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!

LIGHT FOR THE MILLION!

A VALUABLE DISCOVERY!

The Eureka Illuminating Oil!

Costs only One Cent for three hour. Cheap,

Clear and Neat. No Smoke. No Offens-

ive Smell. No Grease. No Chim-

ney. Not Explosive. Costs only

25 Cts. Per Gallon.

No Family should be

without it.

Samples for testing will be sent prepaid, on

receipt of 50 cents. County and State Rights

for sale on liberal terms, either for Cash, Real

Estate or Personal Property. Address,

Eureka Oil Manufacturing Co.,

37 Park Row, New York.

Cheap but Valuable Land

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c., of

HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.

By Henry Cleveland,

Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitu-

tionalist.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and

a full description of the work. Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,

Atlanta, Ga. Feb. 16, 1867. 2m.

JOHN W. INZER. LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitors in Chancery.

ASHVILLE, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of St.

Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby,

Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Mar-

shall; also in the Superior Court of the State.

Prompt attention given to the collection of

all claims. Feb. 23, '65

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,

OF Alabama,

Has located in the country near Seale,

Kemper county, Mississippi, where he

may be consulted. He operates with perfect

success for

PILES, FISTULA,

TUMORS, POLYPI,

DISEASES OF FEMALES, &c.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an

accident to happen. He has operated on the

most respectable of the profession of all the

Southern States, and for a good many years,

has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the

Mobile and Ohio Railroad, it some three or

four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

A SAFE

CERTAIN,

AND

Speedy Cure

FOR

NEURALGIA,

AND ALL

NERVOUS

DISEASES.

</

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For six months, " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, " 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as
three, &c. A liberal discount made on
advertisements continued for three, six,
or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULENWIDER, with
BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS, of Selma, is
our authorized Agent, to contract, receive
and receipt for subscription and advertising
for the Republican.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and
DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and
correctly printed, for sale by the entire
or single copy, at this office. Also
every description of Blanks for Jus-
tices of the Peace.

To Administrators and Executors.

Administrators and Executors who
desire to publish notices of Grant of Let-
ters, and Sales of Land and other prop-
erty, in the *Republican*, can do so as
heretofore. Such publications are re-
quired to be made, signed, and paid for
by themselves, and not by the Judge of
Probate—consequently they are not "of-
ficial patronage," and not affected by
Gen. Pope's order 49.

The attention of cotton plan-
ers is especially invited to the very fa-
vorable through rates of freight on cot-
ton from Greensport and Gadsden to
Charleston and New York, by the Coosa
Steamboat Line, the advertisement of
which may be found in this paper. Ar-
rangements have been made, whereby
parties can apply to the assessor with
the weight and mark of his cotton and
get a permit to ship and tax paid at des-
tination, the party shipping returning to
the assessor Bill Lading. These would
facilitate very much shipments of cot-
ton if the people were notified of it at
the time; the assessor gives the permit,
he also furnishes the party with the
necessary tags.

Capt. Woodruff and John M. Wyly
of this county have pamphlet copies of
new regulations for shipments of cotton,
containing all necessary instruction.

Cotton Seed Wanted.

We will give one year's subscription
to the Jacksonville Republican for ev-
ery 15 bushels of cotton seed delivered.

The attention of persons having
business in the Courts, is invited to the
law card of Mr. H. L. Stevenson, in an-
other column.

No day is yet appointed for the
Alabama Convention. It is supposed it
will take place about the 1st of Novem-
ber.

STRANGE, YET TRUE.—That the female
community in all sections, are grunting, suf-
fering and lingering with so many diseases
and ailments peculiar to their sex. Is there no
balm for them? Is there no relief from so
many female complaints and irregularities?
Is there no Uterine Tonic to relieve these fe-
male distresses, to strengthen the feeble, to
remove obstructions, to quiet the nervous, to
restore, arouse, adorn and beautify the fe-
male sex? Yes, we have that medicine, and
it is Druggoole & Co.'s English Female Bit-
ters.

The Cincinnati Enquirer of the 9th
inst., after reporting the defeat of the
negro suffrage amendment in Ohio by a
large majority, says: "It will require
great audacity, after this, for an Ohio
man to talk about imposing negro suf-
frage upon other States which have a
hundred times more negroes than we
have."

It is worthy of remark that gold fell
instantly the recent Democratic success
became known. The vote in Penn-
sylvania and Ohio has gone far toward
inspiring confidence among the people,
and will have no inconsiderable effect in
the revival of trade and business through-
out the country.

Synopsis of the Negro Election.

By reference to the tabular statement
of the recent Ethiopian election held in
this State by a military officer, it will
be seen that thus far, out of 160,992
registered male adults, or 200,000 actu-
al male adults, 4,472 have voted against
a Convention. The law required that
half of the registered male adults, 80,
496, should vote on the question of
calling a Convention. Thus far 79,
963 have voted on the question. The
few counties to be heard from, white
counties, will not increase the vote for
Convention by more than 3,000. It is
still doubtful whether the Convention
will represent a majority of the regis-
tered male adults. We are willing to
pledge Col. Swaine our head for a foot-
ball that his bogus Constitution will
never touch bottom.—*Montgomery Mail*.

The Springfield (Mass.) Republican,
an able and very influential radical pa-
per, says the Congressional plain of re-
construction has failed because "it tried
to circumvent the will of God," in the
matter of conferring political power up-
on the negroes.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—The pardon
of R. M. T. Hunter, recently published,
was written soon after the close of the
war. His expressions of approval ap-
ply to Johnson's and not the Congres-
sional plan of reconstruction.

Revenue receipts to-day \$392,000;
for the week \$2,500,000; for the fiscal
year \$64,814,000.

Gen. Sherman is visiting his daughter
in New York.

Gen. Schofield returns to Richmond
to-morrow.

In a drunken row between stage pas-
sengers and escort, at Cameron crossing,
on the Santa Fe road, three men were
killed.

Franklin Pierce was serenaded at
Concord, New Hampshire, on Wednes-
day night, and said:

"I warn you, my friends, to note the
fact that these triumphs, whatever they
may be, are no party triumphs; the peo-
ple have risen in their majesty, with a
consciousness of their power, and disre-
garding party lines and party organiza-
tions, have been silently considering
what belongs to them, their children
and their country. I think the great
battle has been fought and won. If the
results are significant in nothing else,
they are in this, that the white race,
our race—the German, Italian, French,
Irish, Scotch and Anglo-Saxon people
—are still to be the controllers of State
on this continent."

The gubernatorial result in Ohio can-
not positively be known until Tuesday.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 12.—There
were 46 yellow fever interments up to
6 o'clock this morning.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Yesterday's mid-
night Paris dispatches state that affairs
in Italy are becoming grave. It is be-
lieved that the whole nation will follow
Garibaldi.

The efforts of Victor Emanuel will
soon cease on the frontier, and Rome
will be proclaimed a part of the King-
dom of Italy.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—Money easy
at 7 Gold closed firm at 44 1/2.

RICHMOND, Oct. 12.—The case of
General Imboden is exciting some inter-
est. He applied to be permitted to
register under the President's last am-
nesty proclamation, upon an oath to
support the constitution, but was re-
jected. He now intends to apply to the
U. S. District Court for a mandamus
to compel the registering officer to re-
gister his name. In case the court re-
fuses to grant the writ he will appeal to
the Supreme Court of the United States,
and thus test the validity of the oath
required by the reconstruction act, and
thus demonstrate what virtue there is
in the pardon accorded by the President
to the excluded classes.

The U. S. Deputy Marshal seized the
British bark Mulhall, of Nova Scotia,
at City Point to-day, to satisfy a claim
of the mate. The captain resisted the
seizure, was very impudent, and threat-
ened the country with English ven-
geance. He telegraphed for advice to the
British consuls at New York, Norfolk
and Richmond, but was finally pacified,
and yielded to the law.

Gon O. Brown, Chief of the bureau,
has received a letter from Norfolk ex-
plaining the troubles on the Taylor
farm. The negroes have been allowed
to remain there up to this time un-
molested, although Taylor was pardoned
more than a year ago. He has been
endeavoring to get them off, but they
have persistently refused to leave. A
few days ago a party went out, accom-
panied by an agent of the bureau to try
to persuade them to leave, offering them
places on Gen. Wise's farm, which is
still in the hands of the Government.
The negroes assembled together, and
through their spokesman refused all of-
fers of compromise, declaring that the
President had no right to pardon Tay-
lor, and that they would remain on the
farm and defend what they considered
their property against all comers. Steps
will be taken to eject them by civil
process. There has been no out-
break as yet, and no armed demonstra-
tions made. The conference was a
peaceable and bloodless one; but it is
feared that troubles will grow out of it,
and blood may be shed before the squa-
tters will leave.

BERLIN, Oct. 13.—The North Ger-
man Gazette says it is perfectly con-
vinced of the sincerity of Napoleon's
desire for peace.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 12.—Gen. Canby
and staff leave for Columbus to-morrow
to consult with Governors Orr and
Worth.

It is reported that a party of negroes
tore up the track of the South Carolina
railroad last night at Hopkins, near Co-
lumbia. The train was thrown from the
track and the cars robbed.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 14.—The board of
health has declared the yellow fever epi-
demic here.

CANTON, Oct. 14.—On Sunday, in
the German Reform Church, a man
recently discharged from the peniten-
tiary, approached his wife, who was di-
vorced from him since his incarceration,
and demanded her to kiss him, which
the young woman was about to do when
he plunged a butcher knife eleven times
in her, and fled. He was captured,
and with difficulty saved from a summa-
ry execution.

CARLINE, Oct. 14.—A fishing vessel
belonging here, was wrecked off New
Foundland, and seventeen men lost, of
whom nine leave families.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—The Treas-
ury Department has advised the death
of D. B. Kenfroe, recently suspended
from the Collectorship of the 4th Texas
District.

L. D. Evans, recently appointed col-
lector *ad interim* will succeed him.

A number of prominent Southern
railroad men are here seeking an exten-
sion of time for payments due to the
Government.

A special dispatch claims Hayes' elec-
tion in Ohio by 3,000 majority.

Revenue receipts to-day \$447,000.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs
has advised favorable to peace with the
Indians. They will all be represented
at the grand council, and they promise
to send out no more war parties.

RICHMOND, Oct. 14.—Gen. Schofield
returned yesterday. His visit to the
capital will not change the plan of recon-
struction in this State.

MOBILE, Oct. 14.—Four interments
from yellow fever to-day.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Stocks excit-
ed, but lower since the last board.—
Money 7 Gold 44 1/2.

MOBILE, Oct. 14.—Cotton in good
demand; sales 1,500 bales; receipts 1,
021 bales; market closed firm at 16 to
16 1/2 for middlings.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—There are
one hundred and thirty military and
many treasury officers here and else-
where waiting for the subsidence of the
fever, to proceed to duty in the fifth
military district.

Resolutions were introduced in the
Tennessee Legislature favoring Grant's
nomination and abolishing the cotton
tax.

The democrats have gained three
State Senators in Iowa, and 10 000
votes. The republica majority is 20,
000.

No Cabinet changes unless the Sec-
retary resigns peremptorily, which is im-
probable until after the New York elec-
tion.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The State
Department has advised from Malta, to
Sept. 20th. The cholera had appeared
there.

A dispatch from Harrisburg says
Shars wood's majority is seven hundred
and forty-four.

The republicans have fifteen majority
on joint ballot.

Revenue receipts to-day \$310,000
Beauregard had an interview with
Grant to-day.

Generals Ord and Pope are expected
here to-morrow.

The Herald contains the following
analysis of the Ohio elections:

At the election for Congressmen in
Ohio last year, the Republicans carried
sixteen out of the nineteen districts in the
State. The Democrats elected their
candidates in the 5th, 12th and 13th
districts; the latter by a majority 271,
which Columbus Delano, the defeated
candidate, is now contesting.

At the election on the 8th inst the
democrats carried twelve out of nineteen
districts, and came within 100 votes of
carrying two or three others. In the
two districts carried by them last year,
and not contested, their majorities in-
creased from 2,652 to 5,264 in the 5th
district, and from 3,210 to 6,902 in the
12th district, while in the 13th district,
which is being contested, the democratic
majority increased from 271 to 1,849.

In every republican district the major-
ities are cut down immensely. In the
7th district, which gave Hon. Samuel
Shelbarger 2,171 majority last year,
the radicals escaped with a bare major-
ity of 95 at the recent election, while in
the 8th district the majority was reduc-
ed from 1,852 to 62. In the 2d dis-
trict the radical candidate was defeated
by nearly 1,000 votes. Gen. Carey,
his successful oppon-nt, although per-
sonally in favor of negro suffrage, is
opposed to forcing it upon any State,
and pledged himself to the democrats to
oppose any measures looking to the pas-
sage of a bill by Congress enfranchising
the blacks, either in the North or
South.

He may therefore be regarded as an
opponent of the Congressional policy of
reconstruction. The most significant
feature about the districts is the resolu-
tion in the tenth.

This district is represented by Mr. J.
W. Ashley, the member of Congress
who brought in articles of impeachment
against the President.

As will be seen the republican loss is
2,040, giving the democrats a majority
of 124 in the District.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Col. Gilbert,
who was implicated in destroying an
Arkansas printing office, has been fined
\$1,000 and reduced to a captaincy tak-
ing rank at the foot of the list.

CABLE NEWS.

Great activity prevails in the Toulon
Naval Arsenal.

Garibaldi has issued another address
urging the Italians as a nation to arm.
Mazeni has issued a manifesto urging
the patriots of Rome to rise and pro-
claim a republic.

If pressed, the Pope will take refuge
in Bavaria.

Skirmishing on Papal territory con-
tinues. Reports are conflicting, both
sides claiming the advantages. No very
important conflict has occurred.

Monati Garibaldi drove the Papal
troops into Monte Maggiore.

Three hundred Garibaldians who
blocked the road to Monte Liberal were
driven away.

The New York Times concludes an
editorial with, "But we are inclined to
think that the Northern States will not

surrender their own rights quite so com-
placently as they have consented to the
overthrow of those of the South."

Changes in the Cabinet.

The Nashville Gazette of the 12th
inst says that Senator Paterson, the
President's son-in-law, stated publicly
Wednesday night that Ex-Governor
Seymour will succeed Seward. From a
similar source it is learned that Frank
P. Blair, Jr., Gen. McClelland and
Gen. Ewing are named for the War Of-
fice. Mr. Johnson has failed to make
the use he wished of Gen. Sherman
for Secretary McCulloch's place are
several names mentioned. Messrs.
Black and Cowan are mentioned as the
representatives of Pennsylvania. New
York prefers and will ask for the Treas-
ury Department, and will give the State
Department to Pennsylvania. Gen
Howard is expected to be assigned to a
command in Texas or on the plains,
and Judge Holt is to be disposed of in
the same way. The Clerks in the De-
partment who still remain true to their
Radical principles are very nervous,
and fear discharge.

THE ALABAMA ELECTION.

The Radical presses of this State are
boasting of the result of the recent elec-
tion in Alabama. Much good may the
"nigger" victory do them! A few
more such triumphs, and "Satan will be
sure to get his own," for if anything can
disgust the people of the North with
radicalism, and arouse them to a sense
of the danger the whole country is in,
such triumphs will be sure to accomplish
it. In the county of Russell, for in-
stance, only two white votes were polled
while the whole number of registered
voters were 3,550; and so in many other
counties of Alabama, the whites
kept from the polls—hence the major-
ity over which there is a flourishing of
trumpets, the braying of fools, and the
glorings of the pestiferous, the vindic-
cate radical.

Atlanta (Ga.) Intelligencer.

The Cincinnati Enquirer says:—
"There is some prospect that Pope's or-
der forbidding the publication of adver-
tisements in Conservative papers will be
revoked by the President, so that the
people of Alabama and Georgia can be-
stow their patronage upon papers of
their choice."

WAR RUMORS.

The Washington correspondent of the
New Orleans Picayune, under date of
the 3d inst., seems to take high grounds
in favor of an impending war between
the United States and England. He
speaks authoritatively as to the deter-
mination of the British Government to
listen to no more representation, in any
form, on the subject of the depredations
of the Confederate steamer, Alabama.

That correspondent says, on the au-
thority of a well informed Englishman,
"that the English Government and the
Parliament of England, as a whole, re-
gard the United States, as practically
rent in twain as the result of the war;
as having become, in effect, two distinct
people, with all masks and disguises
thrown aside, and with the purpose of
the North in making the war—to con-
quer and subjugate the South—clearly
revealed. Even the Romans, when they
conquered foreign States, left them in
the enjoyment of their own laws and
customs, and usages, and magistrates."

"If the Radical party, this gentle-
man says, after conquering the South,
had displayed the usual magnanimity of
enlightened conquerors, there would
have been a hope that the North and
South might once more have become a
united nation. But the manner in
which they have treated the citizens of
the Southern States, forcing upon them
negro suffrage and negro equality in its
most offensive form, proves plainly en-
ough that the North will never admit
the Southern States into the Union as
equal States."

The balance of the letter clearly in-
dicates that on this apparent divi-
sion, England bases her hopes of success,
in a war against this country—and this
is one of the results of Radical tyranny.

But the voice of the people will be
heard in condemnation of that tyranny,
and when once more this Union is one
of mutual interest and not one of brutal
force, foreign powers will again learn to
respect it.—*Mobile Times*.

[From the New York Post, Radical.]

The editor mourns over Ohio, mourns
grievously over negro suffrage lost there.
The High Protective Tariff, however,
the editor then reasons, has been as bad
an issue, as the negro.

"It cannot be denied that there has
been a good deal of inconsiderate, and
even dangerous legislation in Congress,
during the past two years. There has
been a great deal more inconsiderate and
dangerous talk. There are still threats
made by men who ought to know better,
which are nothing less than revolution-
ary, and of these things the people are
getting weary. They tell their repre-
sentatives in Congress that instead of
listening to their enthusiasts, to their
extreme men, to their Sumners, their
Stevens, and their Butlers, it would be
better to listen to the dictates of good
sense, to the strict requirements of con-
stitutional law and to men of moderation
and statesmanship."

From the Cincinnati Enquirer, Democratic.]

Language fails to give vent to our ex-
pression of joy. The good people of
Ohio on Tuesday gave expression to
their indignation by casting their votes
for the Democratic party. The insult
offered them by the negro worshippers
was rebuked in manner and form not to

be misunderstood. This is but the first
installment—the balance we will pay
next year by giving Ohio to the Demo-
cracy by 50,000 majority. The election
of Sam Cary is the first gun in favor of
the people's plan of paying off the Na-
tional debt. Town, city and county
will take it up, emblazon it on their
banners, and carry it triumphantly over
the heads of the bonded and bank aris-
tocracy. We introduce to our friends
our old game cock, who has been absent
for some years, but of late has frequen-
tly appeared. It will be seen, this
morning, that he looks game, and ex-
ceedingly well pleased over the prom-
ising aspect of political affairs.

The South.

According to Radical geography, the
South is in the Union for some purposes
and out of the Union for others. The
Southern States are, "States" when the
votes or the action of States is need-
ed, and they are simply Territories when
their own rights are to be regarded.—
They are either States or they are not.
The Executive, the Legislative, and the
Judicial branches of the Government
have repeatedly recognized them as
States. It is too late now for a misera-
ble Congressional faction to affect to
treat them otherwise. So says the Na-
tional Intelligencer.

Elections Returns.

There is some doubt as to who is
elected Governor of Ohio. The Radicals
last year had a majority of 47,000,
and now it will require the official re-
turns to determine which party has
elected the Governor. The Legislature
is conceded to be Democratic. Penn-
sylvania has gone Democratic by a small
majority.—*Rome Courier*.

MARRIED—Oct. 15th, 1867, at the
residence of Mr. H. A. Earns, Jack-
sonville, Ala., by the Rev. D. F. Smith,
Mr. Samuel Bostock, of Columbus,
Ga., to Miss Mary Alice Earns, of
Philadelphia, Penn.

MEDICAL AUTHORITIES have announced that
not less than one-fifth of the entire popu-
lation of the United States are afflicted with
Neuralgia in some form. Surely the man who
can safely remove such a vast aggregate of
pain is a great public benefactor. Such is
Dr. Turner, of Boston, in Massachusetts.
His "Universal Neuralgia Cure" is promou-
ed on all hands, to be an entirely harmless
and perfectly certain remedy for this most
tormenting of all known diseases.
See Advertisement in another column.

**Hemlock Leather &
Kerosene Oil**—Any person wish-
ing to purchase a good article of Hem-
lock Leather and Kerosene Oil, can do
so by applying to J. M. Carroll, west
side of the public square.

Several varieties of Druggoole &
Co.'s valuable Medicines can now be
obtained at the Jacksonville Drug
Store.

Religious Notice.

The Jacksonville Bible Society at a
late meeting employed the Rev. E. B.
McCluden as a Co-pastor for Calhoun
county, and other parts of the country,
that he may be able and see practicable
to visit. We ask of all, who love the
bible, the truth it contains and the
fruits that grow out of its practice, to
give him liberal contributions as well as
a warm-hand reception, thus enabling
the society to extend this important
work. Many families are without the
bible and have no money to buy, these
should be furnished; some are without,
not for the want of money, but from
the want of an opportunity to buy,
these should have a Colporteur.

We have a fine little lot of bibles and
testaments and can get more—with the
money Help to distribute these, help
to buy more, and circulate them.

Help, the people are needy—the so-
ciety alive—willing; you will do nothing
more than your duty.

CHAS. KING, Ch'm'n,
Corresponding Committee,
Sept. 5, 1867.

New Sewing Machine—We exam-
ined the other day a new Sewing Machine, man-
ufactured by Bliss & McCathorn, of Louis-
ville, Ky. This is called the "Common Sense
Family Sewing Machine," and comes nearer be-
ing what the name indicates, than any of the
machines we have ever examined, by its sim-
plicity of construction, its durability, and
freedom from complication and liability to
get out of order, and if it should, can easily
understood in all its parts, and repaired or
put in order by any lady using it. It works
smoothly, neatly and rapidly, and is warrant-
ed by the manufacturers to perform good
work for three years. It is cheap and we
have little doubt but it will be found more
useful and valuable than many descriptions
of machines which cost more than three times
its price.

Mr. J. M. Forbes, of Oxford, is agent for
the sale of these machines in this State, and
will take the names of persons who may de-
sire them, and deliver the machines at any
specified time. Mr. F. will pass through the
country; and exhibit a model machine, and
in his absence, a note addressed to him at
Oxford will be attended to.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will
send (free of charge,) to all who desire it, the
prescription with the directions for making
and using the simple remedy by which he
was cured of a lung affection and that dread
disease Consumption. His only object is to
benefit the afflicted and he hopes every suffer-
er will try this prescription, as it will cost them
nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please
address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburg, New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH

A Gentleman, who suffered for years from
Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all
the evils of suffering humanity, send free
to all who need it, the recipe and directions for
making the simple remedy by which he was
cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the ad-
vertiser's experience, can do so by addressing,
in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York.

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxu-
riant growth of hair upon a bald head or
beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, "etc.", on the
skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beau-
tiful, can be obtained without charge by ad-
dressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway,
New York.

Through Rates: Freight

ON COTTON.

FROM

FROM GREENSPORT & GADSDEN, ALA.

VIA ROME, Ga. & CHARLESTON, S. C.

TO NEW YORK, per Bale of 500

lbs. or under, \$9 20.

THROUGH bills Lading given, necessary
permits to accompany, and cotton tag-
ged. No insurance necessary on Rail Roads,
from Rome to Charleston.—Agents of the
different lines will attend to receiving and
forwarding. To prevent extra charges for
mending Cotton in transit, shippers will save
by putting their Cotton in perfect order.
Would recommend the bales should be well
covered with bagging.

M. ELLIOTT,
Supt. Coosa Steamboat Line,<

For the Republican.]
A DREAM.
BY FRED JEFFERSON.
Once I stood in far off dreamland,
On the summit of a mountain,
Overlooking sunny valleys
Interpersed by brooks and fountains;
Here and there a pretty hamlet
Nestled 'mid the fragrant flowers,
Here and there a lovely cottage
Bathed with vine-clad bowers;
Peace was reigning o'er the people,
For they knew not aught of sadness,
And they sang rejoicing anthems,
For each heart was filled with gladness.
Midst this scene arose a hero,
Crowned with honor and with power,
And the people shouted praises,
From each hamlet and each tower;
Willing subjects, paying homage,
Told his fame in song and story,
While his brow was beaming brightly
With a youthful nation's glory;
Independence was the sceptre
Which this noble hero wielded,
Rich and poor, alike so happy,
From internal strifes were shielded.
Hark! a change! and from the north-
ward
Came the sound of mighty thunder,
Clouds loomed upward, coming nearer,
Striking every soul with wonder;
With them came a mighty warrior,
Searing that before the morrow,
He would shroud this happy people
With disgrace and dreadful sorrow,
Filled with envy, black with anger,
Forward came this fearful stranger,
With destruction in his purpose,
And each threat foreboding danger.
Of these peaceful, happy people
He was jealous, and was dreading
Lest their praises and their power
Would continue northward spreading;
So he called a host of minions
Who could never show resistance,
And with hope of pay and plunder,
They came forth in his assistance;
Far above them waved a banner,
Once the standard of a nation,
But it bore a new inscription—
"Death! Destruction! Usurpation!"
Soon the valleys stirred with soldiers,
And a dreadful war was waged—
Soon the armies faced each other,
And a conflict fierce was raging;
Those who once had been so happy,
Now became weighed down with sadness
As they saw their ruthless foe
Fighting with such reckless madness;
Long and bloody was the struggle,
Ere its fury was abated,
But at length the weak surrender'd,
Broken down and subjugated.
Now these valleys, once so cheerful,
Famed vast fields of desolation;
Churches, hamlets, dwellings, bowers,
All were swept by conflagration;
Many graves were on the hill-sides,
In them heroes sweetly sleeping,
While about them, close beside them,
Horred white-robed angels, weeping;
One lone grave, among the ruins,
Bore this mark of desolation—
"Buried here, beneath this marble,
Lies a nation's Constitution!"
Hope was then about to leave me,
And my heart was filled with anguish,
But there came a cheering whi-per—
"Friends of freedom, do not languish!
Though you see your Constitution
Buried there, and thus neglected,
Friends again will rally round it,
And it will be resurrected;
Northern foes have wrought your ruin,
Filed your homes with desolation,
But they will repeat their error,
And will aid in restoration!"
Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 15th, 1867.
How the President takes it.
The correspondent of the Boston Post
telegraphs from Washington—
"President Johnson remains entirely
calm under the popular endorsement
of his policy, and received the congratula-
tion of Gen. Sherman and his other
friends with the simple remark that the
elections prove his confidence in the
people not misplaced."
Behold the Conservative pyramid
which has penetrated the clouds and let
the light of a better day shine through
OHIO,
MAINE,
MONTANA,
KENTUCKY,
CALIFORNIA,
CONNECTICUT,
PENNSYLVANIA,
From base to apex it is built of solid
Conservative gains and victories. How
does the symmetry of the pile strike the
eye of Radicalism as it looms aloft.
The Rads Give Up the Ghost.
The Radicals of Montgomery, says
the Mail, have become suddenly sick,
and it is impossible to induce a single
one of them to talk about the recent
elections in Pennsylvania and Ohio.—
They die hard, but dead, politically, they
certainly are; and a wag suggests that
they are merely walking around to save
their funeral expenses. We learn that some
of the Radicals were supposed to doubt
the accuracy of the Mail's dispatches,
and to satisfy themselves and get the
truth according to Radicalism, sent
official dispatches to prominent members of their
party, asking if Pennsylvania and Ohio
had really gone for the Democrats.—
These prominent Washington Radicals
replied to our city Rads that these two
great States had actually and unfortu-
nately gone for the Democrats by over-
whelming and astonishing majorities.

Whereupon our Radicals gave up the
ghost and died in despair. We learn
that Col. Swayne has almost concluded
to give up his Senatorial aspirations,
and return to Ohio in order to recon-
struct her on the negro suffrage ques-
tion! We also learn that Heifer, pro-
vided he is able to settle his board bills
here, will return to his own Lancaster,
Pennsylvania, and reopen his barber
shop, where he will perhaps shave
enough of his clan to keep his miserable
carcass alive for a few years longer.—
The Southern renegades, adventurers
and radicals are dead failures! Ohio
and Pennsylvania have done the work
nobly and thoroughly. Farewell, Rads,
You have played out.
At the annual meeting of the stock-
holders of the Savannah, Griffin and
North Alabama railroad at Newnan last
week, H. J. Sargent was elected Presi-
dent, and John L. Whitaker, Benj. F.
Miller, C. H. Johnson, G. J. Drake,
Glenn O. Wynn and W. W. Thomas
were elected directors for the ensuing
year.
**Conservative Victories in Pennsyl-
vania and Ohio!**
See how brightly breaks the dawn!"
Conservative gains in nearly every
county. Philadelphia elects the entire
Democratic ticket, being a Conservative
gain in the hot bed of Radicalism of over
five thousand votes.
The Constitutional Amendment giv-
ing suffrage to the negroes has been
voted down in Ohio by a large majority,
the Amendment running far behind the
Radical ticket. It is doubtful whether
the Radicals have not entirely lost last
year's majority of forty odd thousand.
Having deserted the negro in one
great State in order to secure a doubtful
and barren victory, and having thrown
another great State into the Conserva-
tive ranks, we may hope that "day
stands tip-toe on the mighty mountain
tops!"—*Montgomery Mail.*
Views of Hon. R. M. T. Hunter.
Ex-Senator Hunter, of Virginia, has
visited Washington, and had a long in-
terview with President Johnson relative
to his prospects for a pardon. He stated
that the leading men of Virginia are
opposed to a convention, as they prefer
the present military rule to negro su-
premacy. Many planters within his
knowledge have expressed their willing-
ness to give a portion of their lands to
encourage immigration, but the immi-
grants are unwilling to accept if they
are to be subjected to a negro Govern-
ment. He thinks the Convention will
be defeated, not by failing to vote, but
by voting down the proposition, unless
an agreement is concluded with the
as is anticipated will be the case, to the
effect that the negroes shall fill all the
Federal offices, if they will leave the
management of the State Government
to the whites.—*Montgomery Mail.*
It will devolve upon Legislature of
Ohio to elect, this winter, a successor to
that old arch-demagogue and agrarian,
Ben F. Wade, in the United States
Senate. Unfortunately, however,
Wade's term of office does not expire
until 1869. There is a strong proba-
bility that that able and true Democrat,
and accomplished gentleman and statu-
sman, Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton, will be
selected by the Democracy for the posi-
tion.—*Nashville Gazette.*
The Safe Convention.
The returns in this State foot up 163-
119 registered voters, after the revision
been made. Of this number 92-
277 votes were cast, all them for a con-
vention, less 5,215, thus making a ma-
jority of 10,799 more than the required
one half for holding the convention.—
It is estimated that something over
twenty thousand white votes were cast.
All the delegates elected are identified
with the Republican party, except Mr.
Howard of Crenshaw and Mr. Dykes of
Cherokee.—*Mont. Ad.*
M. P. STOVALL, D. E. BUTLER,
OF Augusta, Ga. OF Madison, Morgan to Ga.
STOVALL & BUTLER,
COTTON WAREHOUSE,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AUGUSTA, GA.
HAVE FORMED A PARTNERSHIP for
the purpose of conducting the above
business. They will devote their best en-
ergies to advance the interests of their cus-
tomers in the STORAGE AND SALE OF COT-
TON AND OTHER PRODUCE.
M. P. Stovall is well known as having been
successfully engaged for many years in the
business.
D. E. Butler is also favorably known as
long connected with the Planting Interest
and public enterprises of the State.
Office and Sales Room, corner of Jack-
son and Reynolds streets, now occupied
by M. P. Stovall. Sep. 28, '67.
Notice.
THOSE indebted to the estate of Sims
K. Kelly, dec'd will save cost by calling on
us at Jacksonville and settling. I have wait-
ed long, and have been hard pressed to get
money enough to pay the taxes. Securities
may save money by urging the principals to
pay up.
Oct. 12, 1867. S. C. KELLY, Ex'r.
Bargains, Bargains.
ALL persons indebted to the undersigned
are earnestly requested to give him a
call, and if you cannot pay, talk about it.
You may forget small matters after awhile.
You have doubtless known it to be the case—
"Come and let us reason together."
D. P. GUNNELS.
Oxford, Ala. August 3, 1867.
BLANK DEEDS,
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

SELMA
Advertisements.
Woolsey, Walker, & Co.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
SELMA AND MOBILE.
ARE prepared to advance Bag-
ging, Rope, Ties, Supplies, &
Money to their friends, and to sell
at the highest market price all Cotton and
Produce consigned to them at either Selma
or Mobile. Sept. 7, 1867.—3m.
Commission Merchants,
SELMA, ALA.
We keep on hand a com-
plete assortment of Plantation
supplies, Hay, Oats, Corn,
Will pay Reasonable Tax on Cotton sent them
for shipment.
With advance liberally on consignments of
cotton & other produce let with them for sale.
ROGGS, NOTT & WOODS
GROCERS
WITH
Commission Merchants,
SELMA, ALA.
We will make advances on Cotton
and furnish bagging and Rope to all
who favor us with their patronage.
We have good Brick Warehouses constantly
under guard for the storage of Cotton and
other produce consigned to us.
Aug. 24, 1867.—6m.
BOWEN & HOOPER,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Western Produce.
Corner Water and Washing-
ton Streets, directly oppo-
site the "Trump House."
As we now open a full and complete as-
sortment of Groceries and Western Produce,
which they offer in P. packages or at Retail at
the lowest market rates.
Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other
Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, respec-
tfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly
attended to.
Thankful for former favors, they will be
happy to again meet their old friends, and ask
a fair share of patronage from the public
generally. BOWEN & HOOPER.
August 24, 1867.—1y.
ARNER WILLIAMS,
COTTON FACTOR
AND
Commission Merchant.
Selma, Ala.
THANKFUL for the patron-
age heretofore extended him
again tenders his services to
the public in the sale of Cotton, Flour, &c.
Will advance Bagging & Rope to his patrons.
A liberal share of patronage respectfully
solicited. Aug. 5th, 1867.
WM. WHITE. A. J. PHARES.
WHITE & PHARES,
Commission Merchants,
SELMA, ALA.
Sole agents for the sale of
COTTON, WHEAT,
FLOUR, & other Pro-
duce.
Liberal cash advances made on shipments.
Respectfully refer to the following Mer-
chants:
Messrs. S. & T. J. Morgan, Oxford.
E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville.
J. D. Hoke,
P. Rowan,
July 13, 1867.—6m.
ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,
(Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)
RECEIVING
AND
Forwarding Merchant,
Selma, Alabama.
Ware House and Wharf at
the terminus of the Alabama
& Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.
Cotton or Merchandise of any description
Consigned to this House: will be forwarded
promptly and as low as through any house in
Selma. Feb. 16, 1867.—1f.
G. McCONNICK, Selma.
J. A. JONES, Bibb Co.
R. H. CROSWELL, Selma.
CENTRAL WAREHOUSE CO.,
RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
SELMA, ALA.
SPECIAL attention given to the sale and
purchase of merchandise and supplies of
every description.
On which liberal cash advances will be made,
and close storage given in a fire-proof ware-
house.
All Goods consigned to Central Ware-
House will be received directly from Steam-
boats on a first class Wharf Boat, and not ex-
posed to the weather. No charges for dry-
age to Railroad depot. March 2, 1867.
Notice.
THOSE owing the firm of J. L. Pinson &
Bro. formerly of Alexandria, Ala. will
find their notes and accounts turned over to
H. L. Stevenson, Esq. for collection. I have
been forced to this arrangement, from the
fact that Mr. J. L. Pinson is a non-resident,
and I am not able to attend to the business.
E. M. PINSON.
August 10, 1867.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
Special attention given to the Sale & Ship-
ment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully
solicited. Sept. 8, 1866.
CHILLS AND FEVER.
Can the Chills be cured in every instance
without affecting the head? Is there no medi-
cine that will satisfy our people, that will
permanently eradicate all forms of Chills and
Fever? Yes, it can be done. What is its
name and where can it be had?
DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
KING OF CHILLS
Is to-day, the most worthy and substantial
Chill medicine now before the Southern peo-
ple. It never fails to give the most perfect
satisfaction in every respect. Every plan-
tation should buy one dozen bottles at a time.
BILIOUS FEVER
Which is so common on all our rivers, lakes,
bayous, swamps, etc. can be easily cured by
using our "King of Chills" which immedi-
ately arouses the Liver, cleanses the Stom-
ach, opens the Bowels, and never fails to cure
the worst forms of Chills and Fever. Chills
are so easily cured by its use, that it is folly
to suffer any longer.
FARMERS & PLANTERS
Everywhere could save much time and money
among their hands by keeping a constant
supply of King of Chills on hand, as it makes
quick and permanent cures without affecting
the head, and is a powerful tonic to prevent a
return.
We appeal to all who suffer with chills.
DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
English Female Bitters,
A beautiful medicinal compound, prepared
by a class of regular and experienced physi-
cians who have been practicing medicine in
the South for twenty years.
This Female Regulator is a powerful Ute-
rine Tonic, arousing the Womb to a healthy
action, thereby curing painful, suppressed or
irregular menstruation, falling of the Womb,
Leucorrhoea or Whites, Elevation and Irrita-
bility of the Womb, Swelling and Inflam-
mation of the Uterus, Palpitation of the Heart,
Melancholy, Sick Headache, Ovarian Disease,
Derangement of the Kidneys and Bladder,
and all those peculiar complaints affecting
the female sex.
WIFE, MOTHER and SISTER.
Read a few extracts from letters,
"English Female Bitters cured me of falling
of the Womb." "My wife carried six bottles
to Pine Bluff, two bottles cured her of Leu-
corrhoea and she sold the remainder." "I
sent one bottle English Female Bitters for
Palpitation and Sick Headache." "Three
bottles of English Female Bitters cured my
wife of Painful Menstruation." "O, I feel
so much better after using English Female
Bitters, it strengthens me." "Four bottles
of English Female Bitters cured my wife of
Elevation of the Womb."
BLOOD and BONES
Are composed of certain materials which be-
come greatly changed from the effects of
many constitutional diseases, such as Skin
Diseases, Eruption on the Face; Broken down
Constitutions, Shattered Nerves, Effects of
Mercury, Scrophula, Glandular Tumors and
Swellings, Old Ulcers, and Sores of long
standing and all the class of diseases where
the blood has become impure, and this condi-
tion of your blood must be changed, altered,
before you can expect to get well, and for this
purpose nothing is better than
DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH
Which immediately purifies the blood and re-
stores health.
This Blood Purifier is composed of Stillin-
gia, Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Burdock
and Potash, and all persons know it to be
good, all physicians say so, as well as those
who speak from experience.
KIDNEY and BLADDER
Affections which are so common among all
classes in the Southern climate, are immedi-
ately cured by the use of Dromgoole & Co.'s
Fluid Extract.
Bearberry, Cubebs and Buchu
It will cure Retention or Non Retention of
Urine, Gravel, Thick or Milky Urine, Diffi-
culty of Urinating, Pain in the Back, Bloody
Urine, Melancholy and Evil Prebodings, Ex-
treme Nervousness, Effects of Habits of Dis-
sipation or Early Abuses, Loss of Power and
Memory, affecting old or young, male or fe-
male.
Use Great Southern Preparations.
Use Great Southern Preparations.
Use Great Southern Preparations.
Why?
Because they are a class of medicines pre-
pared by the regular Medical profession in the
South, are genuine remedies, specially adapted
to Southern diseases and are giving uni-
versal satisfaction.
J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.
Sold Wholesale and Retail by
Edwin Morris & Co., Louisville, Ky.
J. C. Dromgoole & Co., Mobile, Ala.
J. C. Dromgoole & Co., New Orleans, La.
COLLINS BROS., St. Louis, Mo.
And Druggists generally.
Sewing Machine for Sale.
A First-class Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing
Machine, but little worn and in good
order, for sale, very low.
Enquire at this Office.
Feb. 16 4

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND.
WILL open on Monday the 14th Oct'r,
Her Stock of
Millinery;
At first door East of Copeland's Store.
Comprising almost every useful article indis-
pensable for Ladies use.
She has secured the services of MISS Mc-
KENZIE, a superior Dress Maker and Milli-
ner. Dresses, Cloaks, Suits, Paltos, cut
and fit, at very reasonable prices. HATS &
BONNETS altered and Trimmed.
I will keep constantly supplied with latest
patterns, and good assortment of Trimmings
for Dresses and Cloaks.
Hope to receive the encouragement of my
friends.
Oct. 12, 1867.
E. L. WOODWARD,
Is receiving his Stock of
Fall and Winter
GOODS,
Which he offers as cheap as can be
afforded.
His Assortment is General.
If you consider him worthy of pat-
ronage, he will be pleased to receive it,
and duly appreciate any favors received.
—*Times, Clack.* Oct. 12, 1867.
REDUCED RATES.
THE
MONTGOMERY MAIL,
ISSUED
Daily and Weekly.
AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.
By J. CARR GIBSON & Co.,
Proprietors.
JOSEPH HODGSON, J. F. WHITEFIELD, Editors.
The proprietors of the Mail take pleasure
in announcing that they have materially Re-
duced the Rates of Advertising and Subscrip-
tion, to-wit:
On and after the first day of June, 1867,
rates of Subscription and Advertising will be
as follows:
TERMS OF THE DAILY MAIL.
Twelve months\$10 00
Six months 5 00
Three months 2 50
One month 1 00
Two weeks 70
One week 40
Single copies 10
Newsboys and Dealers will be furnished at
the rate of 50 cents per dozen.
TERMS OF THE WEEKLY MAIL
ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY
MORNING.
One copy, 1 year\$4 00
One copy, 6 months 2 50
Clubs of Ten, one year 40 00
Clubs of Twenty, one year 80 00
All subscriptions to the paper are disconti-
nued so soon as the time expires for which
payment has been made, unless renewed.
The Mail has a Circulation in ALABAMA
UNRIVALED BY ANY OTHER NEWSPAPER, and is
rapidly on the increase. It is the official or-
gan of the City of Montgomery, and, since
the first day of January last, has been award-
ed the publication of the list of letters in ac-
cordance with the law, requiring this list to
be published in the paper having the
LARGEST CIRCULATION.
In Politics, the Mail is a fearless and in-
dependent advocate of CONSTITUTIONAL CONSER-
VATIVE PRINCIPLES.
The DAILY MAIL contains all the latest tele-
graphic and general intelligence fully pro-
cessed, of legislative bodies, &c., &c., while the
WEEKLY MAIL, being one of the Largest Sheets
in the South, is filled with reading matter on-
ly, embracing all the current news of the
week.
Subscriptions, Advertising and Job Print-
ing Solicited.
No Money, IN REGISTERED LETTERS, may be
sent at our risk.
BROWN & PERKINS.
Pianos for the People
420 Broome St., N. Y.
We would call the attention of the public
and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos
in the following styles:
STYLE A, 7 octave Front large round
corners, 6 months case, either octagon or
curved legs, straight bottom, head mould-
ing on plinth\$450
STYLE B, 7 octave, same as style A,
with serpentine moulding on plinth,
curved legs and lyre\$500
STYLE C, 7 octave, Front corners large
round, serpentine bottom, mouldings
same as on style D, curved lyre and
desk, fancy carved legs\$550
STYLE D, 7 octave, Four large round
corners, finished base, mouldings on
rim and plinth, serpentine bottom, cur-
ved lyre and desk, elegant carved fruit
legs\$650
The above styles are all finished in elegant
Rosewood cases and have the full iron frame,
French action, harp pedal, beveled top, ivory
keys and key fronts, and exceed in overstrung
bass, nearly all the 7 1/2 octave Pianos now
manufactured. They are made of the best
materials, and for finish, durability, purity
and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed.
The four styles described above, embody
all the essential changes in exterior finish of
cases, which are by many manufacturers run
on 15 and 20 patterns.
We invite the attention of the public, of
dealers and the profession, to a critical exami-
nation of the merits of our Pianos.
By avoiding the great expenses attendant
upon costly factories and expensive ware-
rooms in the city, we are enabled to offer these
Pianos at prices which defy competition, and
invite all to call and examine them before
purchasing elsewhere.
When references and testimonials are re-
quired by those about to purchase, instead of
presenting a display of professional names,
we refer to the parties to whom we have sold
our Pianos. Their judge ment as to the real
merits of our instruments as to the durability,
touch, sweetness, and power of tone, standing
in tune, &c., based on an actual experience,
being of far more value than the mere good
opinion of the Artist, however capable, who
merely tries them in a warehouse, instruments
in perfect tune and order, which have just re-
ceived the workmen's last finishing touches.
Our motto is
"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."
Send for a Circular, to
BROWN & PERKINS,
No. 420 Broome Street, N. Y.

P. ROWAN
Is now receiving the latest stock of
GOODS
Ever brought to this market since the com-
mencement of the war. All are invited to
call and examine his stock, with the assurance
that they cannot fail, out of the great variety,
to be suited both in quality and price.
Jacksonville, Oct. 5, 1867.
JUST PUBLISHED.
NEW WORK ON SINGING.
BASSINIS
Twenty Melodic Exercises,
IN FORM OF
SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR
MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,
INTENDED AS
Studies to acquire the Art of Sing-
ing.
"These exercises were composed to be used
simultaneously with his system, 'The Art
of Singing,' or with any other method for
the cultivation of the voice, and will take the
place of CONCONES SOLFEGGIOS; being
more melodious and better adapted for
teaching."
"Some of these exercises are specially beau-
tiful as well as useful, a mingling of the Italian
style, which secures the interest as well as
the improvement of the student. The vari-
ous styles developed in these exercises render
them invaluable in an educational point
of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelli-
gence of the pupil. They must be studied
carefully with reference to the innumerable
marks of expression and forms of ornamenta-
tion. Upon the minute accuracy with which
these are accomplished depends the actual stor-
ing advancement of the pupil; any evasion or
slurring in these respects is time and effort
utterly wasted, while, on the other hand a
close and patient investigation, and minutely
faithful execution of them, will give unex-
pected power and facility, and open to the stu-
dent the means and resources by which great
artists produce their most brilliant and pro-
nounced respect.—*Watson's Art Journal.*
In Two Volumes,
Price, each, in boards, Retail,\$2.00
do. do. in Cloth, Retail,2.50
A Sample Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on
receipt of Wholesale price, \$1.50.
Published by **WM. HALL & SON,**
No. 543 Broadway, N. Y.
Publishers and dealers in Music, and Manu-
facturers of FLUTES, FIFES, FLAGEOLETS,
&c., &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.
D. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law.
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the
practice of Law, will practice together,
except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counti-
es of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph,
Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.
DURVEE'S
VIOLINE,
[TRADE MARK.]
A New Writing Fluid.
Of a Beautiful Violet Color,
ALSO
VIOLINE COPYING FLUID,
To Copy Without Press.
MANUFACTURED BY THE
Manhattan Ink and Color Co.
49 LIBERTY STREET.
To Painters Furniture and other Manufactur-
ers.
YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO
THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL.
90 Cents Per Gallon.
Invented by G. DURVEE, M. D. Chemist of
New York.
Who has spent several years experimenting
for a substitute for Linseed Oil.
It is well known that aloumen gives to oil
from linseed all its besting virtues; therefore,
a chemical combination of aloumen with any
other oil would make it equally valuable.
Knowing the prejudice against a new oil,
especially after the odium of many failures,
we have awaited severe tests before entering
the arena. Neither shall we make vain prom-
ises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil
with those who use it. We dare say this
much, that, after two years' trial, in all weath-
ers, this oil has been found as indestructible as
the best boiled linseed oil.
It may be thinned with turpentine or raw
linseed oil.
With lead it dries in six hours!
With zinc it gives the lustre of Damar var-
nish.
For a roofing oil it will be found just the
thing.
The price is about two-thirds that of lin-
seed oil.
It will not injure the most delicate colors,
nor will it crack or peel off.
Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first
coats to varnish on.
Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.
Among the many parties who have tried it
we take pleasure in referring to
The Mosely Corrugated Iron Roofing and
Bridge Co., of Boston & New York.
G. Whitlock, Brook- F. Long, New York.
Lyn Navy Yard, Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific
J. C. Follows, N. Y. S. S. Co., N. Y.
New York, Nov. 16, 1867.
To MANHATTAN PAINT OIL CO.
I take pleasure in stating that I have used
your Paint Oil on wood and iron, with dif-
ferent kinds of paint, and have no hesitation
in saying that, in my opinion, it makes a
better coating than linseed, and that, for all
purposes where exposed to weather, is much
preferable. Yours, J. T. WILBURN.
Brown Metallic Paint, 3 1/2 cents per lb.
Varnish for Housework, and First Coat Fur-
niture, \$2 per gallon.
SOLD BY DEALERS IN PAINT OIL, &c.
MANUFACTURED BY
The Manhattan Paint Oil Co.,
49 Liberty St., New York.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

I've Been Thinking.

I've been thinking, I've been thinking, What a glorious world were this, Did folks mind their business more, And mind their neighbors' business less.

For instance, you and I, my friend, Are sadly prone to talk Of matters that concern us not, And other follies mock.

I've been thinking if we'd begin To mend our own affairs, That possibly our neighbors might Contribute to manage theirs.

We've faults enough at home to mend— It may be so with others; It would seem strange, if it were not, Since all mankind were brothers.

Oh! would that we had charity, For every man and woman, Forgive us the mark of those Who know to "err is human." Then let us banish jealousy— Let's lift our fallen brother, And as we journey down life's road, "Do good to one another."

Conflict and Conquest.

Courage, brother, do not stumble, Though thy path be dark as night; There's a star to guide the humble: "Trust in God, and do the right."

Let the road be rough and dreary, And its end far out of sight, Foot it bravely—strong or weary, "Trust in God, and do the right."

Perish "policy" and "cunning!" Perish all that fears the light! Whether losing, whether winning, "Trust in God, and do the right."

Trust no party, sect or fashion; Just no "leaders" in the fight; In every word and action, "Trust in God, and do the right."

Trust no lovely forms of passion; Friends may look like angels bright; Trust no custom, school or fashion, "Trust in God, and do the right."

Simple rule, and safest guiding, Inward peace and outward might, Star upon our path abiding: "Trust in God, and do the right."

Some will hate thee, some will love thee, Some will flatter, some will slight; Cease from man, and look above thee: "Trust in God, and do the right."

"ADOPTED."

"It's very strange," muttered Blanche Penroy, slowly weaving together the wreath of scarlet autumn leaves with which she was decorating her broad brimmed straw hat.

She made a beautiful picture, sitting there all alone in the mellow glow and color of autumn woods, the shawl drooping from her shoulders, and the sunshine lighting up her auburn curls with glittering threads of gold, while upon the fallen tree trunk that formed her impromptu seat lay a tiny bunch of grasses and autumnal flowers. She was transparently fair, with purple tangles of veins in each waxen temple, and a faint pink bloom on her cheek, while her eyes, large and grave, tender expression of an infant.

"Yes, it is very strange," went on Miss Penroy, musing with herself. "I know so little about him—I have only known him ten days—yet, when he spoke about leaving Elm Point last night it seemed as if all the sunshine were going out of the world for me. O, Blanche!" she added, leaning forward and apostrophizing the tan face mirrored in the glass stream at her feet. "Is it possible that you've allowed yourself to fall in love with that tall, black-eyed young Southerner?—Ten days ago I had never seen him, and now!"

The roses mounted up into her cheek as she wondered within herself whether Mr. Evering cared for her.

"I wish I knew," she muttered aloud. "Knew what?" demanded a calm voice, and Mr. Gilbert Evering took up a bunch of grasses on the log, and coolly seated himself beside her—a straight handsome man, with brilliant, dark eyes rather irregular features, and deep color glowing through his olive skin.

Blanche demurely looked at him—she was not to be taken by storm thus easily.

"Whether it will rain to-morrow, for our picnic. I want to wear my white India muslin."

"Oh, pic-nic! I had forgotten that when I spoke of leaving to-morrow. Of course, though, my presence or absence will make no great difference."

scarlet and brown-spotted maple leaf required a great deal of adjustment in the ribbon of her hat.

"Blanche—shall I go or stay?"

"Just as you please, Mr. Evering, of course."

"No; just as somebody else pleases. Yes or no! And I forewarn you, and yes means a great deal."

"How much does it mean?" questioned Blanche, half archy, half timorously.

"Everything."

"Then you may stay!"

"My Blanche—my little white daisy!" he whispered, bending his stately head over the slender hand that lay on the autumn leaves. And Blanche felt that in the golden stillness of that October dell, she had turned a new page in the book of life!

She was very, very happy, and all that day she seemed to be walking through the bright mysteries of a dream. But alas, that shadow should always follow sunshine in this world of ours.

"I'm not disposed to be unreasonable, Blanche," said Gilbert, in a whisper, as he arranged her white shawl for her, amid the merry taut of the picnic ground, "but I do think you have waited quite often enough with that puppy, Birmingham!"

"Jealous, already, Gilbert!" taunted the girl, flushed and rosy with the triumphs of her beauty, and the irresistible instincts of coquetry. She colored crimson.

At the same instant young Birmingham came up.

"May I have the pleasure of this polka with you, Miss Penroy?"

And Blanche, left and wilful, and little quipped, answered:

"Yes."

And glided away with her plump hand on Walter Birmingham's shoulder. Gilbert had no business to be so unreasonable!

His grave, stern face rather startled her as she came once more to the rustic seat of twisted boughs, when the string band music was silent, and Mr. Birmingham had gone to bring her a glass of iced lemonade.

"Gilbert! why do you look so cross?"

"Because I have reason. I am sorry you pay so little attention to my wishes, Miss Penroy."

She drew herself up haughtily.

"You are beginning to dictate early, sir."

"Have I not the right?"

"Nothing of the sort, Mr. Evering."

"Be it so, Blanche," he said in a voice that betrayed how deep the arrow rankled in his bosom. I give up the right now and henceforward."

Blanche was startled. She would have said more, but Walter Birmingham was advancing towards her, and when next she had leisure to look around Gilbert was gone from her side.

"What have I done?" she thought in dismay. "I'll see him this evening and coax him into a good humor once more. He surely can't be vexed at me for an idle word like that."

Ah, little Blanche, it is not the well considered sentence that does all the harm in this world—it is the idle word!

"Such a charming day as we have had, Mrs. Trautman," said Blanche, as she came up the steps of the hotel piazza, as smiling and radiant as if the worm remorse was not gnawing at her heart.

"That, of course," said the blooming matron, who was reading in an easy chair under the shadow of the vines—

"But what sent Mr. Evering away in such a hurry?"

"Sent him away?"

"Yes, by the evening train. He came home, packed his things and drove away as if there was not a moment to lose. I am very sorry; we shall miss him so much."

Blanche went slowly up stairs and sat down at her window, looking out at the purple glow of the evening landscape as if it were a featureless blank.

So he was really gone away; and by her own folly she had lost the priceless treasure of Gilbert Evering's love.

"And I cannot even write to him, for I do not know his address," she thought with clasped hands and tearful eyes.

"Well, it is my own fault and I must abide the consequences as best I may."

Blanche Penroy went home from that gay summer; lounging place sadder and a wiser woman; and the November mists dropping over the brick and mortar wilderness of her New York home had never seemed half so dreary to her as they seemed now.

"I shall be an old maid," thought Blanche; walking up and down the fire-light darkness of her own twilight drawing rooms, with her dimpled hands clasped behind her waist.

"I never care for any one now as I cared for—Gilbert; and I dare say I shall keep a cat, and get fond of green tea, and scandal, and sewing circles. Ah! well a day! life cannot last forever."

She rang the bell with an impatient jerk.

"Are there any letters, Sanderson?"

"One ma'am; it came by the evening post about five minutes ago."

"Light the gas, then, and give it to me."

Blanche sat down by the fire and opened the letter, suppressing a yawn.

"Black edged—and black sealed! So poor Mrs. Marchmont is gone at last!"

It was from the executors of Penroy's distant cousin, formally and briefly announcing her death, which had taken place in one of the West India Islands some months since; but of which "the melancholy news," as the letter ran, had only just been received. It was not entirely unexpected, as Mrs. Marchmont had, for some years been slowly fading out of the world, a victim to hereditary consumption.

"Leaving one child, a son," slowly repeated Blanche, leaning her cheek on her hand and looking down into the fiery quiver of the white hot coals.

"Poor little fellow! he must feel nearly as desolate and lone as I do! Only I have one advantage—I have at least a sufficiency of this world's goods, and this orphaned child must be thrown penniless—and alone on his own resources, for if I remember right, Mrs. Marchmont forfeited all the wealth of her first marriage by her second alliance with the poverty-stricken lawyer, whose death plunged her into such bitter mourning. That was a genuine love match, yet how much grief and trouble it brought with it; leaving one child, a son? Why should I not adopt the stray waif, and make it a business of my life to cherish and comfort him? I have no object in existence, here is one that Providence itself seems to point out to me."

Once more she rang the bell, with a fresh color glowing in her cheeks and a new light in her eyes.

"Bring in my writing case immediately, Sanderson, and get ready to take a letter to the post as soon as possible."

The old servant obeyed, wondering at his mistress's unwonted energy, and yet well pleased to see some of her animation returning.

"She do look more like herself to-night, do Miss Blanche, than she has for a long time," he said to his house-keeper, as he came down after obeying her summons. "I only wish Miss Blanche would take a fancy to some nice, proper behaved young man; it don't seem nohow right that she should live all by herself in this big house so forlorn-like."

The house-keeper nodded sagaciously to all Mr. Sanderson's propositions. She fully agreed with him. "Only Miss Blanche was too willful ever to hear a word of advice."

It was a very simple and unconscious letter that Blanche Penroy wrote to her "far away cousin's" executors from the fullness of her heart:

"I shall never marry now," she wrote, "and it seems to become my plainly indicated duty to undertake the care of this orphan child of Mrs. Marchmont's. With your approval, therefore, I propose to adopt him, and endeavor, as far as in my power, to supply to place of his lost mother. You may at first deem me young to undertake so grave and serious a responsibility; and I am very, very much older in thought and feeling than my years. Of course, at my death, the child will inherit the property which was left me by my deceased parents."

"I hope my cousin's executors are like the nice white-headed old lawyers one reads about in novels," said Blanche to herself as she folded the little perfumed sheet of pink paper, "and not cross old ruddies, talking of 'expedient' and 'appropriates,' for I do so much want somebody to love and care for, and somehow I've a sort of premonition that this little fellow will be nice, and rosy and lovable. I think I'll teach him to call me 'auntie.'"

Just a week subsequent, a prim legal note was received from M^{rs}s. Alins & Corpus, the deceased lady's executors, stating that "they saw no valid objection to Miss Penroy's very laudable projects, and that in accordance thereto, the child of the late Mrs. Marchmont would arrive at Miss Penroy's residence on the following Saturday night."

"Saturday night—and this is Friday," ejaculated Blanche, with a new brightness dancing in her hazel eyes. O, how glad shall I be! Sanderson, tell Mrs. Brown to have the blue room fitted up immediately for Master Marchmont, and you had better go yourself to the depot with the carriage, at five to-morrow afternoon, to meet him."

"Yes, ma'am," said Sanderson, stolidly. The apparition of a great unruly boy tramping with muddy boots on the velvet carpets and banging the house with ball and marbles, and lung-splitting halloes, did not possess the charms to Sanderson's eyes that it seemed to his mistress. And even patient Mrs. Brown remarked with a species of exasperation, that "she didn't see what put this freak into Miss Blanche's

Saturday was a day of hail and tempest, and softly falling snow, and by five o'clock the drawing rooms were lighted, and the crimson silk curtains closely drawn, to exclude the stormy darkness without. Six times within the last fifteen minutes had Blanche Penroy looked at her watch, as she stood by the fire waiting to hear the returning carriage wheels. She was dressed in a rich China-blue silk dress, with pearl pin and ear drops, and a little point lace at her throat and wrists, and the color in her cheeks, and the golden glimmer in her bright hair, made her unconsciously very fair to look upon.

"Oh, I hope—I hope he will like me," thought Blanche, with the instinctive yearning for love that comes to every woman's heart as the door opened.

"Here's the young gentleman, Miss," said Sanderson, with a half suppressed sound between a laugh and a snort.

But instead of a child seven or eight years old, a tall apparition stalked in, something over six feet high, with a black moustach, and merry hazel eyes, brimming over with mirth. For an instant Blanche started at him as if she could hardly credit the evidence of her own senses.

"Gilbert?"

"Exactly. You wanted to adopt me, and here I am."

"No, but Gilbert?"

"Yes, but Blanche?"

You are not Mrs. Marchmont's son."

"I am—by her first marriage. And though I am by no means the penniless infant you seemed to suppose, as half my father's wealth comes to me, I am quite willing to be adopted—particularly as you are not married to Walter Birmingham."

Blanche struggled between tears and laughter, uncertain which could best express her feelings. But Gilbert Evering drew her tenderly toward him.

"If you adopt me, dearest, it must be for life. Nay, do not hesitate—happiness has been already too much the mercy of trifles. You will not retract your offer?"

"Well, after all," said Blanche, demurely, "all I wanted was some body to love and care for—and—"

"And I shall do very well in the capacity of—"

And Sanderson, who had been diligently listening at the door, crept down stairs to inform Mrs. Brown that "they were going to have a new master."

DRUGS, DRUGS.

P. L. TURNLEY, (Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

Announces to the public that he has and is receiving a very superior stock of Drugs, medicines, chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes, Oils, Lamps, also Chloroform and Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels confident that he can please all of his Alabama Customers and Friends that will call on him or send their orders. Recollect he may be found at his old commodious stand No. 3, under the Choice Hotel, Rome, Ga.

Just Received, Domestic, Calicoes, &c.

By E. L. WOODWARD.

A. D. FETTER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER. PITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail GROCERS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Fitch's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business. Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—Gm.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW! LIGHT FOR THE MILLION! A VALUABLE DISCOVERY! The Eureka Illuminating Oil

Costs only One Cent for three hours. Cheap, Clean and Neat. No Smoke. No Offensive Smell. No Grease. No Chimney. Not Explosive. Costs only 25 Cts. Per Gallon. No Family should be without it.

Samples for testing will be sent prepaid, on receipt of 50 cents. County and State Rights for sale on liberal terms, either for Cash, Real Estate or Personal Property. Address, Eureka Oil Manufacturing Co., 37 Park Row, New York.

Cheap but Valuable Land 480 ACRES of Land, lying on Little Waukey Creek, 12 miles west of Jacksonville, and one half mile from the Jacksonville and Gadsden Railroad, is now offered for sale by the owners, who wish to remove to Louisiana, at a little more than government price. The land lies well, is well timbered, has on it fine springs, a large portion good soil, and 40 acres believed to contain a very valuable slate quarry. It will be sold all together, or in subdivision of 40 or 80 acres.

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THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c., of

HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.

By Henry Cleveland,

Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutional.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Feb. 16, 1867.

JOHN W. INZER. LEROY F. BOX

INZER & BOX,

Attorneys at Law.

AND

Solicitors in Chancery.

ASHVILLE, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of St. Albans, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, De Kalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,

Of Alabama.

Has located in the country near Seaboard, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,

TUMORS, POLYPI,

DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years. He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, at some three or four places during the winter.

Feb. 23, '65

A SAFE

CERTAIN,

AND

Speedy Cure

FOR

NEURALGIA,

AND ALL

NERVOUS

DISEASES.

Its Effects are

Magical.

It is an UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this wonderful REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing, affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can always be used with PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of our most eminent physicians, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.

One package, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents.

Six packages, 5.00, " 27 "

Twelve packages, 9.00, " 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,

120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

Oct. 12, 1867.

By the Governor of Alabama,

A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

STATE OF ALABAMA.

WHEREAS, information has reached this Department, that an atrocious murder was recently committed in Cleburne county upon the body of Michael Pessimi; and

Whereas, it is formally charged, that the said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH MARKS; and it appearing that the said Marks has fled from justice, and is still running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Patton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars

to any person who may arrest the said Joseph Marks, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1867, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.

By the Governor,

MICHAEL TAUL,

Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and heavy built, weighs about one hundred and seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair, which was quite long when he fled; his complexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The second toe on the left foot has been cut, so that it hangs down. The first and third toes on the same foot, incline towards each other, and nearly if not quite touch.

Pay Up!

Yes, the time has arrived. Wheat is ready for market, and, you can get a fair price. I expect punctuality, for

"Old things are done away,"

So call in at once and pay

"WOOD'S"

PRIZE

MOWERS AND REAPERS!

Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth, England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., July, 1866, the First Premium, GRAND GOLD MEDAL.

The PRIZE MOWER,

While it retains all the advantages which have made it so universal a favorite, is greatly improved by the addition of

Steel Lined Guards,

New Pitman Connections,

Stronger Knives,

Spring Seat,

Adjustable Folding Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

The SELF-RAKE REAPER!

Justly called the "Victor of every competitor," and is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Mowing Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Rake Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

The HAND RAKE REAPER.

is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered.

It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which it is managed, and in changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the

WALTER A WOOD

Mowing & Reaping Machine Co.

Ho

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.
SATURDAY, OCT. 26, 1867.

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

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One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as
three, &c. A liberal discount made on
advertisements continued for three, six,
or 12 months.
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D. M. FULENWIDER, with
BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS, of Selma, is
our authorized Agent, to contract, receive
and receipt for subscription and advertising
for the Republican.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and
DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and cor-
rectly printed, for sale by the quire
or single copy, at this office. Also
every description of Blanks for Jus-
tices of the Peace.

To Administrators and Executors.

Administrators and Executors who
desire to publish notices of Grant of Let-
ters, and Sales of Land and other prop-
erty, in the *Republican*, can do so as
heretofore. Such publications are re-
quired to be made, signed, and paid for
by themselves, and not by the Judge of
Probate—consequently they are not "of-
ficial patronage," and not affected by
Gen. Pope's order 49.

Cotton Seed Wanted.

We will give one year's subscription
to the Jacksonville Republican for ev-
ery 15 bushels of cotton seed delivered.

Latest Arrival.

Our friend J. M. Carroll has just re-
ceived a nice accession of new goods to
his stock, and having purchased late in
the season is prepared to furnish his
customers and friends as low as the low
est. He still has No. 1 chewing tobacco
at the reduced price of 50 cts a plug.
Give him a call.

An Earnest Appeal.

Gen. Pope's Order 49, taking from
our paper and all others of like political
character, all the official patronage of
civil officers, has thrown us entirely up-
on our resources from indebtedness for
former work, to sustain our paper until
"these calamities be overpast."

We are suffering from this vital stab
at the liberty of the press, and unpar-
alleled preciptation for political opin-
ion's sake, because we have advocated
the cause of Constitutional liberty, and
the rights of the people against military
despotism. Will they suffer our paper
to be crushed by withholding what is
already due? We confidently hope and
believe they will not. If but a large
proportion of those indebted to us for
subscription, will come forward within
the next month and settle up, which
would be but a small matter to them
individually, it would in the aggregate
afford us ample relief. Could not, also,
many of our present patrons, by a little
effort, get at least one other good paying
subscriber. Friends, we think we have
a right to ask this at your hands; and
we shall see whether there be none left
to aid those who are made to suffer loss
for their adherence to principle.

It is our purpose, commencing with
this number to increase the amount of
reading matter, and leave no effort un-
used to make our paper still more inter-
esting and valuable to its patrons.

STRANGE, YET TRUE.—That the female
community in all sections, are grunting, suf-
fering and lingering with so many diseases
and ailments peculiar to their sex. Is there no
balm for them? Is there no relief from so
many female complaints and irregularities?
Is there no Uterine Tonic to relieve these fe-
male distresses, to strengthen the feeble, to
remove obstructions, to quiet the nervous,
to restore, arouse, adorn and beautify the fe-
male sex? Yes, we have that medicine, and
it is Dromgoole & Co.'s English Female Bit-
ters.

Repeal the Cotton Tax.

The present farming year has been a
disastrous one, and it is within reason-
able bounds to say that very few planters
have cleared expenses. The ravages of
the army and boll worm reduced the
cotton crop one half. The decline in
cotton, is even worse than the short
crop, and added to all this, is the 23
per cent collected on every pound of
cotton. These things combined make
Southern planters carry heavier loads
than any class of agricultural people—
Some of the Republican papers are be-
ginning to see the injustice of the cotton
tax, which at last is a bounty to New
England Manufacturers, and are urging
Congress to make its repeal one of the
first measures acted on at the November
Session.

The Chicago Tribune (Radical) has
come to the conclusion that this tax, be-
sides being hard on the producer, is detri-
mental to the general interests of the
country, and "more than all injurious to
the negro." It argues in favor of the

the tax was doubted by the Congress
that enacted it. This is the view taken
by so many prominent papers and men
that the usually well informed Wash-
ington correspondent of the Charleston
Courier believes that the tax will be
abolished at the next session, and that a
bounty to encourage its production will
be granted. It is now apprehended at
the North that the tax and the uncer-
tainty of negro labor will destroy the
system of cotton growing upon large
plantations, and that, if so, its produc-
tion will be greatly diminished.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The Charge
d' Affairs from Hayti was received at
the State Department to-day.
Revenue receipts to-day \$224,000.
The New York Post's special says that
six of the nine members of the Judiciary
committee favor pushing on the im-
peachment.
The Boston Post's special says the
President expresses the determination
to resist suspension during the trial,
should the emergency arise.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct. 18.—In a well au-
thenticated conversation, the President
expressed himself to the following effect
regarding the impeachment: He ap-
prehended that the radical leaders would
become more desperate than ever, and
hesitate at nothing to accomplish their
revolutionary purposes. Referring to
suspension before conviction, he says he
will resist with all the powers the Con-
stitution furnishes for its own protec-
tion. In the Cabinet there must neces-
sarily be a change, and before the
meeting of Congress a change would be
made. He will neither consult now, or
be governed by party cliques, but will
draw around him men of ability, nerve
and patriotism.

According to Gen. Sherman, he says
he will be here between the 10th and
17th of November, in ample time for
the discharge of any duty, however re-
sponsible, which may devolve on him.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct. 18.—There was a
full attendance at the Cabinet meeting
to-day.
Receipts of customs for the week,
ending the 12th, amount to \$2,938,-
000.

The Secretary of the Treasury has
made a demand for reclamation on per-
sons from whom the Treasury has re-
cently received about \$80,000 worth
of alleged counterfeit seven-thirty notes.
The Department claims that in the
course of business the understanding al-
ways is that United States notes are
thoroughly examined here; they are at
the risk of the parties transmitting them.
Should parties refuse to make satisfac-
tion for counterfeit notes the Secretary
will take advice of the Attorney General
in order to determine his action.

Revenue receipts to-day \$254,000.
Archbishop Spaulding arrived on the
steamer Persia.

Meeting of the Convention.

HEADQUARTERS 3d MILITARY DIST.,
(Georgia, Alabama and Florida.)
Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 18, 1867.

General Orders, No. 76:

Whereas, By General Orders, No. 50
from Headquarters, dated August 31,
1867, an election was ordered to be
held in the State of Alabama, on the
First, Second and Third days of Oc-
tober, 1867, at which election, in pursu-
ance to an act of Congress, entitled "An
act to provide for the more efficient gov-
ernment of the rebel States," and the
act supplementary thereto, the regis-
tered voters of said State might vote "for
a Convention," or "against a Conven-
tion," and for delegates to constitute the
Convention in case a majority of all the
registered voters should have voted on
the question of a Convention.

Whereas, at an election held in pur-
suance of said order, and in conformity
with said acts, there were polled on the
question of Convention, votes of the
number of ninety-five thousand eight
hundred and sixty-six (95,866,) being
more than one half of one hundred and
sixty-five thousand eight hundred and
thirteen (165,813,) the whole number
of registered voters in said State, includ-
ing those registered during the five days
mentioned in said order; of the whole
number of votes polled on the question
of Convention, ninety thousand two
hundred and eighty-three (90,283,) be-
ing a majority of the same, were cast
"for a convention."

And, Whereas, At said election the
following named persons were elected
as delegates to said Convention from the
respective election districts in which
they were chosen:

From the First Election District—
Gustavus Horton, Albert Griffin, Al-
fred F. Buck, John Carraway, Ovid
Gregory.

From the Second Election District—
Mark D. Brainard, Stephen Moore.

From the Third Election District—
Augustus W. Jones.

From the Fourth Election District—
Samuel S. Gardner, Wm. Jones.

From the Fifth Election District—
R. M. Johnson, R. Deal, J. J. Jolly.

From the Sixth Election District—
David Lore, H. C. Russell, Thos. Diggs.

From the Seventh Election District—
W. H. Black, James Palmer, L. S. Lat-
ham, B. F. Royal.

From the Eighth Election District—
Jas. H. Howard.

From the Ninth Election District—
C. A. Miller, N. D. Stanwood, W. M. Buck-

From the Tenth Election District—
R. Reynolds, J. H. Burdick, A. L. Mor-
gan.

From the Eleventh Election District—
James M. Jackson.

From the Twelfth Election District—
Luther R. Smith, J. J. Gilder.

From the Thirteenth Election Dis-
trict—George Ely, Washington John-
son.

From the Fourteenth Election Dis-
trict—Littleberry Strange, J. J. Martin.

From the Fifteenth Election District—
H. C. Semple, James P. Stow, Charles
W. Buckley, John C. Keffer, Peyton
Finley.

From the Sixteenth Election District—
B. F. Saffold, D. E. Coon, J. Silsby, A.
Strother, J. Hatcher.

From the Seventeenth Election Dis-
trict—Pierce Burton, Charles W. Dus-
tan, J. Wright McLeod.

From the Eighteenth Election Dis-
trict—Simon Brunson, Benjamin Rolfe, B.
Yordy, Benjamin Inge.

From the Nineteenth Election Dis-
trict—John H. Mead, Wm. Samuel Landon.

From the Twentieth Election Dis-
trict—B. W. Norris, C. H. Cabott, John L.
Alexander.

From the Twenty-first Election Dis-
trict—J. H. Speed, G. W. Graves,
Thomas Lee.

From the Twenty-second Election
District—W. T. Backford, B. S. Wheeler,
James K. Greene, Charles Hayes, B.
Alexander.

From the Twenty-third Election Dis-
trict—Taliaferro Towles, Early Great-
house, Timothy J. Russell.

From the Twenty-fourth Election Dis-
trict—J. F. Hurst.

From the Twenty-fifth Election Dis-
trict—James R. Walker.

From the Twenty-sixth Election Dis-
trict—Jesse W. Mahan.

From the Twenty-seventh Election
District—Joseph H. Davis.

From the Twenty-eighth Election
District—Arthur Bingham, George P.
Plowman, Thomas Adams.

From the Twenty-ninth Election
District—E. W. Peek, H. McGowan.

From the Thirtieth Election Dis-
trict—J. F. Grant, J. H. Atwey.

From the Thirty-first Election Dis-
trict—H. J. Springfield.

From the Thirty-second Election
District—W. A. Walker.

From the Thirty-third Election Dis-
trict—J. F. Morton.

From the Thirty-fourth Election Dis-
trict—J. W. Wilbitt.

From the Thirty-fifth Election Dis-
trict—W. T. Ewing, W. C. Garrison.

From the Thirty-sixth Election Dis-
trict—George J. Dykes.

From the Thirty-seventh Election
District—Alfred Collins.

From the Thirty-eighth Election
District—W. A. Austin, C. O. Whitney.

From the Thirty-ninth Election Dis-
trict—S. F. Kennauer.

From the Fortieth Election Dis-
trict—Thomas Haughey.

From the Forty-first Election Dis-
trict—Thomas H. Peters, B. O. Master-
son.

From the Forty-second Election Dis-
trict—A. J. Applegate, Columbus Jones,
LaFayette Robinson.

From the Forty-third Election Dis-
trict—Jas. W. Stewart, Daniel H. Biog-
ham, James T. Rapier.

From the Forty-fourth Election Dis-
trict—William Skinner, H. H. Russell.

It is ordered, That the persons above
named do meet in Convention, at Moun-
tgomery, Alabama, at the Capitol, on
Tuesday, the fifth day of November,
1867, and proceed to frame a Constitu-
tion and Civil Government for the State
of Alabama, according to the provisions
of the Acts above referred to, and that
when the same shall have been so framed
the said Constitution be submitted for
ratification to the registered voters of
said State as further required by law.

JOHN PONE,
Brevet Maj Gen U S Army
* Mistake—C. L. Steed was the other
delegate.

The Bowling Green (Ky.) Democrat
states that a widowed lady named
Blankenships who lived in Allen coun-
ty, Ky., lost her husband about two
months ago, leaving her with the care
of three children. On the 16th ult.,
while washing at a branch near her re-
sidence, her two eldest children (boys)
were bitten by a rattlesnake. Their
screams attracted her attention and she
ran to their assistance, finding one al-
ready dead and the other barely able to
relate the circumstances. In her excite-
ment she had left her little girl just able
to walk, and while she was with her
boys, this child fell into the wash-tub,
and was drowned. Thus within a few
minutes was every child she had taken
from her.

Petroleum a Cure for Hog Cholera.

The following letter published in the
Hartsville Vedette communicates very
important information:

Editor VEDETTE: It has lately been
ascertained by an undoubted test that
petroleum oil in its crude state is a cer-
tain cure for hog cholera. A very worth-
while and reliable citizen of Jackson coun-
ty, Tennessee, Parson Thaddeus C.
Quarles, has lately applied the above
remedy with complete success. I re-
ceived my information from him in per-
son, and can rely upon and vouch for
every word he says. Parson Quarles,
some days ago, having on hand about
125 head of hogs, they were attacked
by the cholera in its worst form. Every
one of his hogs that took the disease
died, and his valuable stock of hogs
were being fast swept away by the dread
disease. The parson had heard from
some one that petroleum oil was a rem-
edy for the disease and came to the con-
clusion to give it a trial.

esboro Landing where some of the
Spring Creek Oil in its crude state was
stored, preparatory to being sent to
market, and procured one gallon of oil
and carried it home. When he arrived
at home several of his hogs were affect-
ed with the disease. He put some of
the oil on corn and fed it to them. At
the next feeding his hogs that were sick
seemed to be better. He fed them in
this way three or four times, and the
result was that every one of his hogs
that were sick when he commenced ap-
plying the remedy, got well and not one
has taken the disease since. His hogs,
he informs me, are now all healthy and
sound, and doing well. I give this in-
formation to the public because I regard
it important. It is worth a trial to say
the least of it.

Respectfully, etc.,
R. A. COX.

Gainesboro, Sept. 16th, 1867.

MEDICAL AUTHORITIES have announced that
not less than one-fifth of the entire popu-
lation of the United States are afflicted with
Neuralgia in some form. Surely the man who
can safely remove such a vast aggregate of
pain is a great public benefactor. Such is
Doctor Turner, of Boston, in Massachusetts.
His "UNIVERSAL NEURALGIA PILLS" is pronoun-
ced on all hands, to be an entirely harmless
and perfectly certain remedy for this most
torturing of all known diseases.
See advertisement in another column.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will
send (free of charge,) to all who desire it, the
prescription with the directions for making
and using the simple remedy by which he
was cured of a lung affection and that dread
disease Consumption. His only object is to
benefit the afflicted and he hopes every suffer-
er will try this prescription, as it will cost them
nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please
address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburg, New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from
Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all
the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for
the sake of suffering humanity, send free to
all who need it, the recipe and directions for
making the simple remedy by which he was
cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the ad-
vertiser's experience, can do so by addressing,
in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York.

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxu-
riant growth of hair upon a bald head or
beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the
skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beauti-
ful, can be obtained without charge by ad-
dressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
823 Broadway,
New York.

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH \$25 00 to \$35 00 a Set.
Warranted to fit and of best quality.

Teeth filled and warranted \$1 00 to \$3 00.
Teeth pulled scientifically, from many years'
experience. Irregularities and diseases of the
teeth properly treated by H. T. SPALDING, at
W. C. Land's, Corner Public Square,
Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 26, 1867.

IMPORTANT

TO

COTTON PLANTERS.

Under present regulations, parties can ob-
tain Permits from Assessors to ship cotton
from one District to another, without prepay-
ing the tax, by consigning the cotton to the
Collector of District to which cotton is ship-
ped.

I will pay the tax on all cotton thus con-
signed to "C. B. Andrews," Collector, Sel-
ma, Ala., if so instructed by consignors.
Messrs. Smith & Riddle, Oxford, will store
and ship all cotton consigned to me from that
depot, free of charge to shippers.

A liberal patronage is solicited.
ABNER WILLIAMS,
Selma, Oct. 21, 1867.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,

GROCERY

AND

Commission Merchants.

OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assort-
ment of choice Groceries, for sale on the
most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the
Tax on Cotton and attend to its ship-
ment to the best houses in Selma, Mo-
bile or New Orleans.

Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

ALL persons indebted to the old firm of
C. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Mor-
gan, are earnestly requested to come forward
and make payment.

Through Rates Freight

ON COTTON.

FROM

FROM GREENSBORO & GADSDEN, ALA.
VIA ROME, Ga. & CHARLESTON, S. C.

TO NEW YORK, per Bale of 500
lbs. or under, \$8 30.

THROUGH bills Lading given, necessary
permits to accompany, and cotton tag-
ged. No insurance necessary on Rail Roads
from Rome to Charleston.—Agents of the
different lines will attend to receiving and
forwarding. To prevent extra charges for
reloading Cotton in transit, shippers will save
by putting their Cotton in perfect order.
Would recommend the bales, should be well
covered with bagging.

M. ELLIOTT,

Supt. Coast Steamboat Line.

C. M. PENNINGTON,
Eng. & Supr. Rome R. R.

J. B. PECK,
M. T. W. & A. R. R.

E. W. COLE,
Gen. Ga. R. R.

H. T. BEAKE,
Supt., S. C. R. R.

R. & E. FULLER,
R. & E. Agt., Charleston, S. C.

Oct. 19, 1867.—54.

BLANK DEEDS,

ROME

STEAM ENGINE

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

ROME, Ga.

NORLES & MITCHELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable
STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power
Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cyl-
inder BOILERS,

Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks
BLAST PIPES,

COTTON PRESSES,
SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR
Rolling Mills,

Blast Furnaces,
Railroads,

Saw & Grist-mills, &c
CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.
Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive
and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery
For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;
All kinds of Machinery and
BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New
and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAIL-
ROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS,
FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND
MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to
their interest to send us their orders. We use
only the best material and do our work well.
We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at
our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the
same work can be imported, or done at any
other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and
the large contracts we have heretofore filled,
will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NORLES & MITCHELL,
JAS. NORLES, SR., Thos. P. MITCHELL, Cash.

JOHN W. NORLES, Master Mechanic & Draughts-
man. NORLES, GEORGE NORLES,
SAMUEL NORLES, Superintendent.

July 21, 1866.

ATTENTION:

Notice to Debtors.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Ste-
venson & Pinson, either by note or ac-
count, are earnestly requested to come for-
ward without delay and make payment.

We sold you Goods at cash prices on short
time, for your accommodation, and you
ought to see to it, that we are not disap-
pointed, and our business impeded by your
neglect and delay. We need money and
must have it; and know of no other or bet-
ter way to obtain it, than from those who
owe us.

STEVENSON & PINSON.
Jacksonville, July 6, 1867.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned, respectfully
inform the public that they are
prepared to execute Blacksmith
work of every description, in the neatest and
most durable manner, and at prices as favor-
able as any other workmen. Their shop is
near the Stage Stable, on the west side of Main
street, south of the public square. One of us
formerly worked with Mr. A. Adams, to
whom he refers for information relative to
his ability to do good and faithful work.

Tenues cash, or produce at market price.
STEPHEN L. McLEAN,
STEPHEN L. HOKB.

Jacksonville, June 29, 1867.

House-Carpenters and

Millwrights.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
citizens of Jacksonville and surround-
ing country, that they are prepared to exe-
cute promptly, and in the neatest and most
durable manner, all kinds of Housecarpenter
and Millwright work, upon terms as low as
can be engaged elsewhere. One of them learned
the trade with Mr. J. J. Alderholt, and
the other with Mr. E. G. Morris, both known
to be first class workmen.

Their shop is on Grove street Jacksonville.
Patronage respectfully solicited, and perfect
satisfaction with work guaranteed.

GEORGE ROWLAND,
JOHN BUSH.

Sep. 14, '67.

For the Republican.]

DOWN THE RIVER.

By FRED VERNON.
Life is but a river,
Upon whose tide we swiftly glide.

Over the tide we swiftly sail,
Onward we glide before the gale;
Mournfully now the winds do wail,
Down the river of time;
Threatening clouds above us rise,
Hiding from view cerulean skies,
Down the river of time.

Storm upon storm comes o'er our way,
Bringing to us a sad, dark day,
Shutting from view our hopes, bright ray,
Down the river of time;
Down the river of time;
Pilgrims are bowing weekly round,
Looking above, where hope is found,
Down the river of time.

Fearful, with awe our hearts now fill,
Faithful, we yield to God's own will,
Christ, to the deep, speaks: "Peace, be still!"

Down the river of time;
Down the river of time;
Down the river of time;
Down the river of time.

Onward, so smooth, we drift once more,
Beacons of light hang just before,
Weeks, here and there, lie on the shore,
Down the river of time;
Down the river of time;
Many who launched out on the wave
Faithless, have found a dark, deep grave,
Down the river of time.

Thus, upon life's dark misty tide,
Tempests will come our hopes to hide—
Faith in our Lord must be our guide,
Down the river of time;
Down the river of time;
Thus if we pray, when faint and weak,
Strength will He give to all who seek,
Down the river of time.

Jacksonville, Ala. Oct. 21st, 1867.

The Issue Involved in the Ohio Contest.

In forming an estimate of the significance of the Radical loss of nearly fifty thousand votes in a single year in Ohio, it is necessary that we should understand the issues upon which the contest for power there was joined. A few weeks ago, we republished Mr. Pendleton's inaugural speech. Below we give an extract from a very able address delivered at McConnellsville, Ohio, Sept. 27th, by Hon. D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana, only regretting our inability to reproduce the whole speech.

Selma Messenger.

After an able and exhaustive analysis of the infamous policy of reconstruction adopted by Congress, which was denounced in the strongest possible terms, Mr. Voorhees said:

"Having thus discussed the Congressional policy in some of its features, let me discuss it in another which presents itself with great force to the laboring, tax-paying men of this country. You have got this policy; it is a fact fixed upon the country. You have negro suffrage under it throughout the South; you have negro supremacy in many of the States, and these principles are spreading to the State of Ohio. Now, if there is a Radical here, or in the State of Ohio, who looks upon this policy with approval or simply with indifference, let me ask him if he is aware of how much it is costing him in money, in dollars and cents? There are many things that look well in the abstract, but if they should prove to be very expensive their appearance would materially change. You may be in love with this Congressional policy, but do you know how much expense it is to the country? The bill is rendered to you, and you pay it. The tax-gatherer comes and gives you the account and tells you to settle it. He receipts it. What is the tax-gatherer's bill upon the nation? The Congressional policy requires a standing army covering five military districts, to enforce negro suffrage at the point of the bayonet. That's the use made of the standing army. Who pays for it? Here comes in the point for the Radical tax-payer. You have got negro suffrage; yes, and you pay for it.

The standing army makes negro suffrage throughout the South, and the standing army cost you money. Well, says one, 'how much?' We hadn't thought of that? Let me tell you in a quiet way. In his last report, the Secretary of War estimated that the expense of the army this year would be about \$285,000,000. I was in Congress long enough to know that all such estimates are always under instead of over, and, instead of \$285,000,000, we may safely conclude that taxes to the amount of \$300,000,000 a year will have to be collected to support this standing army, with which to enforce the Congressional policy of reconstruction in the South. Three hundred millions of dollars is an immense sum of money—you can hardly estimate how much. During Mr. Buchanan's administration, and when he had the Mormon war upon his hands the whole expense of the Government was about \$85,000,000 a year for all purposes, for civil purposes as well as military—but little more than one-fourth of what the single item of Congressional policy now costs this people. Yet a storm was raised against Mr. Buchanan, and the country was stirred to a degree of excitement never till that time known, because, it was said, he was profligate and was spending too much of the people's money. Mr. Wade, Mr. Sherman and the rest of the politicians of Ohio, how is this thing? Tell the people

sum to carry out this policy. A policy will carry itself if it is just and right. You are paying this to elevate the black man, to enfranchise him to give power to him, to send him to Congress to make laws for you. You are not only thus degrading yourselves, but you are footing the bill at the same time. But this is not all. This black race is so wise that it ought, in Radical estimation, to govern the country; so wise that it ought to vote here in Ohio; so elevated and so loyal that it must control States; and yet, in the same breath, it is admitted that you must feed and clothe the negro out of your pockets, by supporting the enormity called the Freedmen's Bureau—a part of the Congressional policy of reconstruction. This is a measure that taxes white laborers to feed and clothe the black loafers. The Freedmen's Bureau is costing the people of this nation \$55,000,000 a year. Add this sum which you pay to clothe and feed this inferior race to idleness while it does the voting, to the \$300,000,000 that sustains the standing army to protect the negro in the right to vote, and you have the sum of \$355,000,000 a year for the Congressional policy. There are just 365 days in a year, and a million of dollars a day is the tax-gatherer's bill for the benefit of the negro of the South.

Nothing can add to or diminish the strength of this statement. It is the truth, the ever living truth, that I am proclaiming in the ears of a tax-ridden and much abused people. He who cannot dig a living out of the face of the earth, deserves not a living upon the bosom of his mother earth; and if the black man cannot work for his food and clothes I will not say, let him starve, for we would feed him in charity, but it is not a supposable case that he cannot work. He can work; he is said to be a "man and brother." I will go with the radical part of the way, and agree that he is a man, and has thumbs and sinews and stout bone and muscle, and can work as well as the white man. No Freedmen's Bureau was made to assist you pioneers of Ohio when you came here fifty years ago. You came here with your wives, then young and blooming, when the wilds of Ohio were unbroken. No Freedmen's Bureau helped you along; you toiled for your bread. How changed are affairs now. On the fertile plains of the South today, with the fruitful sun shining down upon them, inviting the stalwart arm of labor, high wages are paid. Why shall not the negro there work as you worked here? Why not be done at once, and forever, with this most infernal and intolerable nuisance called a Freedmen's Bureau? Strike off \$53,000,000 there. My friend down there, in a brochure that has always been sweet to my ears, says that he thought Ireland was the only country that had ever been tax-ridden and oppressed to such an extent. No; no people under the shining course of the sun pay as much taxes as you pay. The enormous sums that I have yet to speak of, added to those I have mentioned, show you to be the most heavily taxed people on the face of the entire earth. The standing army of France costs not as much as yours. The armies of England whose boast it is that the sun never goes down upon her drum-beat—that oppresses Ireland, and holds the East in her iron grasp—do not tax her people so heavily as our standing army taxes the American people. The czar of Russia, the great bear of the North, with one paw menacing Europe, and the other Asia, with all his military strength does not grind his serfs so cruelly as our present policy under our military commanders, grinds this people. I do not mention the military commanders to denounce them. I am denouncing the law that called them into being; I am denouncing the law that costs \$500,000,000 a year to overthrow America's liberty in nearly one-half of your country.

You have a mighty financial question before you. I do not pretend to be the greatest financier in the country. I make no professions upon that subject at all. But there are certain great, bold, plain facts that you and I can talk about here to day, in plainness and simplicity, as we would around the fireside. During the war we became deeply indebted. The public debt now amounts to about \$2,600,000,000. A large portion of it, nearly \$2,000,000,000, is in what I may call the people's promissory notes. They are generally known as government bonds. What is a government bond? It is a paper issued by the government, by your representatives in behalf of you, the people, upon your credit and your credit alone, and is your note, made, executed and signed by your agents at Washington, to pay so much money in a certain length of time. You have nearly \$2,000,000,000 of these notes out, that some day or other, in some way or other you or your posterity will have to pay. Gentlemen of Ohio, men of Morgan county, you are in debt. You farms are all mortgaged, every foot and acre that you own is mortgaged, to pay your notes that are out. They are called bonds, but they are simply your promises to pay. They are in the hands of a certain class of men. They bear heavy interest—two a year the tax-gatherer comes to collect from you; yes, he is about you every day. You pay taxes in every form. The tax-gatherer is invisible; he is about you all the time; you pay taxes on the bonds while you eat, and while you wear out your clothes; even while you sleep you are paying taxes on this mighty debt. Remember the tax you are paying now does not reduce the principal; it only pays the interest.

"You will say at once, 'that is an appalling spectacle for us and for our children.' You are right. It is an appalling spectacle. You are paying this to elevate the black man, to enfranchise him to give power to him, to send him to Congress to make laws for you. You are not only thus degrading yourselves, but you are footing the bill at the same time. But this is not all. This black race is so wise that it ought, in Radical estimation, to govern the country; so wise that it ought to vote here in Ohio; so elevated and so loyal that it must control States; and yet, in the same breath, it is admitted that you must feed and clothe the negro out of your pockets, by supporting the enormity called the Freedmen's Bureau—a part of the Congressional policy of reconstruction. This is a measure that taxes white laborers to feed and clothe the black loafers. The Freedmen's Bureau is costing the people of this nation \$55,000,000 a year. Add this sum which you pay to clothe and feed this inferior race to idleness while it does the voting, to the \$300,000,000 that sustains the standing army to protect the negro in the right to vote, and you have the sum of \$355,000,000 a year for the Congressional policy. There are just 365 days in a year, and a million of dollars a day is the tax-gatherer's bill for the benefit of the negro of the South.

sand six hundred millions of dollars is an immense sum of money, amounting, according to an estimate I saw the other day, to a large sum to each voter, and then for each man, woman and child in the United States. I will not go into these minutiae. You will ask me how these men received your notes. When your currency was deranged, and in order to induce the people to purchase these notes, a law was passed by which they should pay no taxes upon the government bonds that they held. The deranged state of the currency enabled them to buy these bonds at rates of from forty to sixty cents on the dollar. If today the people should repudiate the entire public debt—which I am not for, but opposed to—the bond-holders, by the interest they have already received, would be paid nearly, if not quite, all that the bonds originally cost them.

The remedy proposed by Mr. Voorhees was that the bond-holders should pay taxes upon their bonds.

If they will not submit to taxation, what then am I for? I am then for doing what all nations have had to do before, that is, to reduce the rate of interest. Our debts bear an average interest now of six per cent. I am for reducing it to three per cent. if no further. One half of your interest shall go, you bond-holders, if you won't pay taxes. If you won't pay taxes, we won't pay interest. We will send you only half of what you send for in-kind of all of it. What do you think of that, then? That is a way of lessening the burden just one half. If they won't submit to that and keep the power, there comes another method by which this thing can be done. Let us commence paying their bonds as they fall due, in the same kind of money that they make you take for whatever you own in this world.

Hemlock Leather & Kerosene Oil.—Any person wishing to purchase a good article of Hemlock Leather and Kerosene Oil, can do so by applying to J. M. Carroll, west side of the public square.

Several varieties of Dromgoole & Co.'s valuable Medicines can now be obtained at the Jacksonville Drug Store.

New Sewing Machine.—We examined the other day a new Sewing Machine, manufactured by Bliss & McCallister, of Louisville, Ky. This is called the "Common Sense Family Sewing Machine," and comes nearer being what the name indicates, than any of the machines we have ever examined, by its simplicity of construction, its durability, and freedom from complication and liability to get out of order, and if it should, can easily be understood in all its parts, and repaired or put in order by any lady using it. It works smoothly, neatly and rapidly, and is warranted by the manufacturers to perform good work for three years. It is cheap and we have little doubt but it will be found more useful and valuable than many descriptions of machines which cost more than three times its price.

Mr. J. M. Forbes, of Oxford, is agent for the sale of these machines in this State, and will take the names of persons who may desire them, and deliver the machines at any specified time. Mr. F. will pass through the country, and exhibit a model machine, and in his absence, a note addressed to him at Oxford will be attended to.

THE MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

A New Feature.

Having determined, in addition to the usual political, miscellaneous and local matter, to devote a column daily and a page weekly, to the promotion of the Agricultural, Stock Raising, Domestic and Sporting interests of Alabama, we respectfully solicit contributions or correspondence on these topics. There being no other paper in the State giving special attention to this department, we will, in our absence, receive the same with pleasure and support of those interested.

The policies of the *Advertiser* are thoroughly independent and conservative, dealing justly and fairly with all men, and holding itself above all factions and all parties, for the good of the State and country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.
One copy, one month \$ 1 00
" " three months 2 50
" " six months 5 00
" " twelve months 10 00

WEEKLY.
One copy, three months \$ 1 50
" " six months 2 50
" " twelve months 4 00
Six copies twelve months sent to one Post office address 20 00
Ten copies twelve months sent to one Post office address 30 00

Clubs received for six months at the foregoing rates.
All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance; and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

REID & SCREWS,
Editors and Proprietors.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAS returned and re-opened his office at No. 8, Office Row, Jacksonville Ala. He will practice in Calhoun, the adjoining County, the District Court of the United States at Huntsville and the Supreme Court of the State at Montgomery.

Any business confided to his care will be promptly and vigilantly attended to.

Feb. 7, 1867.

Bargains, Bargains.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are earnestly requested to give him a call, and if you cannot pay, talk about it. You may forget small matters after awhile. You have doubtless known it to be the case—'Come and let us reason together.'

D. P. GUNNELS.

SELMA Advertisements.

Woolsey, Walker, & Co.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,

SELMA and MOBILE.
Are prepared to advance Bagging, Rope, Ties, Supplies & Money to their friends, and to sell at the highest market price all Cotton and Produce consigned to them at either SELMA or MOBILE.
Sept. 7, 1867.—3m.

CHILLS AND FEVER.
Can the Chills be cured in every instance without affecting the head? Is there no medicine that will satisfy our people, that will permanently eradicate all forms of Chills and Fever? Yes, it can be done. What is its name and where can it be had?

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
KING OF CHILLS

Is to-day, the most worthy and substantial Chills medicine now before the Southern people. It never fails to give the most perfect satisfaction in every respect. Every plantation should buy one dozen bottles at a time.

BILLIOUS FEVER
Which is so common on all our rivers, lakes, bayous, swamps, etc can be easily cured by using our "King of Chills" which immediately arouses the Liver, cleanses the Stomach, opens the Bowels, and never fails to cure the worst forms of Chills and Fever. Chills are so easily cured by its use, that it is folly to suffer any longer.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
English Female Bitters,

A beautiful medicinal compound, prepared by a class of regular and experienced physicians who have been practicing medicine in the South for twenty years.

This Female Regulator is a powerful Uterine Tonic, arousing the Womb to a healthy action, thereby curing painful, suppressed or irregular menstruation, falling of the Womb, Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ulceration and Irritability of the Womb, Swelling and Giddiness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Sick Headache, Ovarian Disease, Derangement of the Kidneys and Bladder, and all those peculiar complaints affecting

FARMERS & PLANTERS
Everywhere could save much time and money among their hands by keeping a constant supply of King of Chills on hand, as it makes quick and permanent cures without affecting the head, and is a powerful tonic to prevent a return.

We appeal to all who suffer with chills.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
English Female Bitters,

Read a few extracts from letters.
"English Female Bitters cured me of falling of the Womb." "My wife carried six bottles to Pine Bluff, two bottles cured her of Leucorrhoea and she sold the remainder."

"Send one bottle English Female Bitters for Palpitation and Sick Headache." "Three bottles of English Female Bitters cured my wife of Painful Menstruation." "O, I feel so much better after using English Female Bitters, it strengthens me." "Four bottles of English Female Bitters cured my wife of Ulceration of the Womb."

BLOOD and BONES
Are composed of certain materials which become greatly changed from the effects of many constitutional diseases, such as Skin Diseases, Eruption on the Face; broken down Constitutions, Shattered Nerves, Effects of Mercury, Scrofula, Glandular Tumors and Swellings, and Ulcers, and Sores of long standing and all that class of diseases where the blood has become impure, and this condition of your blood must be changed, altered, before you can expect to get well, and for this purpose nothing is better than

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH

Which immediately purifies the blood and restores health.
This Blood Purifier is composed of Stillinger, Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Burdock and Judite Potash, and all persons know them to be good, all physicians say so, as well as those who speak from experience.

KIDNEY and BLADDER
Affections which are so common among all classes in the Southern climate, are immediately cured by the use of Dromgoole & Co.'s Fluid Extract

Bearberry, Cubebs and Buchu

It will cure Retention or Non-Retention of Urine, Gravel, Thick or Milky Urine, Billiousity of Urinating, Pain in the Back, Bloody Urine, Micturition and Evil Habits of Disposition or Early Abuses, Loss of Power and Memory, affecting old or young, male or female.

Use Great Southern Preparations.

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J. G. BELL & BRO., COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited.
Sept. 8, 1866.

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MRS. M. E. ROWLAND. WILL open on Monday the 14th Oct., Her Stock of

Millinery;
At first door East of Copeland's Store.
Comprising almost every useful article indispensable for Ladies use.

She has secured the services of MISS McKENZIE, a superior Dress Maker and Milliner. Dresses, Cloaks, Saques, Faltots, cut and fit, at very reasonable prices. HATS & BONNETS altered and Trimmed.

I will keep constantly supplied with latest patterns, and good assortment of Trimmings for Dresses and Cloaks.

Hope to receive the encouragement of my friends.
Oct. 12, 1867.

E. L. WOODWARD, Is Receiving his Stock of Fall and Winter

GOODS,
Which he offers as cheap as can be afforded.

His Assortment is General.
If you consider him worthy of patronage, he will be pleased to receive it, and duly appreciate any favors received.

—Terms, Cash. Oct. 12, 1867.

REDUCED RATES. THE MONTGOMERY MAIL, ISSUED

Daily and Weekly.
AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.

By J. CARL GIBSON & Co.,
Proprietors.

JOSEPH HODGSON, J. F. WHITEFIELD, Editors.

The proprietors of the Mail take pleasure in announcing that they have materially increased the Rates of Advertising and Subscription, to-wit:

On and after the first day of June, 1867, rates of Subscription and Advertising will be as follows:

TERMS OF THE DAILY MAIL.

Twenty months \$10 00
Six months 5 00
Three months 2 00
One month 1 00
Two weeks 70
One week 40
Single copies 10

Newspapers and Dealers will be furnished at the rate of 60 cents per dozen.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY MAIL

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.

One copy, 1 year \$4 00
One copy, 6 months 2 50
Clubs of Ten, one year 40 00
Clubs of Twenty, one year 60 00

All subscriptions to the paper are discontinued so soon as the time expires for which payment has been made, unless renewed.

THE MAIL HAS A CIRCULATION IN ALABAMA UNRIVALED BY ANY OTHER NEWSPAPER, and is rapidly on the increase. It is the OFFICIAL ORGAN of the City of Montgomery, and, since the first day of January last, has been awarded the publication of the list of letters in accordance with the law, requiring this list to be published in the paper having the

LARGEST CIRCULATION.

In Politics, the MAIL is a fearless and independent advocate of CONSTITUTIONAL CONSERVATIVE UNION PRINCIPLES.

The DAILY MAIL contains all the latest telegraphic and general intelligence, full proceedings of legislative bodies, &c., while the WEEKLY MAIL, being one of the Largest Sheets in the South, is filled with reading matter on every subject, embracing all the current news of the week.

Subscriptions, Advertising and Job Printing Solicited.



POETRY.

TO DELINQUENT SUBSCRIBERS.

Should you ask why this dunning,
Why these sad complaints and murmurs,
Who have read the paper weekly,
Read what they have never paid for.
Read with pleasure and with profit,
Read of state affairs and prospects,
Read of news both home and foreign,
Read the essays and the poems,
Full of wisdom and instruction,
Read the fascinating stories
Faithfully inserted weekly:

Should you ask why this dunning,
We should answer, we should tell you—
From our grocer, from our butcher,
From Sam Taylor paper-maker,
From our land lord—lots of others,
From the man who takes the letters
With a stamp from Uncle Samuel—
Uncle Sam, the rowdies call him.
From them all there comes a message—
Message kind, but firmly spoken,
"Please to pay us what you owe us."

Sad it is to hear such message,
When our funds are all exhausted,
When the last greenback has left us,
When the gold coin all has vanished,
Gone to pay the paper-maker,
Gone to pay the toiling printer,
Gone to pay the landlord tribute,
Gone to pay the faithful mailer,
Gone to pay old Uncle Samuel—
Uncle Sam, the rowdies call him.

Sad it is to turn our ledger,
Turn the leaves of our old ledger,
Turn and see what sums are due us;
Due for years of pleasant reading,
Due despite our patient waiting,
Due despite our constant dunning,
Due in sums from two to twenty.

Would you lift a burden from us?
Would you drive a spectre from us?
Would you taste a pleasant slumber?
Would you have a quiet conscience?
Would you read a paper paid for?
Send us payment—send us payment,
Send the payment that you owe us!

THE MEETING.

I met her in the quiet lane
One Sabbath morning early;
The sun was bright, although the rain
Still glittered on the barley.
The lark was singing to his mate,
The wild bells chimed their warning,
We paused awhile outside the gate,
We lingered till it was too late
To go to church that morning.

Again we met The whispering leaves
Glanced nigh in sight and shadow;
The reapers piled the yellow sheaves;
The bees humm'd o'er the meadow,
The royal sun rose up in state,
Our marriage day adorning;
The bells rung out; wide stood the gate,
And neither of us was too late
To go to church that morning.

THE KIND-HEARTED TANNER.

The following incident is so beautiful
and touching, that it should be read by
every household in the country. It de-
velops the true, active principles of
kindness. How many a man, making
his first step in crime, might be rede-
mmed by the exercise of this sublime trait
in the character of the kind-hearted
Quaker.

Wm. Savory, an eminent mini-ster among
the Quakers, was a tanner by trade.
One night a quantity of hides were
stolen from his tannery, and he had
reason to believe that the thief was
a quarrelsome, drunken neighbor called
John Smith. Next week the following
advertisement appeared in the county
newspaper:

"Whoever stole a quantity of hides
on the fifth of this month, is hereby in-
formed that the owner has a sincere
wish to be his friend. If poverty
tempted him to take this false step, the
owner will keep the affair secret, and
will gladly put him in the way of ob-
taining money by means more likely to
bring peace of mind!"

This singular advertisement attracted
considerable attention, but the culprit
alone knew who had made the kind of-
fer. When he read it his heart melted
within him, and he was filled with sorrow
for what had done. A few nights af-
terwards, as the tanner's family were
about retiring to rest, they heard a tim-
id knock, and when the door was open-
ed, there stood John Smith, with a load
of hides upon his shoulders. Without
looking up, he said:

"I have brought these back Mr.
Savory; where shall I put them?"

"Wait till I get a lantern, and I will
go to the barn with thee," he replied,
"then thou wilt come in and tell me how
this happened. We will see what can
be done for thee."

As soon as they were gone out, his
wife prepared some hot coffee, and placed
pies and meat on the table. When
they returned from the barn, she said:
"Neighbor Smith, I thought some
hot supper would be good for thee."

He turned his back towards her, and
did not speak. After leaning against the
fire-place in silence for a few mo-
ments, he said in a choked voice:

"It is the first time I ever stole any-
thing, and I have felt very badly about
it. I'm sure I didn't once think that I
should ever come to what I am. But
I took to drinking, and then to quarrel-
ing. Since I began to go down hill ev-
erybody gives me a kick. You are the
only one who has ever been kind to me."

hand. My wife is sick and my children
starving. You have sent them many a
meal. God bless you! but yet I stole
the hides. But I tell you the truth
when I say it is the first time I was
ever a thief."

"Let it be the last, my friend," re-
plied Wm. Savory. "The secret lies
between ourselves. Thou art still
young, and it is in thy power to make
up for lost time. Promise me thou wilt
not drink any intoxicating liquor for a
year, and I will employ thee to-morrow
on good wages. Thy little boy can pick
up stones. But eat a bit now, and
drink some hot coffee; perhaps it will
keep thee from craving anything strong-
er to-night. Doubtless thou wilt find it
hard to abstain at first; but keep up a
brave heart for the sake of thy wife
and children, and it will soon become
easy. When thou hast need of coffee,
tell Mary and she will give it to thee."

The poor fellow tried to eat and drink
but the food seemed to choke him. Af-
ter vainly trying to be composed he
bowed his head on the table, and wept
like a child. After a while he ate and
drank, and his host parted with him for
the night with the friendly words, "Try
to do well, John, and thou wilt always
find a friend in me." John entered his
employ the next day, and remained
with him many years, a sober, honest
and steady man. The secret was kept
between them; but after John's death,
William Savory sometimes told the story,
to prove that evil might be overcome
with good.

"I'm a gone sucker," as the boy said
when he was weaned.

"I never shot a bird in my life," said
a friend to an Irishman, who replied: "I
never shot anything in the shape of a
bird, but a squirrel, which I kill with a
stone, when it falls into the river and
is drowned."

Why are good resolutions like faint-
ing ladies? They want carrying out.

A laborer in an ice house down East,
was killed by a large lump of ice falling
on his head. Verdict of the jury—
"Died of hard drink."

"I want you to explain the points of
the compass. Bobby, what is the high-
est latitude known?"

"The highest latitude known is that
which Bill Jones allows to his feelings
when waltzing with our Bets."

"Now, what is before you, John?"

"The north, sir."

"And what behind you, Tommy?"

"My coat tail, sir."

"Joseph, where is Africa?"

"On the map, sir."

"I mean on what continent, the east-
ern or western?"

"Well, the land of Africa is on the
eastern continent, but the people all of
'em are down South."

"How do the American people live?"

"By drawing."

"By drawing what—water?"

"No, sir; by drawing their breath."

"Come here, Billy, and tell me what
the four seasons are."

"Pepper, mustard, salt and vinegar;
them is what ma seasons with."

"Geography class dismissed."

An old fellow in North Carolina,
who got drunk justified himself on the
ground that a pledge of abstinence he
had lately signed was without a stamp.

Influence and Poetry.

The Bureau man at Montgomery will
have an interesting time opening envel-
opes containing the votes of the freed-
men. Many of the newly enfranchised
sovereigns, after obtaining their tickets
already made out at the Bureau here
mailed them to the Bureau at Montgom-
ery. One sapient gentleman deposited
his ticket in the post office without the
envelope. Another, after drawing his
ticket, exclaimed, "Hurra for General
Pope and the Freedman's Bureau! I is
free as any white man. I is gwine
strait home and show dis ticket to my
wife, den I gwine to catch one big pos-
sum to-night."

"The squirrel's tail is long and thick,
And shaggy grows de hair—
The raccoon's tail is ringed aroun—
The possum's tail, hit's bare."

[Huntsville Independent.]

Something New, Useful and

Saleable!

Hawthurst's Soluble Blue and

Bleaching Powder.

"TABLE MANNA" for Family Use, "NAT-

"TIONAL WASHING FLUID," "STARCH

"POLISH," "MAGIC SOLDERING FLUID,"

"INDIAN PAIN ANNILATOR," "Good

"Samaritan's Liniment," Silver Solu-

"tion," &c. &c.

FAMILY RIGHTS FOR SALE

1000 Agents Wanted, Male

and Female.

A good reliable agent wanted in every town

to take entire control, for his neighborhood,

of several of the best, most saleable and pro-

fitable articles of every day life ever presented

to the public. Profits large—satisfaction

guaranteed. The right man or woman can

NEW WOOL FACTORY,

At McKibbin's old stand on
Choccoloco Creek, 7 1/2 miles be-
low Oxford and 2 1/2 above Mun-
ford. This Splendid Machinery

has been purchased with a view
to suit the wants of the Southern people, be-
ing clothed entirely with a superior quality
of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to
give satisfaction where the wool is properly
prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the
Depot at Munford and returned free of charge.
Our old friends and the public generally
are respectfully invited to call and examine
our machinery.
McKIBBIN & BROTHER.
June 22, 1867.—3m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.

THIS popular Summer resort having been
placed in thorough repair, and furnished
with new furniture, will be opened for visit-
ors on the 1st of June under the direction and
control of the undersigned proprietors of the
American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.
Montvale presents the strongest attractions
to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no
less on account of its retirement and the beau-
ty of its surrounding scenery, than of the re-
storative powers of its waters. We have re-
duced the price of board to the lowest figures
consistent with a proper provision for the en-
tertainment of our guests.
Board per day \$3 00, per week \$20 00,
per month \$60 00, with an allowance for
families. Travellers by rail reach the Springs
by special conveyance from Loudon, or by
regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville
Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

AMBROTYPES, &c.

E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)

Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood-
ward's Store. June 16, 1866

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.

A house containing four large rooms
and two entries, suitable for a boarding
house, with kitchen, smokehouse, and a
good garden, with choice fruit trees, and
well watered, will be rented on good
terms. For particulars enquire at this
office.
April 20, 1868.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!

The Home Comfort!

H. G. NOBLE,

DEALER IN

Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the
public that the above named COOK-
ING STOVES, which is rapidly
coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen
at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin
streets. Having the advantage of twenty-
five years' experience in the business, he can
safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as
being superior to any other ever offered in this
market. It is more convenient, durable and
economical, and therefore the most desirable.
Call and see for yourself.
H. G. NOBLE.

SPUN COTTON;

FOR SALE;

At Wholesale and Retail;

BY

E. L. WOODWARD.

Notice.

I AM preparing to go North for a Fall stock,
and shall need every dollar that has been
promised me at this time. I hope therefore
that none will fail to meet their engagements
promptly.
If you want cheap goods keep me in funds
and I will furnish them.
P. ROWAN.

Boarding.

FIVE or six young men, who may wish
to go to school or study a profession, ex-
traneous to a private family in this
place, with boarding, lodging, room, fire-
wood and lights, at \$15 per month, one in
or more taken in produce at the market price.
For further information, enquire at this Office.
Jacksonville, August 10, 1867.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

AND

Solicitors in Chancery,

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne,
Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in
the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U.
S. District Court, Northern and Middle Divi-
sion of Alabama.

LIVERY AND SALE

STABLE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
public, that they have procured the large
and commodious Livery stable recently kept
by Mr. J. H. Sargent, and will be prepared to
accommodate all persons who may wish to
hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle horses. They
will also feed transient horses and mules, and
be prepared to work Gardens and Patches,
and have Horses and Mules for sale upon ad-
vantageous terms to purchasers.
They will endeavor to be at all times pre-
pared to accommodate promptly those who
may desire their assistance, and therefore re-
spectfully solicit a liberal patronage.
R. H. WYNNE & CO.
Jacksonville, Feb. 2, 1867.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his
profession in all its branches.
Office, N. W. Corner of Public
Square,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1865.—4f.

Wheat Wanted.

100 Bushel of Wheat wanted, for
which the market price will be given
in cash, delivered at Woodward's or Car-

THE GREAT CAUSE

HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price
six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature
Treatment, and Radical Cure of
Seminal weakness, or Spermatorr-
hea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary E-
missions, impotency, Nervous Debility, and
Impediments to Marriage generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Menstrual & Physical
Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CUL-
VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admi-
rable Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical op-
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dials, pointing out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a Boon to
thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers—
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

NEW GOODS.

CALICOES,

DOMESTICS &c.

Just Received and For Sale by

WOODWARD

June 8, 1867.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.,

All the Cooking for a
family may be done with
Kerosene Oil, or Gas,
with less trouble, and at
less expense, than by any
other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is
guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
HP 206 PEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.

Principal Office, 616 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Ma-
chines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion
Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noise-
less in action. Its motion being all positive,
it is not liable to get out of order. It is the
best Family Machine! Notice is called to our
new and improved Manufacturing Machine,
or Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. A-
gents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will
be given. No consignments made.
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, ESQ., PRESIDENT
OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 19, 1867.

J. S. Thrasher Esq.:

Dear Sir—It affords me much pleasure to
communicate to you the following resolution of
the Southern Press Association:
Resolved, "That as a testimonial of our ap-
preciation for the zealous, faithful and effec-
tive service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as
Superintendent of this Association in years
past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this
Association, and confer upon him the com-
plimentary position of Agent of the Southern
Press Association in the City of New York."
The terms of commendation employed in
the above resolution do no more than justice
to your important services during your Super-
intendency—services which none can more
highly appreciate than myself. Should occa-
sion require, I shall be glad to avail myself
of the aid provided for by the resolution.
Very Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.

I would respectfully request every daily,
tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and monthly
journal, South of the Potomac, and Ohio
rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of lat-
itude West of the Mississippi, to publish this
advertisement twice, and send me at New
York, each time, a copy of the paper contain-
ing it, post paid, with bill for the same.

It is desirable in my combinations to se-
cure cheaper printing paper for our Southern
journals, that I shall have the fullest infor-
mation regarding the sizes of paper used in
the several publications, and I can procure it
in no other way than by requesting particu-
lar attention to the need of sending copy of
the publication with the bill.

I desire it sent twice to provide against mail
failures, and that they be postpaid to secure
post office delivery.

J. S. THRASHER,
Box 5393 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8 00 save d
24 Hours to Chattanooga & \$18 saved.

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866,
Trains on this road will run as follows:

Through Passenger & Freight Trains.

Passenger trains will leave Selma

daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M.

will arrive at Blue Mountain

(except Sunday) at 12 night

will leave Blue Mountain

(except Sundays) at 4 A. M.

will arrive at Selma (ex-

cept Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains, until Further Notice.

Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and

Fridays at 5:15 A. M.

And arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 P. M.

Will leave Blue Mountain Tues-

days, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.

Arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.

Passenger trains connect at Selma with
boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with
the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicks-
burg, New Orleans and the West. At Blue
Mountain they connect with Taylor, Gilmer
& Co's splendid line of Coaches from thence
to Rome, Ga. and thence by rail to Atlanta,
Gavannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all
points North and East.

Through fare from Selma to Kingston on
Western and Atlantic Railroad ONLY \$12 00
E. G. BARNEY,

GROVESTEE & CO.

Piano Forte Manufacturers,

499, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public and the trade
is invited to our New Scale, Seven
Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes,
which for volume and purity of tone are un-
rivalled by any hitherto offered in this mar-
ket. They contain all the modern improve-
ments—French grand action, harp pedal, iron
frame, over-strung bass, etc.—and each in-
strument being made under the personal su-
pervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEE, who has
a practical experience of over thirty years in
their manufacture, is fully warranted in every
particular.

The "Grovestee Piano-Forte"

Received the highest award of merit at the cel-
ebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the
best makers of London, Paris, Germany,
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York,
and also at the American Institute for five
successive years, the GOLD and SILVER MEALS
from both of which can be seen at our ware-
rooms.

By the introduction of improvements we
make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by
manufacturing largely, with a strict cash sys-
tem, are enabled to offer these instruments at
a price which will preclude all competition.
Our prices are from \$100 to \$200 cheaper
than any other first-class Piano-Forte.
Terms—Net cash in current funds.
Descriptive circulars sent free.

Jan. 12 1867—1y

PHOTOGRAPHY.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Mate-
rials,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of PHOTO-
GRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for
the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.

Of American and Foreign Cities and Lands-
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From negatives made in the various cam-
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history of the great contest.

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Adapted for either the Magic Lantern, or the
Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to
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